

BOARD OF ETHICS
OPEN SESSION MINUTES
MEETING OF AUGUST 15, 2022- 3:05 P.M.
740 North Sedgwick, Suite 500

BOARD MEMBERS PRESENT

William F. Conlon, Chair
Ryan Cortazar
Dr. Stephanie Cox-Batson
David L. Daskal
Norma Manjarrez
Hon. Barbara McDonald

STAFF PRESENT

Steven I. Berlin, Executive Director
Lisa S. Eilers, Deputy Director
Richard J. Superfine, Legal Counsel
Lauren Maniatis, Investigator/Attorney

GUESTS ATTENDING

Heather Cherone, WTTW
Pete Czosnyka, Citizen
"Say" Sabanagic, Citizen
Stephanie Snow, Office of Inspector General
Bryan Zarou, Better Government Association

The meeting was convened and conducted through the use of the Zoom remote video and audio meeting platform.

I. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

The Board VOTED 6-0 to approve the Open Session Minutes of the July 18, 2022 meeting.

II. CHAIR'S REPORT

The Chair again thanked the staff for its work, and noted how busy the office has been over the past four months. He also thanked the Better Government Association and now-retired Ald. Michele Smith, former Chair of the City Council's Committee on Ethics and Government Oversight, for their work in getting the amendments to the Ordinance passed last month, and that the package is strong, except for certain portions not added by the Board.

III. MEMBERS' REPORTS

None

IV. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The Executive Director commented that the number of complaints filed with the Board by members of the public has increased dramatically over the past 8 months. While many of these do not appear to involve the Ethics Ordinance, and/or require investigation, Board staff none the less answers each one, and will refer the complainant to the Office of Inspector General or to another agency that may be able to assist.

He also noted that Board staff will work with the Department of Assets, Information and Services and representatives from sister agencies to improve the contractor database, and include contractors of the Chicago Housing Authority and Public Building Commission. Persons who do business (or seek to) with these latter two agencies will become subject to the \$1,500 per candidate/per calendar year limitation beginning October 1, 2022.

A. Amendments to Ordinance

As has been widely reported, the package of amendments to the Governmental Ethics Ordinance and City Council Rules was approved by the City Council on July 20. It takes effect on October 1.

We have on our website a color-coded version of the Ordinance showing all changes made since January 2018. See <https://www.chicago.gov/content/dam/city/depts/ethics/general/Ordinances/GEO-2019-color%20through%20August%202022.pdf>

B. Education

On-line Training

For all employees and aldermen

To date, approximately 24,000 employees and 35 City Council members have completed the 2022 employees'/elected officials' training. This represents 75% of the expected City-wide total. This program must be completed before January 1, 2023; those who fail to complete it will be subject to penalties of \$250 per day until they do, and to their names and violations being made public. We are grateful to our colleagues at the Department of Human Resources for their invaluable assistance in migrating the training programs to the City's e-learning management platform, as well as assisting us with the sexual harassment portions of each year's training program. The migration enables users to take the training from *any* computer, including their home computers. Previous training programs were deliberately designed to be taken only from City computers, for security reasons.

For lobbyists

832 lobbyists completed the mandatory annual training, which was also posted on the City-wide e-learning system. The deadline was July 1, 2022. We found four (4) lobbyists in violation of the Ordinance for failing to timely complete it and assessed fines of \$200 per day, beginning July 18, and posted their names on-line, as required by law. Since then, one (1) completed the training and was fined \$1,200.

We will post an all-new lobbyist training in October.

For appointed officials

To date, 199 appointed officials have completed their training, which is 38.5% of the total. They have until the end of the year to complete it. As with the all-employee/elected official and lobbyist trainings programs, it is hosted on the City's e-learning platform. We are sending out regular reminders.

Classes and Other Presentations

We cancelled all in-person classes from March 2020 on. Given the course of the pandemic, we have extended all training deadlines accordingly. All Board classes and educational programs cover sexual harassment.

We are scheduled to conduct training for: 1) incoming laborers from the Department of Streets & Sanitation on August 19; 2) all Mayor's Office personnel on September 23; and 3) all COPA personnel on October 6.

C. Advisory Opinions

Since the Board's last meeting, we have issued 311 informal advisory opinions—another busy period. The leading categories for informal opinions were, in descending order: Gifts; Travel; Political Activity; City Property; Statements of Financial Interests; Post-employment; Lobbying; Outside Employment; and Conflicts of Interests.

The leading City departments from which requesters came in this period were, in descending order: City Council; Police Department/Civilian Office of Police Accountability (COPA)/Community Commission for Public Safety and Accountability (CCPSA); Office of Inspector General; Mayor's Office; Department of Law; Fire Department; Department of Aviation; and Department of Assets, Information and Services.

Informal opinions are not made public but are logged, kept, and used for training and future advisory purposes. This same practice occurs with our colleagues at the New York City Conflicts of Interest Board, who issue roughly the same number of informal opinions. They form the basis for much of our annual and periodic educational programs. Formal opinions are made public, in full text, with names and other identifying information redacted out.

In the past five (5) years, the Board has issued 65 formal opinions. There is one (1) formal opinion request on today's agenda, Case no. 22026.A.

D. Summary Index of Formal Advisory Opinions/Text of all Formal Advisory Opinions

The full text of every formal Board opinion issued since 1986 is posted on the Board's website (more than 915), redacted in accordance with the Ordinance's confidentiality provisions, here: https://www.chicago.gov/city/en/depts/ethics/auto_generated/reg_archives.html.

Redacted opinions are posted once issued by or reported to the Board. Summaries and keywords for each of these opinions are available on the Board's searchable index of opinions, here: <https://www.chicago.gov/content/dam/city/depts/ethics/general/Publications/AOindex.docx>. We are working to add to this document live links to the full text of each opinion.

Only a few other ethics agencies have comparable research tools. We are unaware of jurisdictions that make their *informal* opinions public—though others issue them confidentially and enable requesters to rely on them in the event of an investigation or enforcement.

E. 2022 Statements of Financial Interests

On February 28/March 1, as required by law, we notified 3,641 City employees and officials required to file 2022 Statements of their requirement to file and provided the link to file electronically. Since then, 109 individuals were added as filers by their departments: new hires, and those whose positions were re-classified into titles requiring them to file. Note: as new filers are added by each department as new hires or promotions are made, these newly added filers receive their notice to file within 24 hours of being added to the system.

The filing deadline for the original 3,641 was May 2. As of today, we have found 102 officials and employees in violation of the Ordinance, and fined them a total of \$40,600. There remains just one (1) employee who has not yet filed. We have sent letters to the Department Heads and City Council members for whom those found in violation work, and to the Office of Intergovernmental Affairs, requesting that they report back to us on what disciplinary action they have taken. Nearly all have.

F. Statements of Financial Interests filed by Candidates for Elected City Office

The Ordinance requires that all candidates for elected City office file a Statement within five (5) days of qualifying as a candidate. Note that all currently serving elected officials running for re-election or for different offices from those they currently hold have filed. As soon as staff learns of new candidates, we inform them via certified and first class mail of their filing requirement. We post all candidates' forms on our website upon receipt, at this link: https://www.chicago.gov/content/city/en/depts/ethics/supp_info/CandidateFIS2023.html

All current employees or officials who have already filed in 2022 and who are candidates have their forms posted here: <https://webapps1.chicago.gov/efis/search>

G. Lobbyists Filings

Currently there are 812 registered lobbyists, and we have collected \$393,250 in registration fees. We post updated lists of all lobbyists and their clients and contact information about once each month, at this link: <https://www.chicago.gov/content/dam/city/depts/ethics/general/LobbyistStuff/LISTS/LobbyistList.xls>

2nd Quarter Lobbying Activity Reports were due by 11:59:59 p.m. on July 20. To date, all but six (6) have filed. The non-filers must file by midnight, August 22; those who do not will be found in violation of the Ordinance and fined \$1,000 per day beginning on August 23.

H. Personnel Rules Revisions

In conjunction with the Mayor's Office, Departments of Human Resources, Law, Buildings, Business Affairs and Consumer Protection, and others, we worked on updating the City Personnel Rules, which were last revised in 2014. In particular, we are assisting on revisions to Rule XXIX, entitled "Conflict of Interest," with respect to: (i) conforming the Rules to the current version of the Governmental Ethics Ordinance; and (ii) expanding that Rule to prohibit City employees from making certain recommendations as to the hiring of other City employees and to recommending vendors or tradespeople to persons who are subject to inspections, permit reviews, etc.

I. Department Consultations

In the last few months, we assisted the Department of Streets & Sanitation in revising its conflicts of interests policies with respect to recommending outside businesses to residents, at the request of the Mayor's Office and the Department's Commissioner.

We also are still working with the Commission on Human Relations to formulate a policy governing its employees' service on non-profit and other boards.

We also consulted with the Budget Office as to applicable ethics restrictions on the new Community Microgrants Program.

At the Mayor's directive we issued an ethics guide to evaluating and awarding CRP grants and contracts and as mentioned above, have offered each department a training session on the ethics guidelines.

J. Chicago Casino Bids

As was widely reported, the Mayor chose a casino operator. We issued guidance on lobbying to all elected officials recently, at her request, and we issued guidance on the restrictions in the Ordinance for the ~80 City employees and officials who worked on the process of selecting the Casino operator, also at her request. Board staff has worked closely with the Law Department, Mayor's Office, and the City's outside counsel (Taft, Stettinius and Hollister) to ensure that City officials and employees are informed of all reporting (and eventually, substantive ethics) requirements and prohibitions under the Illinois Gambling Act, 230 ILCS 10/1 et seq. Penalties for violating this law are severe: it is a Class 4 Felony under Illinois law, subjecting violators to fines up to \$25,000 and 1-3 years in prison. Note that the Gambling Act's reporting requirements are in addition to the restrictions in the City's Governmental Ethics Ordinance that would apply to those "applicants" who "communicate" with City officials or employees, such as the Ordinance's gifts restrictions and lobbyist registration requirements.

K. Waivers

Since July 1, 2013, the Board has had authority to grant waivers from certain provisions in the Ethics Ordinance. The Board has granted seven (7) and denied two (2). By law, we make all granted waivers public on our website. A waiver request is on today's agenda, in Case no. 22027.W.

L. Sister Agency Ethics Officers

We met on July 26 with the ethics officers from the other local governmental agencies: the Cook County Board of Ethics, Chicago Public Schools, Chicago Park District, Chicago Transit Authority, City Colleges of Chicago, Cook County Assessor's Office, Cook County Inspector General's Office (who are responsible for the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District), and the Chicago Housing Authority.

M. Summary Index of Board-Initiated Regulatory Actions/Adjudications/Pre-2013 Investigations

We post the summary index of all investigations, enforcement and regulatory actions undertaken by the Board since its inception in 1986 (other than those for violations of filing or training requirements or campaign financing matters). It includes an ongoing summary of all regulatory actions the Board undertook without an IG investigation. See <https://www.chicago.gov/content/dam/city/depts/ethics/general/EnforcementMatters/Invest-Index.pdf>

The Board makes public the names of all violators and penalties it assesses when authorized by law to do so. There have been, to date, 133 such matters. But only in those that occurred after July 1, 2013, can the Board release the names of those found to have violated the Ordinance. Since July 1, 2013, alone, there have been 62 such matters.

There is one (1) such matter on today's agenda: Case no. 22022.C.

N. Summary Index of Ongoing IG/LIG Investigations/Adjudications

There are currently no completed IG ethics investigations awaiting adjudication.

We post on our website and continually update an ongoing investigative record showing the status of every completed investigation brought to the Board by both the Office of Inspector General (13 since July 1, 2013) and the former Office of the Legislative Inspector General (“LIG”), since January 1, 2012, and the status of all 50 petitions to commence investigations presented to the Board by the LIG. We update it as appropriate, consistent with the Ordinance’s confidentiality provisions. See <https://www.chicago.gov/content/dam/city/depts/ethics/general/EnforcementMatters/PulbicScorecard.pdf>

Whenever the IG presents the Board with a completed ethics investigation in which the IG believes there have been violations of the Governmental Ethics Ordinance, the procedure that follows is governed by §2-156-385(3) and (4) of the Ordinance: the Board reviews the IG’s report, recommendations, and the entirety of the evidence submitted in its completed ethics investigation, including a review to ensure that the IG conformed with the requirement that it complete ethics investigations within two (2) years of commencing them (unless there is evidence that the subject took affirmative action to conceal evidence or delay the investigation), and that ethics investigations were commenced within five (5) years of the last alleged act of misconduct.

Then, if the Board finds that the evidence presented warrants a *prima facie* finding of probable cause to believe the subject violated the Ordinance, it notifies the subject of the allegations and affords the subject the opportunity to present written submissions and meet with the Board, together with an attorney or other representative present. The Ordinance provides that this meeting is *ex parte* – no one from the City’s Law Department or IG is present. Note that the Board may request clarification from the IG as to any evidence adduced in its investigation before making a probable cause finding (and indeed has done so). The Board cannot administer oaths at this meeting but can and does assess the subject’s credibility and the validity and weight of any evidence the subject provides.

If the subject does not rebut the Board’s *prima facie* probable cause finding, the Board may enter into a public settlement agreement—or the Board or subject may decide to proceed to a merits hearing that is not open to the public. That hearing would be held before an administrative law judge (ALJ) appointed by the Department of Administrative Hearings. The City would be represented by the Law Department (or a specially hired Assistant Corporation Counsel for that purpose), and the subject by their attorney. At the conclusion of the hearing, the ALJ submits findings of fact and law to the Board, which can accept or reject them, based solely on the written record of the hearing. The Board will then issue a public opinion in which it may find violations of the Ethics Ordinance, or find none, and impose appropriate fines.

The process may seem cumbersome. However, it was added to the Ordinance on July 1, 2013, based on specific recommendations of then-Mayor Emanuel’s Ethics Reform Task Force in Part II of its 2012 Report—the primary purposes being to: (i) guarantee due process for all those investigated by the IG (or former LIG); (ii) ensure that **only** the Board of Ethics could make determinations as to whether a person investigated by the IG violated the Ordinance, given the Board’s extensive jurisprudence and unique expertise in ethics matters; and (iii) balance due process for those investigated by the IG with an accurate adjudication by the Board and the public’s right to know of ethics violations.

On our website, we have a publication describing this process in detail: <https://www.chicago.gov/content/dam/city/depts/ethics/general/Publications/EnforceProcedures.pdf>

Note: fines range from \$500-\$2,000 per violation for non-lobbying law violations that occurred before September 29, 2019, and \$1,000-\$5,000 per violation for violations occurring after that, except for unregistered lobbying violations, the penalties for which are \$1,000 per day beginning on the fifth day after the individual first engaged in lobbying and continuing until the individual registers as a lobbyist.

Please note finally that, in all matters adjudicated or settled on or after July 1, 2013, the Board makes public the names of all violators and penalties assessed, or a complete copy of the settlement agreement. All settlement agreements are posted here: <https://www.chicago.gov/city/en/depts/ethics/provdrs/reg/svcs/SettlementAgreements.html>

O. Disclosures of Past Violations

July 2013 amendments to the Ordinance provide that, when a person seeks advice from the Board about past conduct and discloses to the Board facts leading it to conclude that they committed a past violation of the Ordinance, the Board must determine whether that violation was minor or non-minor. If it was minor, the Board, by law, sends the person a confidential letter of admonition. If it was non-minor, then, under current law, the person is advised that they may self-report to the IG or, if he or she fails to do so within two (2) weeks, the Board must make that report. In 11 matters, the Board has determined that minor violations occurred, and the Board sent confidential letters of admonition, as required by the Ordinance. These letters are posted on the Board's website, with confidential information redacted out.

P. Litigation

Lee v. City of Chicago. In June 2020, the City was sued in Cook County Circuit Court, Chancery Division, by a former City employee of the Civilian Office of Police Accountability (COPA). The case is *Jason W. Lee v. City of Chicago*, 2020 CH 04524. The plaintiff left City employment on February 28, 2020, and works as an attorney for the Policemen's Benevolent and Protective Association ("PBPA"). His suit alleges that the post-employment provisions of the Ordinance are unconstitutionally vague, and that the City is improperly attempting to regulate the practice of law by Illinois attorneys. It asked for a declaratory judgment and permanent injunction prohibiting the City from enforcing these restrictions against him. After the matter was briefed by both sides, on July 31, 2020, the Honorable Anna Demacopoulos denied the plaintiff's request for a temporary restraining order. The plaintiff was granted leave to file an amended complaint, and filed one, adding an as-applied constitutional challenge. The City moved to dismiss the entire matter. On February 25, 2021, Judge Demacopoulos granted the City's motion to dismiss concerning the facial challenge to sections 100(a) and (b) and also the as-applied challenge to section 100(a). The court, however, denied the motion concerning the as-applied challenge to section 100(b), but expressed concern that this claim may be moot. Count III was also dismissed; it asked for a declaratory judgment that, by enforcing the Ordinance, the City is violating PBPA members' right to "counsel of their choice." However, the court granted plaintiff leave to amend the complaint for all of the dismissed counts. Following the court's order on the City's motion to dismiss, the plaintiff was given leave to file an amended complaint, but he never did. Instead, he decided to move forward on the as-applied vagueness challenge to section 100(b) of the Ordinance. This is the only claim that survived the motion to dismiss. Judge Demacopoulos questioned whether this claim was moot in light of the expiration of the one year ban that applied to the plaintiff but left it up to the plaintiff whether he wanted to pursue the claim. Plaintiff may seek compensatory damages if he can prove that he suffered damage. The City filed its answer and affirmative defenses to the amended complaint on April 26, 2021. The plaintiff filed discovery requests. Board legal staff met with our attorneys in the Law Department and forwarded materials necessary to respond to these requests. There have been discussions regarding possible settlement of the matter as well, but the offer made by plaintiff to settle the matter was rejected.

Note: several PBPA members filed grievances under their collective bargaining agreement, alleging that their right “to counsel of their choice” was violated by COPA. These were settled on terms that do not affect the Governmental Ethics Ordinance’s post-employment provisions.

Brookins v. Board of Ethics, et al. This matter is assigned to the Honorable David Atkins in the Chancery Division of Cook County Circuit Court. The Board’s and my attorneys have moved to dismiss the entire lawsuit and have submitted briefs. We await a decision.

Czosnyka et al. v. Gardiner et al., docket number is 21-cv-3240. We and the City of Chicago are now dismissed out of this case. On June 17, six (6) individuals residing in the 45th Ward filed a lawsuit in United States District Court against 45th Ward Ald. James Gardiner and the City, alleging that their 1st Amendment rights were violated by the Ald.’s improper blocking of them on his “official” City social media accounts. The plaintiffs sought certification of a class of all those improperly blocked by the Ald. The suit also alleged that more than 20 complaints of improper blocking were filed with the Board and the IG, but the City “failed to take any action to reprimand Alderman Gardiner, although it has the power to do so,” and thus “acquiesced in [the Alderman’s] constitutional violations.” It seeks to have the plaintiffs reinstated as full participants in these social media accounts and unspecified damages. The case is before the Honorable Judge Sharon J. Coleman.

On October 26, 2021, Judge Coleman granted the City’s motion to dismiss it from the suit, and on January 12, 2022, denied the plaintiffs’ motion to reconsider her decision. Plaintiffs could appeal this decision to the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals. The residents sought to hold the City liable under the “failure to discipline” Monell theory of municipal liability. Specifically, they argued that the City should be held liable for failing to investigate Ald. Gardiner through the IG and also for failing to fine him through the Board of Ethics.

Note that Ald. Gardiner retained independent counsel and moved to dismiss the suit on the basis that the social media site does not constitute an “official City site.” On February 10, 2022, Judge Coleman denied that motion, writing that

“plaintiffs have plausibly alleged that Alderman Gardiner restricted their access to a public forum in violation of the First Amendment by barring them or deleting their comments from the interactive portions of his Facebook Page that designates Alderman Gardiner as a government official. These facts raise a reasonable inference that plaintiffs are not alone in suffering constitutional injuries resulting from Alderman Gardiner’s practices. Moreover, plaintiffs have set forth sufficiently detailed allegations that Alderman Gardiner knowingly banned constituents and engaged in content-based regulation of speech on his Facebook Page. Further, he did so unilaterally while seeking out engagement from users.”

On June 1, both the Board and OIG received subpoenas from the plaintiff for internal records on this matter. We coordinated our response with the Law Department.

Q. Freedom of Information Act

Since the last Board meeting, the Board has received seven (7) requests.

The first was a City-wide request for records addressing a particular school shooting; we advised the requestor that we are the wrong department.

The second was for voluminous email records showing two different address suffixes; we requested a narrowing of the request.

The third was for the recording of the Open Session of the Board's June meeting; it was sent to the requester.

The fourth was for the recording of the Open Session of the Board's July meeting; it was sent to the requester.

The fifth was for records regarding a terminated employee; we advised the requester of our obligations of confidentiality.

The sixth was for any subpoena the Office might have received from the Federal Government; we advised the requester we had no responsive records.

The seventh was a City-wide request for records on the Texas school shooting; we requested involvement by the Law Department.

R. Employee Vaccination Status

I'm pleased to report that all seven (7) staff members are fully vaccinated for Covid-19, and in compliance with the City's policy on vaccinations.

V. PUBLIC COMMENTS

Citizen Pete Czosnyka commented that the Board apparently is under political pressure to go easy on Ald. Nicholas Sposato, who, he said, has repeatedly violated the Governmental Ethics Ordinance. He also stated that Ald. Sposato continues to display an identifiable City of Chicago firetruck on his Facebook page, in violation of the Board's rulings.

The Chair thanked him for his comments, but stated that the Board does not cave in to any political or other pressure that might be applied to it.

VI. OLD BUSINESS

None

VII. NEW BUSINESS

None

VIII. PRIOR BOARD MEETING'S EXECUTIVE SESSION MINUTES

This matter shall be discussed in Executive Session.

At 3:15 p.m., the Board VOTED 6-0 to adjourn into Executive Session under: (i) 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(1) to discuss the appointment, employment, compensation, discipline, performance, or dismissal of specific employees of the public body or legal counsel for the public body, including hearing testimony on a complaint lodged against an employee of the public body or against legal counsel for the public body to determine its validity. However, a meeting to consider an increase in compensation to a specific employee of a public body that is subject to the Local Government Wage Increase Transparency Act may not be closed and shall be open to the public and posted and held in accordance with this Act; (ii) 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(4) to hear and discuss evidence or testimony in closed hearing as specifically authorized pursuant to Governmental Ethics Ordinance Sections 2-156-385 and -392, and the Board's Rules and Regulations, as amended, effective January 5, 2017, presented to a quasi-adjudicative body, as defined in the Illinois Open Meetings Act, provided that the body prepares and makes available for public inspection a written decision setting forth its determinative reasoning; and (iii) 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(21) to discuss minutes of meetings lawfully closed under this Act, whether for purposes of approval by the body of the minutes or semi-annual review of the minutes as mandated by Section 2.06.

At 4:28 p.m. the Board VOTED 6-0 to reconvene in Open Session.

IX. MATTERS CONSIDERED BY THE BOARD IN EXECUTIVE SESSION

I. APPROVAL OF THE EXECUTIVE SESSION MINUTES

The Board confirmed its discussion in Executive Session, and VOTED 6-0 in Open Session, to approve the Executive Session Minutes of the July 18, 2022 meeting.

II. OLD BUSINESS

None

III. NEW BUSINESS

None

IV. CASEWORK

A. Meeting with Respondent after Board Issuance of Probable Cause Notice

1. Case No. 22022.C, Unauthorized Use of Real of Personal City Property, Prohibited Political Activity

At its June 2022 meeting the Board voted 5-0 to find there is probable cause to conclude that an elected City official violated §§2-156-060 and -135(b) of the Governmental Ethics Ordinance by distributing an official ward newsletter that contained an invitation to an event that was political, that is, to kick-off another candidate's campaign, emailed from a cityofchicago.org email address. This is contrary to Board guidance on the improper mixing of political and official content in newsletters and websites that was sent to all City elected officials in January 2020.

The elected official and attorneys met with the Board at the August 2022 meeting to attempt to rebut the Board's finding. After hearing the official's defenses, the Board VOTED 6-0 to determine that the elected official violated the Ordinance by causing a ward newsletter to be sent via city email, that contained political content. The Board assessed a \$1,000 fine.

B. Advisory Opinions

2. Case No. 22026.A, Unauthorized Use of Real or Personal City Property

The Board VOTED 6-0 to determine that the Ordinance does not prohibit a Mayor from making use of a City vehicle assigned to them or of a Mayoral Assistant and the Mayoral security detail, at all times, including when attending local personal and campaign/political events, and that there is no requirement that a Mayor then reimburse the City for fuel or staff expenses.

The Board's analysis is based on the fact that a Mayor requires security 24/7, and is constantly on call to address City issues, even when attending personal, political or campaign events. The Board's opinion and reasoning closely follow that of the New York City Conflicts of Interest Board. The opinion and Board determination are limited to a Mayor, and do not apply to the use of City vehicles or other property by other City elected officials. Should the Board need to address other elected officials' use of vehicles and security details, it will do so based on facts presented to it at future time.

C. Waiver Request

3. Case No. 22027.W, Post-Employment Restrictions on Assistance and Representation (§2-156-100), and Post-Employment Restrictions on Lobbying (§2-156-105)

The Board VOTED 6-0 to determine that the request for a waiver from the post-employment provisions of the Governmental Ethics Ordinance is denied; however, the Board hopes the requester will continue pursuing works beneficial to the City.

At 4:34 p.m., the Chair stated to member of the public, Mr. Czosnyka, that the Board had received his email and would respond to it.

At 4:35 p.m., the Board VOTED 6-0 to adjourn the meeting.