CITY OF CHICAGO

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020



Lori E. Lightfoot, Mayor

Jennie Huang Bennett, Chief Financial Officer

Reshma N. Soni, City Comptroller

Prepared by the Department of Finance





OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

CITY OF CHICAGO

LORI E. LIGHTFOOT

June 30, 2021

Dear Chicagoans:

Thank you for your interest in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Chicago for the 2020 fiscal year. We are pleased to make this detailed report available to you as part of our ongoing commitment to fiscal transparency and accountability as we continue working together towards a more just, equitable and sustainable future.

It is no secret that 2020 brought extraordinary challenges the like of which we haven't seen in a century. The COVID-19 pandemic caused unprecedented upheaval in our city, bringing pain and uncertainty to every Chicagoan. The City rose to the moment and responded with strength, dedicating all available resources across departments in a coordinated fashion to minimize the impact of the crisis and save lives.

The pandemic has heightened the existing disparities and fiscal challenges facing our city. Our response, therefore, had to be rooted in the values that define us a city. Equity and inclusion are fundamental to our vision for a better Chicago and these values have been front and center of every action taken in 2020. From small business support programs and emergency rental assistance to our testing strategy and vaccine rollout, we have consistently taken an approach that prioritizes the hardest hit communities and most vulnerable Chicagoans.

While the pandemic has caused so much disruption, equity and inclusion continue to guide our economic development strategy and we remain steadfast in our commitment to long-term financial stability and discipline. As we look forward to the twilight of the pandemic, we know that the arduous recovery is just beginning and that there will be additional challenges on the horizon. However, we know that if we continue to double down on the values we hold as a city then we can keep moving forward on the path towards economic sustainability for every Chicagoan.

Sincerely,

Mayor

CITY OF CHICAGO THE CITY COUNCIL LORI E. LIGHTFOOT, Mayor

1st W	√ard	
2nd W	√ard	BRIAN HOPKINS
		PAT DOWELL
		SOPHIA D. KING
		LESLIE A. HAIRSTON
6th W	√ard	RODERICK T. SAWYER
		MICHELLE A. HARRIS
		ANTHONY BEALE
		SUSAN SADLOWSKI GARZA
		PATRICK D. THOMPSON
		GEORGE A. CÁRDENAS
		EDWARD M. BURKE
15th W	√ard	RAYMOND A. LOPEZ
		STEPHANIE D. COLEMAN
		DERRICK G. CURTIS
		MATTHEW J. O'SHEA
		HOWARD B. BROOKINS, JR.
		MICHAEL D. RODRÍGUEZ
		MICHAEL W. SCOTT, JR.
		BYRON SIGCHO-LOPEZ
26th W	√ard	
		WALTER BURNETT, JR.
30th W	√ard	ARIEL E. REBOYRAS
		FELIX CARDONA, JR.
		SCOTT E. WAGUESPACK
33rd W	√ard	
34th W	√ard	
35th W	√ard	
		GILBERT VILLEGAS
		EMMA MITTS
		NICHOLAS SPOSATO
39th W	√ard	SAMANTHA NUGENT
40th W	√ard	ANDRE VASQUEZ
		ANTHONY V. NAPOLITANO
42nd W	√ard	BRENDAN REILLY
44th W	√ard	THOMAS M. TUNNEY
46th W	√ard	
47th W	√ard	MATTHEW J. MARTIN
		HARRY OSTERMAN
49th W	√ard	MARIA E. HADDEN
50th W	/ard	DEBRA L SILVERSTEIN

2020 ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF CHICAGO

Table of Contents

PART I – II	NTRO	DUCTORY SECTION	
		ittal	
Certificate	of Ach	nievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	12
Organization	on Cha	art	13
PART II - F	INAN	CIAL SECTION	
Independe	nt Auc	ditors' Report	15
		Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Fina	ncial	Statements	
Exhibit	1	Statement of Net Position	33
Exhibit	2	Statement of Activities	
Exhibit	3	Balance Sheet, Governmental Funds	36
Exhibit	4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances,	
		Governmental Funds	38
Exhibit	5	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
		Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	43
Exhibit	6	Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and	
		Actual, General Fund (Budgetary Basis)	44
Exhibit	7	Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and	
	_	Actual, Pension Fund (Budgetary Basis)	
Exhibit	_	Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Funds	
Exhibit		Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, Proprietary Funds	
Exhibit		Statement of Cash Flows, Proprietary Funds	
Exhibit		Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, Fiduciary Funds	
Exhibit		Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position, Fiduciary Fundsic Financial Statements	
			53
-		ementary Information	
		Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Last Six Years	
		Contributions, Last Ten Years	114
Schedu	ie oi C	Changes in the Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	44-
O = - -		and Related Ratios, Last Three Years	117
		Individual Fund Statements	
General Fu		Cabadula of Davanuas Dudget and Astual (Dudgeton Dasia)	400
		Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)	
		Schedule of Expenditures and Encumbrances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)	123
		e Funds - Federal, State and Local Grants	4.47
		Special Revenue Funds - Federal, State and Local Grants - Combining Balance Sheet	140
Schedu	ie B-2	Special Revenue Funds - Federal, State and Local Grants - Combining Schedule of	4.40
	_	Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	142
•		rnmental Funds	
		Combining Balance Sheet	
		Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	146
•	•	ial Revenue Funds	
		Combining Balance Sheet	. 150
Schedu	le D-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
0.1	I- D ^	Changes in Fund Balance (Deficit)	
		Combining Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)	. 154
Schedu	ie D-4	Combining Schedule of Expenditures and Encumbrances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)	156
Schodu		Schedule of Expenditures and Encumbrances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)	
Julieda	ט-ט	Concadio of Exponditures and Encumbrances - Dudget and Actual (Dudgetally Dasis)	130

Combining and Individual Fund Statements - Concluded

No	•	al Projects Funds	
		Combining Balance Sheet	
	Schedule E-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	173
Fic	duciary Funds		
	Schedule F-1	,	
		Pension Trust Funds, Combining Statement of Plan Net Position	
	Schedule F-3	Pension Trust Funds, Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position	179
PA	RT III - STATI	STICAL SECTION (Unaudited)	
	Table 1	Net Position by Component, Last Ten Years	182
	Table 2	Changes in Net Position - Accrual Basis of Accounting, Last Ten Years	
	Table 3	General Governmental Revenues by Source, Last Ten Years	
	Table 4	General Governmental Expenditures by Function, Last Ten Years	192
	Table 4A	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Years	
	Table 5	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Years	196
	Table 6	General Fund, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Five Years Ended December 31, 2020	198
	Table 7	Special Revenue Funds, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
		Changes in Fund Balances, Five Years Ended December 31, 2020	199
	Table 8	Debt Service Funds, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
		Changes in Fund Balances, Five Years Ended December 31, 2020	200
	Table 9	Capital Projects Funds, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
		Changes in Fund Balances, Five Years Ended December 31, 2020	201
	Table 10	Property Tax Levies by Fund, Five Years Ended December 31, 2020	202
	Table 11	Property Levies, Collections and Estimated	
		Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes, Last Ten Years	204
	Table 12	Top Ten Estimated Equalized Assessed Valuation, Current Year and Nine Years Ago	205
	Table 13	Assessed and Estimated Fair Market Value of All Taxable Property, Last Ten Years	206
	Table 14	Property Tax Rates-Direct and Overlapping Governments, Per \$100 of Equalized Assessed Valuation, Last Ten Years	200
	Table 15	Property Tax Rates-City of Chicago, Per \$100 of Equalized	200
	Table 15	Assessed Valuation, Last Ten Years	208
	Table 16	Ratio of General Net Bonded Debt to Equalized Assessed Value and	200
	Table 10	Net Bonded Debt per Capita, Last Ten Years	210
	Table 17	Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Debt to Total	2.0
		Governmental Expenditures, Last Ten Years	212
	Table 18	Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt	
	Table 19	Debt Statistics, Last Ten Years	
	Table 20	Revenue Bond Coverage, Last Ten Years	
	Table 21	Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Years	218
	Table 22	Debt Service Requirements for General Long-term Debt	220
	Table 23	Debt Service Requirements for General Obligation Debt	222
	Table 24	Debt Service Requirements for Proprietary Funds	224
	Table 25	Long-term Debt	226
	Table 26	Population and Income Statistics, Last Ten Years	231
	Table 27	Principal Employers (Non-government) Current Year and Nine Years Ago	232
	Table 28	Full Time Equivalent City of Chicago Employees by Function, Last Ten Years	233
	Table 29	Operating Indicators by Function/Department, Last Ten Years	
	Table 30	Capital Assets Statistics by Function, Last Ten Years	
	Table 31	Interest Rate Swap Counterparty Entities	
	Table 32	Bank Facilities	236

PART I INTRODUCTORY SECTION



June 30, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor Lori Lightfoot, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Chicago:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") of the City of Chicago ("City") for the fiscal year that ended December 31, 2020. State law requires that all governmental units publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and audited by a licensed public accountant.

Management is responsible for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. The purpose of the ACFR (formerly referred to as the CAFR) is to provide complete and accurate financial information which complies with the reporting requirements of the Municipal Code of Chicago ("Code"). The City's financial management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The Code also requires that the City's basic financial statements are audited by independent certified public accountants selected by the Committee on Finance of the City Council. This requirement has been met, and the unmodified audit opinion rendered by Deloitte & Touche LLP is included in the financial section of this report. The audit was conducted as a subcontractor arrangement between Deloitte & Touche LLP and a consortium of Chicagobased minority- and women-owned certified public accounting firms.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the Code, an additional audit (Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, Government Auditing Standards, and Office of Management and Budget's ("OMB") Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards) is performed annually. This audit is designed to meet the requirements of the OMB Uniform Guidance, a government-wide framework for grants management.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government. The City of Chicago, the third most populous city in the United States, was incorporated in 1837. It occupies land area of approximately 228 miles and, according to the 2019 U.S. Census Bureau, serves a population of 2.7 million residents. The City is a municipal corporation and home rule unit of local government under the Illinois Constitution of 1970 and is governed by an elected mayor and city council. The Mayor is the Chief Executive Officer of the City of Chicago and is elected by general election to a four-year term. The City Council, the City's legislative body, consists of 50 members, each representing one the City's 50 wards. The members of the City Council are elected through popular vote by ward for four-year terms. The City provides public safety, street maintenance, sanitation services, water and sewer services, health, cultural, aviation and human services.

General Government Services ("General Fund"). The General Fund is the City's general operating fund and supports essential City services and activities, such as police and fire protection, trash collection, and public health programs. The General Fund also supports a portion of the City's share of pension contributions for its employees. General Fund revenues come primarily from a variety of local and intergovernmental taxes, fees and fines.

In addition to general government activities, the City has component units that are included in its reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and/or financial relationship. These component units include the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund, the Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund, the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago, the Laborers' Annuity and Benefit Fund, the Chicago Community Catalyst Fund and the Sales Tax Securitization Corporation. Additional information about these component units can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Budget Process. Annual budgets are adopted for all of the City's funds, including the General Fund and certain special revenue and enterprise funds. Around October each year, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed budget of expenditures, the means required to fund such budget and at least one public hearing held regarding the proposed budget. The budget recommendation must be made available for public inspection at least ten days prior to passage of the annual appropriation ordinance, which must be enacted by December 31. Additional information on the budgetary process can be found in Note 3 of the notes in the financial statements.

The City bases its annual budget on an assessment of the available resources for that year and an understanding of the City's service priorities, adopting a balanced budget each year in accordance with the Illinois Municipal Code. As part of the annual budget process, the City evaluates each department's direct and indirect costs in order to accurately assess expenses across City government and strives to maintain a diversified revenue system that is responsive to the changing economy and designed to protect the City from short-term fluctuations in any individual revenue source.

Local Economy. Chicago continues to have one of the most diverse economies in the United States, with no single industry representing more than 14 percent of the economy. This diversity has given Chicago critical economic stability during the COVID-19 crisis, as growth in some industries has offset contractions in other industries more directly impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. In particular, the Food Manufacturing; Transportation, Distribution, and Logistics; and the Finance and Insurance industries have seen employment recover above pre-COVID levels.

In response to the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic, Chicago acted quickly, nimbly and with strength in order to minimize the impact of the pandemic, preserve our local economy and save lives. Chicago was the first major city to publish a comprehensive recovery plan, which continues to help guide our long-term recovery from the pandemic. Chicago quickly recognized the need for emergency financial assistance, distributing more than \$100 million in emergency funding for small businesses through multiple rounds of loan and grant programs, more than any other municipality in the country. Chicago also dedicated over \$110 million in emergency housing assistance, providing critical relief to tens of thousands of tenants and landlords impacted by the pandemic. In alignment with the bold recovery plan, these considerable investments were made through an equity lens, ensuring that our economic recovery addressed the very real inequities that existed before COVID-19 and were exacerbated by the pandemic.

Chicago's resilient economy was on full display in 2020 despite the challenges posed by the pandemic. In 2020, over 75 companies expanded or relocated into the City of Chicago, injecting over \$600 million into our local economy and bringing over 5,300 jobs. Chicago has more than 400 major corporate headquarters, offices, and facilities with at least 1,000 employees located in the Chicago metropolitan area, including 34 Fortune 500 companies. Despite the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, there have been 31 corporate relocations to Chicago since March 2020. Chicago was recognized for the eighth consecutive year as the top U.S. city for foreign direct investment by IBM Global Location Trends and the top U.S. city for corporate expansion and growth.

Chicago remains a key gateway to the global economy. Chicago's O'Hare and Midway International Airports are key connections within the global aviation system. In 2020, O'Hare was the second busiest airport in the world in terms of operations, and cargo increased by twelve percent to 2.0 million metric tons compared to 2019. O'Hare is the second largest port by value in the United States and the thriving transportation hub has helped make Chicago the second largest market globally for data center site selection and investment.

As we recover from the COVID-19 pandemic, the Lightfoot Administration remains committed to the transformative community investments that will deliver the long-lasting economic change that Chicago needs. In 2020, Chicago celebrated the one year anniversary of the Invest South/West Program, a groundbreaking collaboration between government agencies, businesses, philanthropies and community leaders to marshal resources toward ten neighborhoods on Chicago's South and West sides. Chicago has released Requests for Proposals for projects in twelve commercial corridors within those neighborhoods as part of this program, which will ultimately leverage more than \$750 million in public funding to revitalize these critical local corridors.

Debt Administration. The City actively manages its debt portfolio to ensure that it sufficiently supports essential capital improvement programs without overburdening taxpayers. The City also regularly accesses the debt markets to fund its capital needs. As of December 31, 2020, the City has approximately \$7.3 billion of general obligation debt outstanding. Overall general obligation debt decreased by approximately \$100 million in 2020 due to the refinancing of general obligation bonds. The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020A, were issued by the City to refund certain outstanding General Obligation Bonds and achieved \$91.3 million in present value savings in debt service for City taxpayers. The Sales Tax Securitization Bonds, Series 2020A and Taxable Series 2020B, issued by the STSC achieved \$178.1 million in present value savings in debt service for City taxpayers. Over the past two years, the City has reduced our total debt outstanding by \$258 million due to active cash management.

In addition to its general obligation debt, the City issues revenue debt secured by the following revenues: general airport revenues, water and wastewater fee revenue, and motor fuel tax revenue. Additional information on the City's outstanding indebtedness can be found in Note 10 of the notes in the financial statements.

Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives. Each year, the City presents a financial analysis based on the understanding that in order to protect the health and safety of all Chicago residents, it must take a long-term approach to financial planning to ensure it preserves strong neighborhoods, maintains critical infrastructure and fosters a vibrant local economy. This annual analysis, which is available on the City's website, provides a review of the City's revenues and expenditures over the past ten years, and a forecast of the City's finances for the next three years.

The City's financial policies are intended to secure the City's financial integrity and health, encourage equitable allocation of costs and resources, and mitigate potential financial risks, maximize economic efficiency, and allow sufficient flexibility to consider new fiscal and budgetary strategies.

Awards and Acknowledgements. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financing Reporting to the City of Chicago for its ACFR for the fiscal year 2019. This was the twenty-seventh consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

We believe our current ACFR continues to meet the GFOA Certificate of Achievement program's requirements, and it has been submitted for consideration for this year's award.

This report could not have been prepared without the dedication and effective help of the staff of the Department of Finance. We wish to express our appreciation to those who contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

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Jennie Huang Bennett Chief Financial Officer

Reshma N. Soni City Comptroller

Reshma Soni



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Chicago Illinois

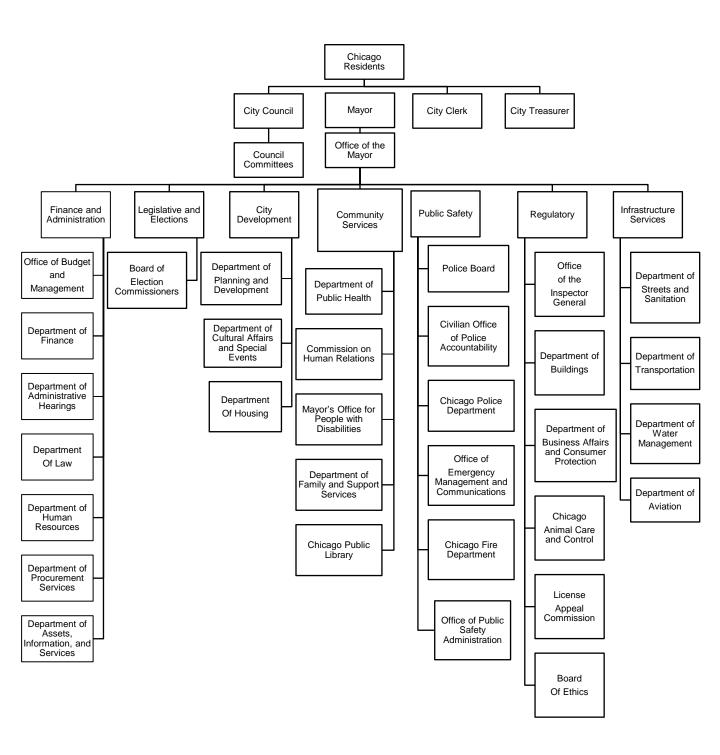
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF CHICAGO ORGANIZATION CHART AS OF 12/31/2020



PART II FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AND THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Lori E. Lightfoot, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Chicago, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chicago, Illinois (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City's Pension Plans (the "Plans"), which, in aggregate, represent 100 percent of the revenues, assets, and net position of the Pension Trust funds, included in the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Plans, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chicago, Illinois, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the respective budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and Pension Special Revenue Fund on the budgetary basis of accounting.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 of the financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2020, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Contributions, and Schedule of Changes in Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Fund Statements, introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the

auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the Combining and Individual Fund Statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Defoite & Touche LLP

June 30, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Chicago, Illinois (City), we offer readers of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, contained within this report.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized the outbreak of a strain of the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") as a pandemic in the face of the global spread of the virus. The COVID-19 pandemic has dramatically altered the behavior of businesses and people in a manner that is having negative effects on global and local economies. Stock markets in the U.S. and globally, have seen significant declines and volatility attributed to concerns over COVID-19. These adverse impacts have intensified and continue to evolve within the United States. Airports in the United States have also been acutely impacted by the broad-based economic shutdown resulting from efforts to stop the spread of COVID-19, including reductions in flights and declines in passenger volumes. The outbreak has adversely affected domestic and international travel and travel-related industries.

The City of Chicago provides essential services to residents, businesses and visitors and continues to operate throughout this pandemic. The City continues to operate its normal course of business.

In 2020, the City received over \$1.46 billion in federal assistance in response to the impact of COVID-19 to cover expenses during the public health emergency, including COVID-19 response and recovery, mitigation and prevention, providing food, healthcare and mental health support, housing and shelters, ongoing communication and outreach, rental assistance, supporting small businesses, funding for first responders and funding to support airport operations. In addition, the City is eligible for the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Public Assistance Grant and will receive reimbursements for eligible costs under this grant.

2020 Financial Highlights

- Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of the City, in the government-wide financial statements, exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$28,421.5 million (net deficit). The net deficit is composed of \$4,492.3 million in net investment in capital assets and \$4,478.4 million in net position restricted for specific purposes, offset by an unrestricted deficit of \$37,392.2 million. The net deficit decreased in 2020 by \$1,037.5 million due to the reduction of non-critical expenditures for both governmental and business-type activities due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and an increase in capital grant contributions and upfront grant funding for the COVID-19 pandemic response efforts.
- The City's total assets increased by \$891.0 million. This increase primarily relates to a \$350.2 million increase in cash and cash equivalents from grant funding for the COVID-19 response and \$492.7 million increase in property tax receivable, accounts receivable and due from other governments. The increase in accounts receivable and due from other governments primarily is due to the influx of grant funded expenditures in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The City's deferred outflows increased by \$1,189.3 million due to the issuance of the Sales Tax Securitization Corporation (STSC) Bonds related to future sales tax revenues and deferred inflows decreased by \$1,825.2 million, respectively primarily due to changes in assumptions for pension activities. The City's total liabilities increased by \$2,867.9 million primarily due to an increase in long-term liabilities and the issuance of STSC Bonds as well as the increase in net pension liability and other post-employment benefits.
- Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses), in the fund financial statements, during 2020 were \$8,851.7 million, an increase of \$218.2 million (2.5%) from 2019. The increase was primarily due to an increase in grant funding for the COVID-19 response efforts, as well as debt financing, offset by the decrease in economically sensitive revenues due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

- The General Fund ended 2020 with a total Fund Balance of \$359.5 million, of which \$196.7 million was Unassigned. Total Fund Balance increased from 2019 by \$23.6 million primarily due to the issuance of debt proceeds to mitigate revenue loss due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, decreases in eligible expenditures that were transferred to grant funds received for the COVID-19 response, offset by a decrease in economically sensitive revenues, such as sales tax.
- The City's General Obligation Bonds and notes outstanding decreased by \$654.3 million during the current fiscal year due to payments on General Obligation Bonds and other debt and refundings of \$1,620.7 million, offset by \$466.5 million General Obligation Bonds and \$500.0 million of line of credit issued in 2020.
- The General Fund expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$407.5 million less than budgeted expenditures
 primarily due to an increase in COVID-19 response related grant funding that allowed the transfer of expenditures
 from the General Fund to the respective grant fund to fund the COVID-19 response efforts.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which include the following components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. These components are described below:

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the City's financial position, which assists in assessing the City's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These financial statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basically means such statements follow methods that are similar to those used by most businesses. They take into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash involved has not been received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements include two statements:

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the City, the reader should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during each fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (for example, uncollected taxes, and earned but unused vacation). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets and sanitation, transportation, health, and cultural and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, Skyway and airport activities.

The government-wide financial statements present information about the City as a primary government, which includes the Chicago Public Library. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of a fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The City maintains 22 individual governmental funds. Information for the eight funds that qualify as major is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The eight major governmental funds are as follows: the General Fund, the Federal, State and Local Grants Fund, the Special Taxing Areas Fund, the Service Concession and Reserve Fund, the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund, the STSC Debt Service Fund, the Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund, and the Pension Fund. Data from the other governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriation budget for its general and certain special revenue funds on a non-GAAP budgetary basis. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide statements.

Blended Component Unit. The STSC and Chicago Community Catalyst Fund (CCCF) component units, despite being legally separate from the City, are reported as if it were part of the City because, in addition to being financially accountable for it, the STSC and CCCF provides services exclusively to the City. The STSC blended component unit is reported as the STSC Debt Service Fund and a Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund. The CCCF blended component unit is reported within the Service Concession and Reserve Fund.

Proprietary funds. These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Because these funds charge user fees for services provided to outside customers including local governments, they are known as enterprise funds. Proprietary funds, like government-wide statements, use the accrual basis of accounting and provide both long- and short-term financial information. There is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements. The City uses five enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, Skyway, and two airport operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements but provide more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Chicago Skyway Fund, Chicago O'Hare International Airport Fund and Chicago Midway International Airport Fund. All the proprietary funds are considered to be major funds of the City. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found immediately following the governmental fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used primarily to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the primary government. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City also uses fiduciary funds to account for transactions for assets held by the City as a fiduciary for various entities. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds

are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund basic financial statements can be found immediately following the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of data provided in the government–wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found immediately following the fiduciary fund basic financial statements.

Additional Information. The combining statements, which include nonmajor funds, for governmental funds and trust and custodial funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the City as a whole

Net Position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets by \$28,421.5 million at December 31, 2020. Of this amount, \$4,492.3 million represents the City's investment in capital assets (land, buildings, roads, bridges, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities and deferred inflows.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$4,478.4 million, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

City of Chicago, Illinois Summary Statement of Net Position (in millions of dollars)

	Govern Activ		Busine: Activ	71	Total			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 8,704.1 8,814.3	\$ 7,622.4 8,790.9	\$ 5,687.7 19,280.2	\$ 6,741.8 18,440.2	\$ 14,391.8 28,094.5	\$ 14,364.2 27,231.1		
Total Assets Deferred outflows	17,518.4 3,592.6	16,413.3 2,307.5	24,967.9 433.2	25,182.0 529.0	42,486.3 4,025.8	41,595.3 2,836.5		
Total	21,111.0	18,720.8	25,401.1	25,711.0	46,512.1	44,431.8		
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	44,260.4 3,497.0	41,504.9 2,613.2	20,155.9 1,338.6	20,648.2 1,617.7	64,416.3 4,835.6	62,153.1 4,230.9		
Total Liabilities	47,757.4	44,118.1	21,494.5	22,265.9	69,251.9	66,384.0		
Deferred Inflows	3,687.0	5,278.8	1,994.6	2,228.0	5,681.6	7,506.8		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	(545.7)	(344.6)	5,038.0	4,638.7	4,492.3	4,294.1		
Restricted Unrestricted	3,144.5 (32,932.3)	3,154.4 (33,485.9)	1,333.9 (4,459.9)	1,160.1 (4,581.7)	4,478.4 (37,392.2)	4,314.5 (38,067.6)		
Total net (deficit) position	\$ (30,333.5)	\$ (30,676.1)	\$ 1,912.0	\$ 1,217.1	\$ (28,421.5)	\$ (29,459.0)		

Governmental Activities. Net position of the City's governmental activities increased \$342.6 million to a deficit of \$30,333.5 million primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents from grant funding received for the COVID-19 response efforts and line of credit financing, offset by a decrease in economically sensitive revenues, such

as sales tax and recreation taxes. Revenues increased due to a significant amount of grants awarded during 2020 in response to the COVID-19 pandemic for health, public safety, housing and rental assistance and small business assistance. Expenditures decreased in the areas of General Government, Public Safety and Transportation as the City went through a shutdown during the months of mid-March to June, and as expenditures were being managed as revenues were trending lower due to the economic impact from the COVID-19 pandemic. This was offset by increases in Health expenditures to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. A significant portion of net position is either restricted as to the purpose they can be used for or they are classified as net investment in capital assets (buildings, roads, bridges, etc.). Consequently, unrestricted net position showed a \$32,932.3 million deficit at the end of this year. This deficit does not mean that the City does not have the resources available to pay its bills next year. Rather, it is the result of having long-term commitments that are greater than currently available resources. Specifically, the City did not include in past annual budgets the full amounts needed to finance future liabilities arising from personnel, property, pollution and casualty claims (\$1,073.8 million) and Municipal Employees', Laborers', Policemen's and Firemen's net pension liability and other post-employment benefits (\$31,406.8 million). The City will include these amounts in future years' budgets as they come due. In addition, the deferred inflow balance of \$1,450.1 million from concession service agreements will be amortized into income over the life of such agreements.

Revenues for all governmental activities in 2020 were \$8,178.9 million, an increase of \$53.6 million (0.7%) from 2019. Approximately 38 percent of City's revenues were derived from taxes other than property taxes, which decreased by \$497.8 million (13.8%). In addition, other revenues decreased by \$49.1 million (8.3%) primarily due to reductions in interest income as rates were lower in 2020, fair market value adjustment, and miscellaneous revenues.

Expenses for governmental activities in 2020 were \$7,838.8 million, a decrease of \$837.4 million (9.7%) over 2019. The amount that taxpayers paid for these governmental activities through City taxes was \$4,577.5 million. Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$850.3 million), or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$1,289.3 million).

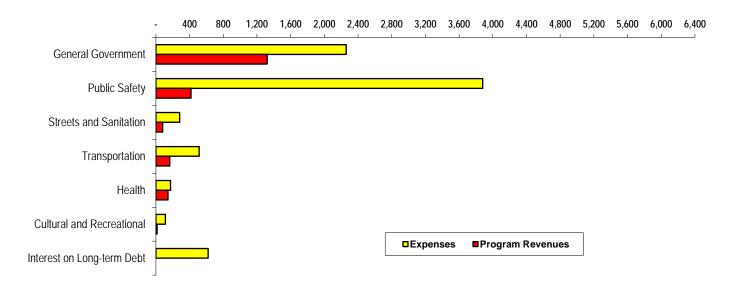
The City paid \$1,461.8 million for the "public benefit" portion with other revenues such as federal and state aid, interest and miscellaneous income. These expenditures were primarily incurred for responding to the COVID-19 pandemic, such as testing, vaccination efforts, housing and rental assistance, and public safety.

Although total net position of business-type activities was \$1,912.0 million, these resources cannot be used to make up for the deficit in net position in governmental activities. The City generally can only use this net position to finance the continuing operations of the water, sewer, Skyway, and airports activities.

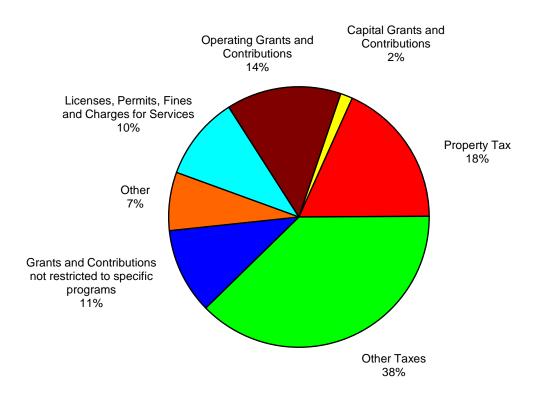
City of Chicago, Illinois Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31 (in millions of dollars)

	Govern Activ	Busine Activ	ss-ty	•	To	ıtal		
	2020	2019	 2020		2019	2020		2019
Revenues and Other Transfers:								
Program Revenues:								
Licenses, Permits, Fines and								
Charges for Services	\$ 850.3	\$ 899.5	\$ 2,633.3	\$	2,830.4	\$ 3,483.6	\$	3,729.9
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,166.8	498.0	-		-	1,166.8		498.0
Capital Grants and Contributions	122.5	142.6	169.7		150.1	292.2		292.7
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes	1,488.6	1,474.4	-		-	1,488.6		1,474.4
Other Taxes	3,088.9	3,586.7	-		-	3,088.9		3,586.7
Grants and Contributions not								
Restricted to Specific Programs	870.3	883.5	-		-	870.3		883.5
Other	591.5	640.6	 233.4		139.5	824.9		780.1
Total Revenues	8,178.9	8,125.3	3,036.4		3,120.0	11,215.3	_	11,245.3
Expenses:								
General Government	2,258.9	2,866.1	-		-	2,258.9		2,866.1
Public Safety	3,880.5	4,078.5	-		-	3,880.5		4,078.5
Streets and Sanitation	280.8	280.8	-		-	280.8		280.8
Transportation	512.8	563.0	-		-	512.8		563.0
Health	172.8	118.6	-		-	172.8		118.6
Cultural and Recreational	112.7	124.8	-		-	112.7		124.8
Interest on Long-term Debt	620.3	644.4	-		-	620.3		644.4
Water	-	-	485.7		594.2	485.7		594.2
Sewer	-	-	253.0		270.3	253.0		270.3
Midway International Airport	-	-	272.7		301.2	272.7		301.2
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	-	-	1,319.5		1,489.6	1,319.5		1,489.6
Chicago Skyway	-	-	8.1		8.1	8.1		8.1
Total Expenses	7,838.8	8,676.2	2,339.0		2,663.4	10,177.8		11,339.6
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	340.1	(550.9)	697.4		456.6	 1,037.5		(94.3)
Transfers In (Out)	2.5	2.5	 (2.5)		(2.5)	 -		-
Change in Net Position	342.6	(548.4)	 694.9		454.1	 1,037.5		(94.3)
Net (Deficit) Position, Beginning of Year .	(30,676.1)	(30,127.7)	1,217.1		763.0	 (29,459.0)		(29,364.7)
Net (Deficit) Position, End of Year	\$ (30,333.5)	\$ (30,676.1)	\$ 1,912.0	\$	1,217.1	\$ (28,421.5)	\$	(29,459.0)

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (in millions of dollars)



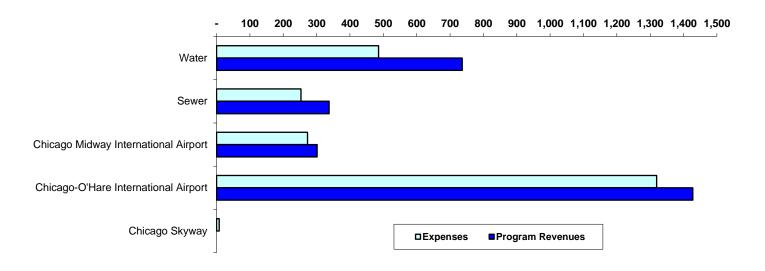
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



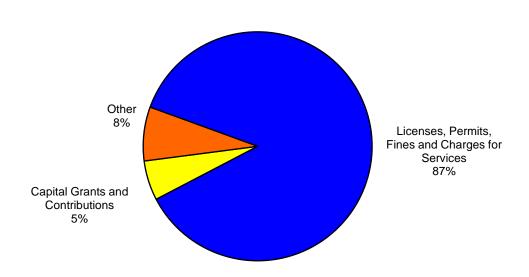
Business-type Activities. Total Revenues of the City's business-type activities decreased by \$83.5 million in 2020 mostly from a decrease in charges for services, rental income, and other general revenues impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

- The Water Fund's total operating revenues decreased by \$7.8 million (1.0%) from 2019 was primarily due to an increase in provision for doubtful accounts of about \$9.1 million (44.6%) resulting from a decrease in collected water charges from prior years' accounts receivable and the implementation of the Utility Billing Relief program, which allows eligible customers to apply for relief on past due utility balances. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization for the year ended 2020 decreased by \$110.0 million (26.4%) from the year ended 2019 primarily due to decreases in pension expenses of \$118.2 million, and purification of \$6.0 million, offset by an increase in central services and general fund reimbursement of \$15.8 million.
- The Sewer Fund's total operating revenues decreased in 2020 by \$17.1 million (4.9%) primarily due to a decrease in pumpage and penalty relief from the Utility Billing Relief program. There was a rate increase of 2.45% during 2020. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization decreased by \$17.9 million (13.0%) as compared to 2019 primarily due to a decrease in pension expense due to changes in assumptions and reduction in the allocation of pension costs to the Sewer Fund compared to the Governmental and certain Enterprise Funds.
- Chicago Midway International Airport's total operating revenues in 2020 decreased by \$39.8 million (17.5%) from 2019 primarily due to the reduction of passenger traffic and flight reductions due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on air travel. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization decreased by \$24.3 million (12.9%) compared to 2019 due to a decrease in pension expense of \$25.0 million primarily due to the composition of amounts being amortized from deferred inflows and outflows related to prior assumptions changes and differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.
- Chicago O'Hare International Airport's total operating revenues for 2020 decreased by \$347.9 million (27.8%) compared to 2019 due to a decrease in terminal rents and landing fees of \$171.4 million; decreases in concessions revenue of \$128.2 million; and a decrease in hotel revenues of \$48.2 million, all due to reduced passenger and flight activity related to impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on travel and tourism. Operating expenses before depreciation, amortization and loss on capital asset disposals decreased by \$150.9 million (17.9%) compared to 2019 primarily due to the decrease in other operating expenses of \$31.8 million due to reductions in cost of utilities and insurance, and hotel expenses of \$22.9 million due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on travel and tourism. There was a decrease in pension expense of \$113.7 million, primarily due to the composition of amounts being amortized from deferred inflows and outflows related to prior assumptions changes and differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. These decreases were offset by Repairs and Maintenance expense, which increased by \$1.7 million (1.2%) due to contractual increases; Salary and wages of \$8.8 million (4.1%) due to retroactive payments from the new collective bargaining agreements and annual contractual salary increases; and Professional and Engineering Expenses of \$7.0 million (5.2%) due to ongoing planning efforts related to Airport's \$8.5 Billion O'Hare 21 program.
- The Chicago Skyway was leased for 99 years to a private company in 2005. The agreement granted the company the right to operate the Skyway and to collect toll revenue during the term of the agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.83 billion of which \$446.3 million was used to advance refund all of the outstanding Skyway bonds. The upfront payment is being amortized into nonoperating revenue over the period of the lease (\$18.5 million annually).

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities (in millions of dollars)



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At December 31, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,133.0 million, a decrease of \$3.9 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$980.4 million was committed to specific expenditures, \$131.2 million was assigned to anticipated uses, a deficit of \$5,055.3 million was unassigned, \$2,587.9 million was restricted in use by legislation, and \$3,488.8 million was nonspendable.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$196.7 million with a total fund balance of \$359.5 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be helpful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total General Fund balance represents 9.8 percent of total General Fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by approximately \$23.6 million during the current fiscal year primarily due to the issuance of debt to fund revenue shortfalls due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on economically sensitive revenues, and a decrease in expenditures as efforts were made to reduce non-critical costs during the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Federal, State and Local Grants Fund has a total deficit fund balance of \$303.3 million. The deficit is \$96.7 million higher than 2019 primarily due to slower reimbursement of expenditures. This fund had a significant increase in receivables from State and Federal agencies due to the significant increase in grant awards during 2020 to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Special Taxing Areas Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,936.8 million. This is \$202.3 million higher than 2019 due to the restricted specific expenditures for special area operations and maintenance that follow state requirements for spending, and for redevelopment project costs as provided by tax levies on special areas.

The Service Concession and Reserve Fund accounts for deferred inflows from nonbusiness type long-term concession and lease transactions and has \$724.5 million committed to specific expenditures. The unassigned deficit of \$1,450.1 million results from the deferred inflows from long-term asset leases.

The Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund has a total fund deficit of \$3,417.0 million. This deficit is \$876.3 million higher than 2019, primarily due to the refunding of certain outstanding City bonds and the issuance of the STSC 2020A Series Bonds, the proceeds of which were used to refund bonds that were held by the City. The proceeds were recorded in the STSC Debt Service Fund and refunded amounts to bond escrow agent were recorded in the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund.

The STSC Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$3,556.1 million. The fund balance will be used for future debt service payments for certain outstanding bonds. In 2020, the STSC Fund Balance for nonspendable increased by \$880.6 million due to the issuance of STSC Bond Series 2020A. The net proceeds will be amortized over the life of each bond.

The Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$450.8 million. This is \$183.1 million lower than 2019 as proceeds from bond funds are expended for capital project improvements throughout the City.

Changes in fund balance. The fund balance for the City's governmental funds decreased by \$3.9 million in 2020. This includes an increase in inventory of \$3.5 million.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water, Sewer, Chicago Skyway, Chicago O'Hare International Airport, and Chicago Midway International Airport Funds at the end of the year amounted to a deficit of \$4,459.9 million. The unrestricted net position deficit decreased by \$121.8 million primarily due to a decrease in the allocation of net pension liability. Other factors concerning the finances of these five funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's 2020 General Fund Budget of \$4,507.7 million was approved by City Council on November 26, 2019. General Fund revenues ended the year \$405.4 million below the 2020 final General Fund Budget primarily as a result of the economic downturn as a consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. Expenditures were \$407.5 million less than budgeted amounts as a result of favorable variances in general government expenditures. The operating shortfall caused by the COVID-19 pandemic was addressed through a combination of expenditure reductions, delayed programs, and prioritizing pandemic response efforts that are reimbursable through Federal assistance, as well as \$500.0 million in short-term borrowing. Additional information on the City's budget can be found in Note 3 under Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability within this report.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2020 amount to \$28,094.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation). These capital assets include land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, highways and bridges, and property, plant and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- During 2020, the City completed \$173.9 million in infrastructure projects including \$127.4 million in street construction and resurfacing projects, \$15.0 million in street lighting and transit projects, and \$31.5 million in bridge and viaduct reconstruction. At year end, infrastructure projects still in process had expenses totaling nearly \$613.9 million.
- At the end of 2020, the Water Fund had \$5,064.6 million invested in utility plant, net of accumulated depreciation. During 2020, the Water Fund expended \$222.2 million on capital activities. This included \$9.6 million for land and land rights, \$0.1 million for structures and improvements, \$105.6 million for distribution plant, \$7.6 million for equipment, and \$99.3 million for construction in progress. During 2020, net completed projects totaling \$67.8 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable capital accounts. The major completed projects were standby power generators/replacement of electrical switchgear and west pumproom switchgear (\$55.1 million) and installation and replacements of water mains (\$11.3 million).
- At the end of 2020, the Sewer Fund had net utility plant of \$2,994.2 million. During 2020, the Sewer Fund had capital additions being depreciated of \$300.4 million, and completed projects totaling \$169.6 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable facilities and structures capital accounts.
- At the end of 2020, Chicago Midway International Airport had \$1,311.1 million invested in net capital assets. During 2020, the Airport had additions of \$72.4 million related to capital activities. Construction projects include runway rehabilitation, passenger security checkpoint expansion and terminal garage enhancements. During 2020, completed projects totaling \$133.1 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable buildings and other facilities capital accounts. These major completed projects were related to building security, runway and taxi improvements and parking enhancements.
- At the end of 2020, Chicago O'Hare international Airport had \$9.7 billion invested in net capital assets. During 2020, the Airport had additions of \$902.0 million related to capital activities. This included continued work on the Terminal 5 expansion, concourse improvements, ATS rail, terminal improvements, and runway and taxiway

construction and improvements, including the completion of Runway 9C-27C and construction of the expansion of Runway 9R-27L, the last remaining project for the OMP, scheduled to be completed by 2022. During 2020, completed projects totaling \$297.5 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable buildings and other facilities capital accounts. These major completed projects were related to the completion of Runway 9C-27C, Fuel Line Relocation, terminal improvements, and runway and taxiway improvements.

City of Chicago, Illinois Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
	2020		2019		2020		2019	2020		2019	
Land Works of Art and	\$ 1,410.9	\$	1,409.3	\$	1,038.2	\$	1,028.5	\$	2,449.1	\$	2,437.8
Historical Collections	48.6		48.3		-		-		48.6		48.3
Construction in Progress	658.2		505.1		2,509.4		2,075.5		3,167.6		2,580.6
Buildings and Other Improvements	1,505.9		1,519.6		15,315.6	•	14,954.3		16,821.5		16,473.9
Machinery and Equipment	325.0		291.5		417.0		381.9		742.0		673.4
Infrastructure	4,865.7		5,017.1		-		-		4,865.7		5,017.1
Total	\$ 8,814.3	\$	8,790.9	\$	19,280.2	\$ ^	18,440.2	\$	28,094.5	\$ 2	27,231.1

Information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 Capital Assets in this report.

Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$6,646.8 million in General Obligation Bonds, \$500.0 million in General Obligation Line of Credit and \$107.4 million in General Obligation Certificates and Other Obligations outstanding. Other outstanding long-term debt is as follows: \$3,655.8 million in Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds (STSC Bonds); \$179.1 million in Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds; \$12.1 million in Tax Increment Financing Bonds; and \$15,620.3 million in Enterprise Fund Bonds and long-term obligations. For more detail, refer to Note 10 Long-term Obligations in the Basic Financial Statements.

City of Chicago, Illinois General Obligation and Revenue Bonds (in millions of dollars)

		Governmental Activities			Busine Acti	9	Total				
	2020	2020 20		2019 2020		2019		_	2020		2019
General Obligation	\$ 7,254.2	\$	7,908.5	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,254.2	\$	7,908.5
Tax Increment	12.1		16.2		-		-		12.1		16.2
Revenue Bonds	179.1		245.4	15	5,620.3	1	6,117.2		15,799.4		16,362.6
STSC Bonds	3,655.8		2,641.9						3,655.8		2,641.9
Total	\$ 11,101.2	\$	10,812.0	\$ 15	5,620.3	\$ 1	6,117.2	\$	26,721.5	\$	26,929.2

During 2020, the City and the STSC issued the following:

General Obligation Bonds and Line of Credit:

- General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2020A (\$466.5 million).
- General Obligation Line of Credit (\$500.0 million).

Enterprise Fund Revenue Bonds and Notes:

- Chicago O'Hare International General Airport Senior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A (Non-AMT), Series 2020B (Non-AMT Private Activity), Series 2020C (Non-AMT), Series 2020D (Taxable) and Series 2020E (Non-AMT) (\$1,219.1 million).
- Chicago Midway International Airport Commercial Paper Notes, Series A (AMT) (\$20.0 million).

Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds:

Sales Tax Securitization Second Lien Bonds Series 2020A and Series 2020B (Taxable) (\$1,016.9 million).

At December 31, 2020 the City had credit ratings with each of the four major rating agencies as follows:

		Standard &		
Rating Agency	Moody's	Poors	Fitch	Kroll
General Obligation: City	Ba1	BBB+	BBB-	Α
Revenue Bonds:				
O'Hare Airport: Senior Lien General Airport Revenue Bonds Senior Lien Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Customer Facility Charge (CFC)	A2 A2 Baa1	A A BBB	A A NR	A+ NR NR
Midway Airport: First Lien Second Lien	A2 A3	A- A-	NR A	NR A
Water: Second Lien	Baa2	Α	A-	AA
Wastewater: First Lien Second Lien	Baa2 Baa3	A+ A	NR A-	NR AA-
Motor Fuel Tax	Ba1	BB+	BB+	NR
Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds: First Lien Second Lien	NR NR	AA- AA-	AA- AA-	AAA AA+

In January 2020, Fitch Ratings assigned a AA- rating and Kroll Bond Rating Agency assigned a AA+ rating to the Sales Tax Securitization Corporation's second lien sales tax securitization bonds.

In April 2020, Fitch Ratings downgraded the Motor Fuel Tax credit to BB+ from BBB- based on the State of Illinois' rating.

In July 2020, Fitch Ratings downgraded their ratings on the City's Water to A- from AA- and Wastewater Revenue Bonds (second lien) to A- from AA- as part of a change in their rating methodology.

In September 2020 S&P Global Ratings downgraded the Chicago Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds (first and second liens) from A to A-.

During 2021, there were rating outlook changes for the City's Chicago O'Hare International Airport Senior Lien General Airport Revenue Bonds and Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds. See Subsequent Events in the footnotes for ratings changes in 2021.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Regional, national, and global economies play a major role in the City's finances and economic growth. In 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic had a significant impact on economic conditions both globally and locally. The Unemployment rate in the Chicago metropolitan area reached 18 percent at the height of the pandemic. Tourism and business travel to Chicago also dropped to historic lows. The economic impacts of the pandemic are likely to last into the coming year, with full recovery anticipated in 2023.

The City's 2021 General Fund Budget, totaling \$4,127.8 million, was approved by a 29 to 21 vote of City Council on November 24, 2020. The 2021 budget closed an operating budget deficit of \$1,204.5 million through a combination of savings and efficiencies, new revenues, and growth of existing revenue.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Chicago Department of Finance.

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Exhibit 1
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

•				imary Governm	nent	
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,635,173	\$	238,756	\$	1,873,929
Investments		1,980,435		681,238		2,661,673
Receivables (Net of Allowances):						
Property Tax		2,313,600		-		2,313,600
Accounts and Due From Other Governments		1,361,068		463,022		1,824,090
Internal Balances		(47,674)		47,674		-
Inventories		31,769		21,018		52,787
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents		211,649		1,380,342		1,591,991
Investments		687,342		2,786,206		3,473,548
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent		523,970		-		523,970
Interest Receivable		-		5,546		5,546
Other Assets		6,784		63,899		70,683
Capital Assets:						
Land, Art, and Construction in Progress		2,117,749		3,547,581		5,665,330
Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		6,696,569		15,732,646		22,429,215
Total Capital Assets		8,814,318		19,280,227		28,094,545
Total Assets		17,518,434		24,967,928		42,486,362
Deferred Outflows		3,592,536		433,192		4,025,728
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	21,110,970	\$	25,401,120	\$	46,512,090
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS		_		_		
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	1,397,359	\$	568,712	\$	1,966,071
Accrued Interest	Ψ	297,969	Ψ	311,714	Ψ	609,683
Accrued and Other Liabilities		1,615,081		315,438		1,930,519
Unearned Revenue		186,625		113,232		299,857
Derivative Instrument Liability		100,020		29,473		29,473
Long-term Liabilities:				25,475		25,475
Due Within One Year		312,682		430,558		743,240
Due in More Than One Year		43,947,717		19,725,331		63,673,048
Total Liabilities		47,757,433		21,494,458		69,251,891
Deferred Inflows		3,687,023		1,994,573		5,681,596
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		51,444,456		23,489,031		74,933,487
	_	51,444,450	_	23,409,031		14,933,401
NET POSITION		(5.45,007)		5 020 020		4 400 040
Net Investment in Capital Assets		(545,687)		5,038,030		4,492,343
Capital Projects		514,348		415,114		929,462
Debt Service		693,346		20,714		714,060
Special Taxing Areas		1,936,832				1,936,832
Passenger Facility Charges		-		240,863		240,863
Contractual Use Agreement		_		366,922		366,922
Airport General Fund		_		187,387		187,387
Customer Facility Charges		-		35,560		35,560
Other Purposes		_		67,366		67,366
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(32,932,325)		(4,459,867)		(37,392,192)
Total Net (Deficit)/Position	\$	(30,333,486)	\$	1,912,089	\$	(28,421,397)
	Ě	(- , ,)	_	,,	<u> </u>	, -,,/

See notes to basic financial statements.

Exhibit 2
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Functions/Programs Primary Government		Expenses	Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services			
Governmental Activities: General Government	\$	2 259 020	\$	242 967		
Public Safety	Φ	2,258,930 3,880,524	Ф	343,867 377,446		
Streets and Sanitation		280,765		79,988		
Transportation		512,817		41,034		
Health		172,744		5,845		
Cultural and Recreational		112,703		2,162		
Interest on Long-term Debt		620,324		-		
Total Governmental Activities		7,838,807		850,342		
Business-type Activities:						
Water		485,653		736,578		
Sewer		252,999		333,959		
Chicago Midway International Airport		272,656		286,501		
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport		1,319,512		1,276,304		
Chicago Skyway		8,139		<u>-</u>		
Total Business-type Activities		2,338,959		2,633,342		
Total Primary Government	\$	10,177,766	\$	3,483,684		

See notes to basic financial statements.

Progr	am Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government								
G	Operating rants and intributions		Capital rants and ntributions	Governmental Activities			usiness-type Activities	Total				
\$	977,559 39,567 - - 137,585 12,057 - 1,166,768	\$	- - - 122,492 - - - 122,492	\$	(937,504) (3,463,511) (200,777) (349,291) (29,314) (98,484) (620,324) (5,699,205)	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	(937,504) (3,463,511) (200,777) (349,291) (29,314) (98,484) (620,324) (5,699,205)			
\$	- - - - - - 1,166,768	\$	3,331 15,158 151,284 - 169,773 292,265	_	- - - - - (5,699,205)		250,925 84,291 29,003 108,076 (8,139) 464,156		250,925 84,291 29,003 108,076 (8,139) 464,156 (5,235,049)			
Tax F C S F C Gra S Unr Mis	Property Tax Pr	perty Tax utions not F	Restricted to		1,488,601 733,978 288,410 402,972 529,521 907,578 180,227 46,212 870,241 169,132 422,367 2,540		- - - - - - 74,345 159,074 (2,540)		1,488,601 733,978 288,410 402,972 529,521 907,578 180,227 46,212 870,241 243,477 581,441			
Transfers Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning Net Position - Ending				\$	6,041,779 342,574 (30,676,060) (30,333,486)	\$	230,879 695,035 1,217,054 1,912,089	\$	6,272,658 1,037,609 (29,459,006) (28,421,397)			

Exhibit 3
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

100570		General		deral, State and Local Grants		Special Taxing Areas
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	200,017 310,281	\$	- 206,059	\$	597,200 955,534
Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax		_		-		797,036
Accounts		310,667		21,304		4,210
Due From Other Funds		328,989		38,810		355,911
Due From Other Governments		99,671		647,407		-
Inventories		31,769		-		-
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		3,218		-
Restricted Investments		-		-		-
Restricted Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent		125		-		-
Other Assets	•	-	•	3,267	Φ.	
Total Assets	\$	1,281,519	\$	920,065	\$	2,709,891
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:						
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	324,310	\$	251,018	\$	45,637
Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - Current		-		-		-
Accrued Interest		-		-		-
Due To Other Funds		263,367		358,920		2,536
Accrued and Other Liabilities		267,816		7,083		2,125
Claims Payable		65,828		-		-
Unearned Revenue		713		185,912		
Total Liabilities		922,034		802,933		50,298
Deferred Inflows		-		420,436		722,761
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		31,769		-		-
Restricted		-		9,965		1,936,832
Committed		-		-		-
Assigned		131,000		-		-
Unassigned		196,716		(313,269)		
Total Fund Balance		359,485		(303,304)		1,936,832
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$	1,281,519	\$	920,065	\$	2,709,891

See notes to basic financial statements.

(Service Concession and Reserve	F	Bond, Note Redemption and Interest		STSC Debt Service	С	Community Development I Improvement Projects		Pension		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	31,850 -	\$	- 20,363	\$	-	\$	230,573 308,050	\$	504,104 -	\$	71,429 180,148	\$	1,635,173 1,980,435
	22,316 - - -		532,080 821 66,423 2,237		59,898 3,456,986 - -		- 3,544 7,006 - -		947,352 - 130,633 - -		37,132 162,016 310,160 26,977		2,313,600 584,776 4,694,918 776,292 31,769
	11,808 687,342 - -		- - 376,084 -		- - 121,067 -		- - -		- - -		196,623 - 26,694		211,649 687,342 523,970 3,267
\$	753,316	\$	998,008	\$	3,637,951	\$	549,173	\$	1,582,089	\$	1,011,179	\$	13,443,191
\$	7	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	77,769	\$	634,937	\$	61,475	\$	1,395,153
	-		48,124 218,862		3,150 78,719		-		-		4,045 388		55,319 297,969
	28,803 -		3,605,480 59,316		-		18,822 1,752		87,154 -		464,664 165,716		4,829,746 503,808
	-		-		-		-		-		-		65,828
	28,810	_	3,931,782		- 81,869		98,343	_	722,091		- 696,288		186,625 7,334,448
	1,450,094		483,213		-		-		859,998		39,291		3,975,793
	-		-		3,456,986 99,096		- 450,830		- -		- 91,191		3,488,755 2,587,914
	724,506		-		-		-		-		255,920		980,426
	- (1,450,094)		(3,416,987)		-		-		-		240 (71,751)		131,240 (5,055,385)
	(725,588)		(3,416,987)		3,556,082		450,830	_	-		275,600		2,132,950
\$	753,316	\$	998,008	\$	3,637,951	\$	549,173	\$	1,582,089	\$	1,011,179	\$	13,443,191
Capi		n go	vernmental acti	vities	are not financia	al resc	position are differed ources and therefor			in the	e funds		8,814,318
Bond	d issuance costs	that	are expensed i	n stat	tement of reven	ues, e	e fundsexpenditures and cl	nanç	ges in fund bala	nces	3		2,525,699
bu	t reported as oth	er a	ssets in the stat	emer	nt of activities		ferred outflows are						3,517
not	due and payabl	e in t	the current perio	od an	d therefore are	not re	ported in the funds					_	(43,809,970)
Net	i position of gove	ernm	entai activities .	•••••								. \$	(30,333,486)

Exhibit 4
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	<u>General</u>	Federal, State and Local Grants	Special Taxing Areas
Revenues:			
Property Tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Utility Tax	391,368	-	-
Sales Tax (Local)	58,690	-	-
Transportation Tax	193,912	-	-
State Income Tax	487,262	-	-
State Sales Tax	-	-	-
Transaction Tax	477,464	-	-
Special Area Property Tax	-	-	814,512
Recreation Tax	178,124	-	-
Other Taxes	40,159	-	-
Federal/State Grants	1,431	1,111,502	-
Internal Service	354,587	-	-
Licenses and Permits	107,810	-	-
Fines	230,638	-	-
Investment Income	24,140	8,182	56,967
Charges for Services	382,600	-	2
Miscellaneous	145,996		10,362
Total Revenues	3,074,181	1,119,684	881,843
Expenditures: Current:			
General Government	1,209,561	881,138	576,751
Health	33,581	138,532	· -
Public Safety	2,136,393	55,493	1,311
Streets and Sanitation	218,667	· -	· -
Transportation	51,884	119,131	82,907
Cultural and Recreational	· -	13,015	174
Employee Pensions	1,443	· -	-
Other	305	358	-
Capital Outlay	-	4,698	-
Debt Service:		·	
Principal Retirement	13,236	-	-
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	2,987		
Total Expenditures	3,668,057	1,212,365	661,143
Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures	(593,876)	(92,681)	220,700

Continued on following pages.

Service Concession and Reserve	Bond, Note Redemption and Interest	STSC Debt Service	Community Development and Improvement Projects	Pension	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ -	\$ 500,200	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 950,033	\$ -	\$ 1,450,233		
-	16,423	-	-	-	333,464	741,255		
-	, -	49,756	-	-	179,964	288,410		
-	10,666	-	-	-	198,394	402,972		
-	-	-	-	-	-	487,262		
-	-	85,651	-	-	295,897	381,548		
-	-	-	-	-	52,057	529,521		
-	-	-	-	-	29,650	844,162		
-	-	-	-	-	2,103	180,227		
-	-	-	-	-	6,053	46,212		
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,112,933		
-	-	-	438	-	30,313	385,338		
-	1,092	-	-	-	-	108,902		
-	-	-	-	-	16,029	246,667		
46,958	2,896	901	13,564	561	14,963	169,132		
-	-	-	-	-	22,339	404,941		
21,033	10,316	85	22,161	150,072	55,481	415,506		
67,991	541,593	136,393	36,163	1,100,666	1,236,707	8,195,221		
		_	_	_	281,276	2,948,726		
_	_	_	_	_	54	172,167		
_	_	_		_	116,469	2,309,666		
_	_	_	-	_	52,933	271,600		
_	_	_	_	_	116,233	370,155		
_	_	-	-	_	79,783	92,972		
-	-	-	-	1,644,464	-	1,645,907		
_	-	_	-	-	_	663		
-	-	-	206,515	-	55,074	266,287		
-	120,734	3,150	-	-	50,225	187,345		
	419,643	165,193			5,753	593,576		
	540,377	168,343	206,515	1,644,464	757,800	8,859,064		
67,991	1,216	(31,950)	(170,352)	(543,798)	478,907	(663,843)		

Exhibit 4 - Concluded
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	General	 Federal, State and Local Grants	 Special Taxing Areas
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Issuance of Debt	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Issuance of Line of Credit	450,000	-	-
Premium/(Discount)	-	-	-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	-	-
Transfers In	500,484	-	17,271
Transfers Out	 (336,542)	 (4,000)	 (35,612)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	613,942	 (4,000)	 (18,341)
Net Changes in Fund Balance	20,066	(96,681)	202,359
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	335,923	(206,623)	1,734,473
Change in Inventory	 3,496	<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 359,485	\$ (303,304)	\$ 1,936,832

Co	Service ncession I Reserve	F	Bond, Note Redemption and Interest	STSC Debt Service	Community Development and Improvement Projects			Pension	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	- - - - - (16,029)	\$	449,635 50,000 88,284 (1,514,436) 164,055 (115,001)	\$ 1,016,915 - 113,387 - - - (164,055)	\$	- - - - 5,956 (18,680)	\$	- - - - 543,798 -	\$ 16,860 - 1,133 (17,859) 170,689 (709,794)	\$	1,483,410 500,000 202,804 (1,532,295) 1,402,253 (1,399,713)	
	(16,029)	_	(877,463)	966,247		(12,724)		543,798	(538,971)		656,459	
	51,962 (777,550) - (725,588)	\$	(876,247) (2,540,740) - (3,416,987)	\$ 934,297 2,621,785 - 3,556,082	\$	(183,076) 633,906 - 450,830	\$	- - - -	\$ (60,064) 335,664 - 275,600	\$	(7,384) 2,136,838 3,496 2,132,950	

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Exhibit 5 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (7,384)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the	20.002
amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period	29,903
In the Statement of Activities, gain or loss on disposal and sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the entire proceeds are recorded	(6,414)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	276,808
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments	(501,350)
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as	554.044
expenditures in governmental funds	 551,011
Change in the net position of governmental activities	\$ 342,574

Exhibit 6
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS)
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:	Daaget	Baaget	7111001113	variance
Utility Tax	\$ 416,114	\$ 416,114	\$ 391,368	\$ (24,746)
Sales Tax	74,043	74,043	58,690	(15,353)
Transportation Tax	383,586	383,586	193,912	(189,674)
Transaction Tax	508,851	508,851	477,464	(31,387)
Recreation Tax	273,349	273,349	178,124	(95,225)
Other Taxes	151,550	151,550	40,159	(111,391)
State Income Tax	427,003	427,003	487,262	60,259
Federal/State Grants	2,000	2,000	1,431	(569)
Internal Service	361,463	361,463	444,572	83,109
Licenses and Permits	128,300	128,300	107,810	(20,490)
Fines	342,700	342,700	230,638	(112,062)
Investment Income	3,500	3,500	24,140	20,640
Charges for Services	530,800	530,800	382,600	(148,200)
Miscellaneous	168,445	168,445	133,611	(34,834)
Issuance of Debt, Net of				
Original Discount	8,000	8,000	450,000	442,000
Budgeted Prior Years' Surplus				
and Reappropriations	93,482	93,482	-	(93,482)
Transfers In	634,510	634,510	500,484	(134,026)
Total Revenues	4,507,696	4,507,696	4,102,265	(405,431)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government	1,816,127	1,816,127	1,573,500	242,627
Health	54,960	54,960	38,026	16,934
Public Safety	2,348,104	2,348,104	2,201,754	146,350
Streets and Sanitation	215,725	215,725	219,280	(3,555)
Transportation	57,548	57,548	52,387	5,161
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	13,236	13,236	13,236	-
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	1,996	1,996	1,993	3
Total Expenditures	4,507,696	4,507,696	4,100,176	407,520
Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,089	\$ 2,089

Exhibit 7
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
PENSION FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS)
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues: Property Taxes	\$ 985,514	\$ 985,514	\$ 950,033 561	\$ (35,481) 561
Other Revenue Transfers In	150,072 544,199	150,072 544,199	150,072 543,798	(401)
Total Revenues	1,679,785	1,679,785	1,644,464	(35,321)
Expenditures: Current: City Contribution to - Municipal Employees'	400,000	400.000	540.045	(44.045)
Annuity and Benefit Fund City Contribution to - Laborers' and Retirement Board	499,000	499,000	540,815	(41,815)
Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund City Contribution to -	72,000	72,000	87,266	(15,266)
Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund City Contribution to -	737,527	737,527	679,596	57,931
Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund	371,258	371,258	336,787	34,471
Total Expenditures	1,679,785	1,679,785	1,644,464	35,321
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Exhibit 8
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Busir	ness	s-type Activit	ies	- Enterprise F	unc	ls		
			Ма	jor Funds						
_	Water	Sewer		Chicago- Midway International Airport		Chicago- O'Hare nternational Airport	Chicago Skyway			Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS										
CURRENT ASSETS:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents\$ Investments\$ Accounts Receivable (Net of	12,231 416,247	\$ 4,822 233,885	\$	42,053 3,366	\$	178,842 26,950	\$	808 790	\$	238,756 681,238
Allowances)	183,431	98,578		28,570		89,323		45		399,947
Interest Receivable	1,178	-		14		256		3		1,451
Due from Other Funds	49,805	28,528		3,176		53,531		-		135,040
Inventories	20,164	854		-		-		-		21,018
Due from Other Governments	-	-		21,798		-		-		21,798
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	82,567	123,417		115,607		733,888		-		1,055,479
Investments - Restricted	93,393	57,543		-		-		-		150,936
Interest Receivable - Restricted	8	905		-		- 7 222		-		913
Other Assets - Restricted	-	 -	_	-	_	7,333	_		_	7,333
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	859,024	 548,532		214,584	_	1,090,123	_	1,646		2,713,909
NONCURRENT ASSETS:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	-	-		42,894		281,969		-		324,863
Investments - Restricted	-	42,682		282,097		2,310,491		-		2,635,270
Interest Receivable - Restricted	-	-		429		4,204		-		4,633
Other Assets - Restricted	-	-		1,263		38,619		-		39,882
Due from Other Governments - Restricted	-	-		2,635		37,191		-		39,826
Other Assets	2,442	1,002		495		3,465		9,280		16,684
Property, Plant, and Equipment:										
Land	16,483	560		116,272		892,248		12,609		1,038,172
Structures, Equipment and										
Improvements	5,988,837	3,679,729		1,871,229		11,324,632		490,818		23,355,245
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,372,156)	(758,809)		(821,132)		(4,387,336)		(283,166)		(7,622,599)
Construction Work in Progress	431,409	 72,682		144,755	_	1,860,563	_			2,509,409
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	5,064,573	 2,994,162		1,311,124	_	9,690,107	_	220,261		19,280,227
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS:	5,067,015	 3,037,846		1,640,937		12,366,046		229,541		22,341,385
TOTAL ASSETS	5,926,039	3,586,378		1,855,521		13,456,169		231,187		25,055,294
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	56,571	18,511		92,342		265,768		-		433,192
TOTAL ASSETS AND					_		_		_	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS <u>\$</u>	5,982,610	\$ 3,604,889	\$	1,947,863	\$	13,721,937	\$	231,187	\$	25,488,486
		-			_					1

		Bus	siness-type Activ	rities - Enterprise	Funds	
			Major Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Chicago- Midway International Airport	Chicago- O'Hare International Airport	Chicago Skyway	Total
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$ 25,014	\$ 2,389	\$ 23,997	\$ 83,020	\$ -	\$ 134,420
Due to Other Funds	18,270	47,589	12,681	8,811	15	87,366
Accrued and Other Liabilities	215,797	53,252	632	12,571	-	282,252
Unearned Revenue	-	-	9	113,223	-	113,232
Current Liabilities Payable from						
Restricted Assets	175,968	180,960	115,403	733,888		1,206,219
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	435,049	284,190	152,722	951,513	15	1,823,489
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Revenue Bonds and						
Commercial Paper Payable	2,453,217	2,038,330	1,683,492	9,756,749	-	15,931,788
Line of Credit and TIFIA Loan Payable	-	· · · -	· · ·	278,756	-	278,756
Net Pension Liability	1,158,733	426,455	368,144	1,561,455	-	3,514,787
Derivative Instrument Liability	-	-	29,473	-	-	29,473
Other	1,577	_	1,954	-	·	3,531
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	3,613,527	2,464,785	2,083,063	11,596,960		19,758,335
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,048,576	2,748,975	2,235,785	12,548,473	15	21,581,824
DEFERRED INFLOWS	205,620	82,204	35,333	137,174	1,534,242	1,994,573
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment						
in Capital Assets	2,574,298	931,047	(125,410)	1,437,834	220,261	5,038,030
Restricted Net Position:						
Debt Service	-	-	4,585	16,129	-	20,714
Capital Projects	8	205,696	25,968	183,442	-	415,114
Passenger Facility Charges	-	-	3,477	237,386	-	240,863
Airport/Airline Use Agreement	-	-	33,251	333,671	-	366,922
Airport General/Development Fund	-	-	<u>-</u>	187,387	-	187,387
Customer Facility Charge	-	-	13,100	22,460	-	35,560
Other	- (0.4E 000)	(2/2/22)	15,977	51,389	- (1 F00 004)	67,366
Unrestricted Net Position (Deficit)	(845,892)	(363,033)	(294,203)	(1,433,408)	(1,523,331)	(4,459,867)
TOTAL NET POSITION/(DEFICIT)	\$ 1,728,414	\$ 773,710	\$ (323,255)	\$ 1,036,290	\$ (1,303,070)	\$ 1,912,089

Exhibit 9
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
Year Ended December 31, 2020

(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

,				Busi	nes	s-type Activ	vities	- Enterprise	Fu	nds		
		Major Funds										
	W	ater		Sewer		Chicago- Midway ternational Airport		Chicago- O'Hare ternational Airport		Chicago Skyway		Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services - Net of Provision for												
Doubtful Accounts of \$29,461 for Water												
and \$22,792 for Sewer	\$ 7	14,310	\$	333,475	\$	113,487	\$	639,862	\$	_	\$	1,801,134
Rent		-		-	·	74,253	·	247,385	·	-	·	321,638
Hilton Revenues		-		-		-		18,365		-		18,365
Other		22,268		484	_	-		-	_			22,752
Total Operating Revenues	7	36,578		333,959		187,740		905,612		-		2,163,889
Operating Expenses:												
Personnel Services		46,092		12,320		55,964		222,855		-		437,231
Contractual Services		65,577		4,776		20,783		140,982		-		232,118
Repairs and Maintenance		2,029		71,803		43,737		144,975		-		262,544
Commodities and Materials		22,962		-		-		-		-		22,962
Depreciation and Amortization		82,495		53,140		50,018		292,212		8,139		486,004
General Fund Reimbursements		89,354		54,467		-		-		-		143,821
Pension Expense	(47,881)		(23,853)		22,510		45,419		-		(3,805
Hilton Expenses		-		-		-		20,157		-		20,157
Other		29,130		170 (50		20,896		117,337		- 0.100		167,363
Total Operating Expenses Operating Income (Loss)		89,758 46,820		172,653	_	213,908 (26,168)		983,937	_	8,139 (8,139)		1,768,395
		40,020	_	161,306	_	(20,100)	_	(78,325)	_	(0,139)		395,494
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):												
Investment Income (Loss)		17,033		8,381		3,829		45,054		48		74,345
Interest Expense	(95,895)		(80,346)		(58,045)		(320,370)		-		(554,656
Passenger Facility Charges		-		-		13,245		61,258		-		74,503
Customer Facility Charges		-		-		3,214		14,992		-		18,206
Noise Mitigation Costs		-		-		(703)		(5,872)		-		(6,575
Cost of Issuance		-		-		- 02 202		(9,333)		-		(9,333
Grant Revenues (1)Final Settlement of 1983 Use and		-		-		82,302		294,442		-		376,744
Lease Agreement								122,668				122,668
Other		- 4,674		3,747		132		9,320		18,533		36,406
		7,077		5,141	_	102		7,020	_	10,000	_	30,400
Total Nonoperating Revenues	,	74400\		((0.010)		40.074		010.150		10 501		100 000
(Expenses)	(74,188)	_	(68,218)	_	43,974	_	212,159	_	18,581	_	132,308
Transfers Out		(2,420)		(120)		-		-		-		(2,540
Capital Grants		-	_	3,331	_	15,158		151,284	_			169,773
Net Income (Loss)	2	70,212		96,299		32,964		285,118		10,442		695,035
Net Position (Deficit) -												
Beginning of Year	1,4	58,202		677,411	_	(356,219)		751,172	_	(1,313,512)		1,217,054
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ 1,7	28,414	\$	773,710	\$	(323,255)	\$	1,036,290	\$	(1,303,070)	\$	1,912,089
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⁽¹⁾ Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act Funds See notes to basic financial statements.

Exhibit 10
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Ві	usines	ss-type Activit	ies -	Enterprise Fur	nds			
-			Ma	jor Funds						
-	Water	Sewer		Chicago- Midway International Airport		Chicago- O'Hare International Airport		icago yway		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Received from Customers \$ Payments to Vendors \$ Payments to Employees \$ Transactions with Other City Funds	731,199 (114,867) (146,092) (132,473)	\$ 329,434 (29,509) (51,175) (38,244)	\$	168,737 (108,378) (49,710) (1,061)	\$	858,409 (396,932) (208,837) (134,847)	\$	- - - -	\$	2,087,779 (649,686) (455,814) (306,625)
Cash Flows Provided By Operating Activities	337,767	210,506		9,588		117,793		-		675,654
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds/Commercial Paper/IEPA Loans/TIFIA Loans/LOC	40,880	121,325		20,000		1,368,448		_		1,550,653
Acquisition and Construction of	(104 441)					(775,201)				(1,297,143)
Capital Assets	(196,664)	(225,715) 3,331		(99,563)				-		
Capital Grant Receipts	-	3,331		32,320		124,626		-		160,277
Proceeds from CARES Act Fund	-	-		60,719		294,442		-		355,161
Bond Issuance Costs	-	-		(2,654)		(9,949)		-		(12,603)
Payment to Refund Bonds	- (00.000)	(70.000)		- (40.405)		(1,426,082)		-		(1,426,082)
Principal Paid on Debt	(99,399)	(70,833)		(48,185)		(276,715)		-		(495,132)
Interest Paid	(113,208)	(86,048)		(76,045)		(465,052)		-		(740,353)
Passenger and Customer Facility Charges	-	-		18,158		89,602		-		107,760
Concessionaire Funds		 -		-		-		8		8
Cash Flows Provided By (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(368,391)	(257,940)		(95,250)		(1,075,881)		8		(1,797,454)
Cash Flows from Non Capital Financing Activities: Noise Mitigation Program Proceeds from miscellaneous	-	-		(703)		(5,872)		-		(6,575)
settlements and agreements Cash Flows (Used in)	-	 -		132	_	911		-		1,043
Non Capital Financing Activities	-	 -		(571)		(4,961)		-		(5,532)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchases (Sale) of Investments, Net Investment Income (Loss)	11,561 10,378	33,123 6,942		68,495 6,881		414,386 19,554		(58) 47		527,507 43,802
Cash Flows Provided By (Used in) Investing Activities	21,939	40,065		75,376		433,940		(11)		571,309
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(8,685)	(7,369)		(10,857)		(529,109)		(3)		(556,023)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	103,483	135,608		211,411		1,723,808		811		2,175,121
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	94,798	\$ 128,239	\$	200,554	\$	1,194,699	\$	808	\$	1,619,098
· =			_	·	_				_	•

Continued on following page.

Exhibit 10 - Concluded
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

				Busi	iness	s-type Activiti	ies -	Enterprise F	unds			
					Ma	ijor Funds						
		Water		Sewer		Chicago- Midway ternational Airport		Chicago- O'Hare ternational Airport		Chicago Skyway		Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income to												
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:												
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	346,820	\$	161,306	\$	(26,168)	\$	(78,325)	\$	(8,139)	\$	395,494
Adjustments to Reconcile:												
Depreciation, Amortization and Loss on Capital												
Asset Disposals		82,495		53,140		50,018		292,212		8,139		486,004
Pension Expense Other than Contribution		(92,258)		(40,972)		4,978		(25,625)		-		(153,877)
Provision for Uncollectible Accounts		29,461		22,792		21		-		-		52,274
Change in Assets and Liabilities:												
(Increase) in Receivables		(18,535)		(14,355)		(9,401)		(8,110)		-		(50,401)
(Increase) in Due From Other Funds		(6,461)		(5,863)		(1,368)		(7,557)		-		(21,249)
Increase (Decrease) in Voucher Warrants												
Payable and Due to Other Funds		5,219		38,448		1,314		(5,414)		-		39,567
(Decrease) in Unearned Revenue and												
Other Liabilities		(8,405)		(3,868)		(9,644)		(39,093)		-		(61,010)
(Decrease) in Inventories and												
Other Assets	_	(569)	_	(122)	_	(162)	_	(10,295)	_	-	_	(11,148)
Cash Flows from												
Operating Activities	\$	337,767	\$	210,506	\$	9,588	\$	117,793	\$		\$	675,654
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Items: Capital asset additions in 2020 with outstanding accounts payable,												
accrued, or other liabilities	\$	52,495	\$	62,177	\$	25,880	\$	285,095	\$	_	\$	425,647
	<u> </u>	02/1/0	_	<u>~</u>	<u></u>	20,000	<u>*</u>	200,070	*		_	.201011
The fair value adjustments (loss) to												
investments for 2020	\$	5,122	\$	2,889	\$	645	\$	18,300	\$	_	\$	26,956
mrodifficitio for 2020	Ψ	0,122	Ψ	2,007	Ψ	070	Ψ	10,000	Ψ		Ψ	20,700
The accretion adjustments to capital												
appreciation bonds for 2020	\$	_	\$	5,390	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,390
approduction bonds for 2020	Ψ		Ψ	5,570	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	5,570

Exhibit 11
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Pension Trust	ustodial Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Investments, at Fair Value Bonds and U.S. Government	\$ 166,505 -	\$ 5,971 2,622
Obligations Stocks Mortgages and Real Estate Other Property Tax Receivable Accounts Receivable, Net Due From City Property, Plant, Equipment and other Invested Securities Lending Collateral	1,524,616 4,416,191 652,634 1,714,095 - 1,699,108 87,153 657 400,045	- - - 142,490 1,027 - -
Total Assets	\$ 10,661,004	\$ 152,110
Deferred Outflows	\$ 2,098	\$ -
LIABILITIES		
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$ 152,172 - 400,045	\$ 240 151,870 -
Total Liabilities	\$ 552,217	\$ 152,110
Deferred Inflows	\$ 119	\$ -
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$ 552,336	\$ 152,110
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Pension Benefits	10,110,766	
Total Net Position	\$ 10,110,766	\$

Exhibit 12
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Pension Trust	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions: Employees City Taxes Collected for Other Governments Other Custodial Collections	\$ 343,898 1,681,711 - -	\$ - 145,930 6,010
Total Contributions	2,025,609	151,940
Investment Income: Net Depreciation in Fair Value of Investments Interest, Dividends and Other Investment Expense Net Investment Income	765,212 146,769 (37,833) 874,148	- 241 - 241
Securities Lending Transactions:		
Securities Lending Income	3,278 (1,695)	<u>-</u>
Net Securities Lending Transactions	1,583	
Total Additions	2,901,340	152,181
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits and Refunds of Deductions	2,353,032 17,985 - -	- - 145,930 6,251
Total Deductions	2,371,017	152,181
Net Increase in Net Position Net Position:	530,323	-
Beginning of Year	9,580,443	-
End of Year	\$ 10,110,766	\$ -

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Chicago (City), incorporated in 1837, is a "home rule" unit under State of Illinois law. The City has a mayor-council form of government. The Mayor is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and is elected by general election. The City Council is the legislative body and consists of 50 members, each representing one of the City's 50 wards. The members of the City Council are elected through popular vote by ward for four-year terms.

The accounting policies of the City are based upon accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Effective January 1, 2020, the City adopted the following GASB Statements:

Impact
Improves the guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The City adopted GASB 84 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. The adoption of this standard resulted in the reclassification of certain funds that were previously classified as agency funds. These funds with total current assets of \$339.8 million and current liabilities of \$339.8 million are now classified within the general fund and special revenue funds.
Improves the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The City adopted GASB 88 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, which required additional disclosures included in the debt footnote (see Note 9 and 10).
Improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The City adopted GASB 90 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, and there was no impact to the City's financial statements.
Addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets will have to recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement. GASB 83 also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. The City adopted GASB 83 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, and there was no impact to the City's financial statements.

Aims to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. More comparable reporting will improve the usefulness of information for users of state and local government financial statements. Certain elements of GASB 92 were effective in fiscal year 2020 and the adoption of the certain elements had no impact on the financial statements. The remainder of GASB 92 will be effective for the Airport beginning with its year ending December 31, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020* ("GASB 92")

Upcoming Accounting Standards—

GASB has issued the following pronouncements that may affect the future financial position, results of operations, cash flows, or financial presentation of the City upon implementation. Management has not yet evaluated the effect of the implementation of these standards.

GASB Accounting Standard	Required Year of Adoption
GASB Statement No. 87, Leases ("GASB 87")	2022
GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period ("GASB 89")	2021
GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations ("GASB 91")	2022
GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates ("GASB 93")	2022
GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements ("GASB 94")	2023
GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements ("GASB 96")	2023
GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans ("GASB 97")	2022

Reporting Entity – The financial reporting entity consists of the City and its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The financial statements for the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), applicable to governmental units, as required by the Municipal Code of Chicago (Code). The City includes the Chicago Public Library.

The City's financial statements include the following legal entities as custodial trust funds:

<u>The Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago</u> is governed by a five-member board: three members are elected by plan participants and two are members ex-officio.

<u>The Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago</u> is governed by an eight-member board: two members are elected by plan participants, two are members ex-officio, two members are appointed by the City Department of Human Resources, one member is elected by retired plan participants and one member is elected by the local labor union.

<u>The Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago</u> is governed by an eight-member board: four members are elected by plan participants and four are appointed by the Mayor.

<u>The Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago</u> is governed by an eight-member board: four members are elected by plan participants and four are members ex-officio.

Financial statements for each of these four pension plans (collectively, "Pension Plans") may be obtained at the respective Pension Plans' offices.

Blended Component Unit

The City's financial statements include, as a blended component unit, the Sales Tax Securitization Corporation (the "STSC"). The STSC is a special purpose not-for-profit corporation incorporated under the provisions of the General Not-For-Profit Corporation Act of 1986 of the State of Illinois (805 ILCS 105) (the "State"), as amended, and organized in accordance with an ordinance adopted by the City of Chicago City Council on October 11, 2017. The STSC is a non-stock corporation, has no members, and is governed by a board of directors (the "Board"). Except as described in the following sentence, the Board has five voting directors all of whom are officials of the City. The STSC's Bylaws require the vote of an additional "independent director" as a condition to taking certain actions. The independent director would be appointed by the Mayor of the City prior to any such actions.

Pursuant to a sale agreement authorized by Division 13 of Article 8 of the Illinois Municipal Code, in 2017 the City entered into an Assignment, Purchase and Sale Agreement ("Sale Agreement") with the STSC under which the City sold its right, title, and interest in and to certain sales tax revenues collected by the State (the "Sales Tax Revenues"). The Sales Tax Revenues consist of (a) revenues resulting from the collection of three separate taxes (collectively, the "Home Rule Sales Tax Revenues") imposed by the City pursuant to its home rule powers and authority granted by State statute; and (b) revenues resulting from the collection of four separate taxes (collectively, the "Local Share Sales Tax Revenues") imposed by the State. In exchange for selling its right, title, and interest in the Sales Tax Revenues, the City received a residual certificate which represents the City's ownership interest in excess Sales Tax Revenues to be received by the STSC to pay debt service requirements of any outstanding obligations and administrative costs during the term of the Sale Agreement. The Sale Agreement is effective until there are no secured obligations outstanding for the STSC.

The STSC provides benefits exclusively to the City, and as a result, is presented as a blended component unit of the City.

The City reports the General Fund of the STSC as a non-major special revenue fund and the Debt Service Fund of the STSC as a major debt-service fund.

Complete financial statements of the STSC can be obtained at www.salestaxsecuritizationcorporation.com.

The City's financial statements also include, as a blended component unit, the Chicago Community Catalyst Fund LLC (the "CCCF"). The CCCF is a special purpose investment-related limited liability company incorporated under the provisions of the Illinois Limited Liability Company Act of the State of Illinois (805 ILCS 180) (the "State"), as amended, and organized in accordance with an ordinance adopted by the City of Chicago City Council on November 16, 2016 (the "CCCF Ordinance"). The CCCF currently has one member (the City of Chicago) and is governed by a board of managers (the "Board"). the Board has seven voting managers, three of whom are officials of the City. The remaining four voting managers are selected by the Mayor, subject to approval by the City Council. The CCCF ordinance and the CCCF's organizational agreement allow for admission of additional members but to date no additional members have joined the CCCF. The CCCF Ordinance contemplates that up to six additional managers could be appointed to the Board if additional members join the CCCF.

The CCCF is an investment vehicle to provide funding in communities as a catalyst for economic development that can only be invested by the City, and thus provides benefits exclusively to the City. As a result, is presented as a blended component unit of the City.

The City reports the CCCF within the Service Concession and Reserve Fund. In 2020, the CCCF provided Small Business Resiliency Loans to eligible local small businesses to assist with the impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic. As of December 31, 2020, the loans receivable balance was \$18.9 million.

The City's officials are responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of the boards of other organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making appointments and no financial accountability or fiscal dependency exists between the City and these organizations. Therefore, the Chicago Park District, Chicago Public Building Commission, Chicago Public Schools, Community College District No. 508, Chicago Housing Authority, and the Chicago Transit Authority are deemed to be related organizations.

a) Government-wide and fund financial statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identified with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

b) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable

and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period with the exception of property tax revenue, which is recorded as deferred inflows unless taxes are received within 60 days subsequent to year-end. Licenses and permits, charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are not considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recorded as revenues when received in cash, except for Ground Emergency Medical Transportation services, which are recorded as revenue if collected within the first 90 days subsequent to year-end. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting, except for interest and principal on long-term debt, the long-term portion of compensated absences, claims and judgments, and pension obligations.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Federal, State and Local Grants Fund accounts for the expenditures for programs, which include general government, health, public safety, transportation, aviation, cultural and recreational, and capital outlays. The majority of revenues are provided by several agencies of the Federal government, departments of the Illinois State government, and City resources.

Special Taxing Areas Fund accounts for expenditures for special area operations and maintenance and for redevelopment project costs as provided by tax levies on special areas.

Service Concession and Reserve Fund accounts for monies committed for mid-term and long-term uses. The Mid-term portion is subject to appropriation for neighborhood human infrastructure programs, health, and other initiatives, whereas the Long-term portion is committed for future budgetary and credit rating stabilization. These reserves were created as a result of the Skyway Lease and Parking Meter System transactions. The deferred inflows result from long-term concession and lease transactions whose proceeds are recognized as revenue over the term of the agreements. This fund also includes the CCCF blended component unit as described above.

Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund accounts for the expenditures for principal and interest as provided by property tax, utility tax, sales tax, transportation tax, and investment income.

STSC Debt Service Fund accounts for the expenditures for principal and interest as provided by sales tax revenues.

Community Development and Improvement Projects Funds account for proceeds of debt used to acquire property, finance construction, and finance authorized expenditures and supporting services for various activities.

Pension Fund accounts for the City's contribution to the City's four Employees' Annuity and Benefit Funds as provided by the tax levy and other sources of revenue, including the allocable share from Enterprise Funds and Special Revenue Funds.

Within the governmental fund types, fund balances are reported in one of the following classifications:

Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in a spendable form; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through

constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed includes amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., City Council); to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is held by the City Council. The City Council passes Ordinances to commit their fund balances.

Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: (a) the City Council itself; or (b) a body or official to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Budget Director or Comptroller has authority to assign amounts related to certain legal obligations outside of the appropriation process within the General Fund. Within the other governmental fund types (special revenue, debt service, and capital projects) resources are assigned in accordance with the established fund purpose and approved appropriation. Residual fund balances in these fund types that are not restricted or committed are reported as assigned.

Unassigned includes the residual fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds as business-type activities:

Water Fund accounts for the operations of the Chicago Water System (Water). The Water system purifies and provides Lake Michigan water for 493,715 accounts that includes the City and the suburbs. The Water Fund operates two water purification facilities with a combined output pumping capacity of 2,160 million gallons per day and 12 pumping stations with a combined pumping capacity of 3,661 million gallons per day.

Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the Wastewater Transmission System (Sewer). The Sewer system transports wastewater to the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago for processing and disposal. This service is provided for the residents and businesses of the City and certain suburban customers.

Chicago Midway International Airport Fund records operations of Chicago Midway International Airport (Midway) that provides regional travelers with access to airlines that generally specialize in low-cost, point-to-point, origin and destination passenger services. Midway Airport is conveniently located 10 miles from downtown Chicago.

Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund records operations of Chicago-O'Hare International Airport (O'Hare), the primary commercial airport for the City. The airlines serving the Airport operate out of four terminal buildings with a total of 191 gates as of December 31, 2020. Three domestic terminal buildings, having a total of 171 aircraft gates serve the majority of O'Hare's domestic flights and certain international departures. Terminal 5 with 20 aircraft gates and four hardstand positions, serves the remaining international departures, all international arrivals, and some domestic flights.

Chicago Skyway Fund records operations of the Chicago Skyway (Skyway) which provides vehicle passage across the Calumet River, between the State of Indiana and the State of Illinois (State) through the operation of a tollway which consists of a 7.8-mile span connecting the Dan Ryan Expressway to the Indiana Toll Road. Facilities include a single toll plaza consisting of a central office, maintenance garage and toll collection area. In January 2005, the City entered into a long-term Concession and Lease Agreement of the Skyway, granting a private company the ability to operate and to collect toll revenue during the 99-year term of the agreement. The City received a one-time upfront payment of \$1.83 billion.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary funds:

Pension Trust Funds report expenditures for employee pensions as provided by employee and employer contributions and investment earnings.

Custodial Funds account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for certain activities or for various entities, such as tax collected on behalf of another government.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payment-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water, sewer, airports, and skyway funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods and services, or privileges provided, or fines; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. General revenues include internally dedicated resources and taxes.

Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities.

In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The O'Hare and Midway funds' principal operating revenues are derived from landing fees and terminal use charges as well as rents and concessions. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the policy of the City that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

c) Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, and net position or equity

i) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments generally are held with the City Treasurer as required by the Code. Interest earned on pooled investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their average combined cash and investment balances. Due to contractual agreements or legal restrictions, the cash and investments of certain funds are segregated and earn and receive interest directly. The City uses separate escrow accounts in which certain tax revenues are deposited and held for payment of debt.

The Code permits deposits only to City Council-approved depositories, which must be regularly organized state or national banks and federal and state savings and loan associations, located within the City, whose deposits are federally insured.

Investments authorized by the Code include interest-bearing general obligations of the City, State, and U.S. Government; U.S. Treasury bills and other noninterest-bearing general obligations of the U.S. Government purchased in the open market below face value; commercial paper and State and Local Government Series (SLGS), domestic money market funds regulated and in good standing with the Securities and Exchange Commission and tax anticipation warrants issued by the City. The City is prohibited by ordinance from

investing in derivative instruments, as defined, without City Council approval. The City values its investments at fair value or amortized cost. U.S. Government securities purchased at a price other than par with a maturity of less than or equal to one year are reported at amortized cost.

The City's four retirement plans are authorized to invest in bonds, notes, and other obligations of the U.S. Government; corporate debentures and obligations; insured mortgage notes and loans; common and preferred stocks; stock options; real estate; and other investment vehicles as set forth in the Illinois Compiled Statutes. These investments are reported at fair value.

Repurchase agreements can be purchased only from banks and certain other institutions authorized to do business in the State. The City Treasurer requires that securities that are pledged to secure these agreements have a fair value equal to the cost of the repurchase agreements plus accrued interest.

Investments generally may not have a maturity date in excess of thirty years from the date of purchase. Certain other investments are held in accordance with the specific provisions of applicable ordinances.

Cash equivalents include certificates of deposit and other investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

Deficit cash balances result in interfund borrowings from the aggregate of funds other than escrowed funds. Interest income and expense are generally not recognized on these interfund borrowings.

State statutes, the City and the City's Pension Plans' policies permit lending securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. Securities lent at year-end for cash collateral are presented as not categorized in the schedule of custodial credit risk; securities lent for securities collateral are classified according to the category for the collateral.

Securities Lending by the Pension Plans - The State Statutes and the Board of Trustees permit the Pension Plans to lend its securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return collateral for the same securities in the future. The Plans' custodians, acting as the lending agent, lend securities for collateral in the form of cash, U.S. Government obligations and irrevocable letters of credit equal to 102 percent of the fair value of domestic securities plus accrued interest and 105 percent of the fair value of foreign securities plus accrued interest. The Plan does not have the right to sell or pledge securities received as collateral unless the borrower defaults. All securities loans can be terminated on demand within a period specified in each agreement by either the Funds or the borrowers. The contracts with the Fund's custodian require the securities lending agent to indemnify the Funds.

Municipal Employees' - The average term of securities loaned was 116 days at December 31, 2020. The cash collateral is invested in tri-party repurchase agreements and bank deposits which had a weighted average maturity of 30 days at December 31, 2020.

Laborers' - The average term of securities loaned was 73 days at December 31, 2020. Cash collateral may be invested in a short-term investment pool, which had a weighted average maturity of 31 days at December 31, 2020.

Policemen's - The average term of the Fund's loan was approximately 2.2 days as of December 31, 2020. Cash collateral was reinvested in indemnified repurchase agreements which had an interest sensitivity of 1 day at December 31, 2020.

Firemen's - The average term of securities loaned was 53 days in 2020. Cash collateral may be invested in a short-term investment pool, which had a weighted average maturity of 30 days at December 31, 2020.

ii) Receivables and Payables activity between funds are representative of services rendered, outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of

interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance is based on historical trends. The estimated value of services provided but unbilled at year-end has been included in receivables.

- iii) Inventory includes government-wide inventories, which are stated at cost determined principally, using the average cost method. For proprietary funds, the costs of inventories are recorded as expenses when used (consumption method). Governmental fund inventories are accounted for using the purchases method and represent nonspendable resources because they do not represent expendable available financial resources.
- iv) Restricted Assets include certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment. These assets are classified as restricted or committed in the basic financial statements because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or specific City Council action.

The Water and Sewer funds maintain Rate Stabilization Accounts where any net revenues remaining after providing sufficient funds for all required deposits in the bond accounts may be transferred upon the direction of the City to be used for any lawful purpose of the specific fund.

The O'Hare and Midway funds maintain Passenger Facility Charge accounts as restricted as they are subject to Federal Aviation Administration regulation and approval, to finance specific eligible capital and debt-related activities and Customer Facility Charges as they are subject to State regulation to finance operating, capital, and debt-related activities.

v) Capital Assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets, or a network of assets, with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalization value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense (Governmental and Business Activities) incurred by the City during the current fiscal year was \$1,309.0 million, of which \$134.0 million was capitalized as part of the capital assets under construction projects in proprietary funds.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method, in the year subsequent to acquisition or when placed into service, over the following estimated useful lives:

Utility plant	25 -	100 years
Utility structures and improvements		
Buildings and improvements	10 -	40 years
Airport runways, aprons, tunnels, taxiways, and paved roads		30 years
Bridge infrastructure	10 -	40 years
Lighting infrastructure		25 years
Street infrastructure		25 years
Transit infrastructure	25 -	40 years
Equipment (vehicle, office, and computer)	5 -	20 years

The City has a collection of artwork and historical treasures presented for public exhibition and education that are being preserved for future generations. The proceeds from sales of any pieces of the collection are used to purchase other acquisitions. A portion of this collection is not capitalized or depreciated as part of capital assets.

- vi) Deferred Outflows represent unamortized loss on bond refundings, the fair value of derivative instruments that are deemed to be effective hedges, differences between estimated and actual investment earnings related to pensions, changes in actuarial assumptions related to pensions, and other pension related changes. Deferred Outflows for OPEB represent the difference between expected and actual non-investment experience and assumption changes.
- vii) Employee Benefits are granted for vacation and sick leave, workers' compensation, and health care. Unused vacation leave is accrued and may be partially carried over for one year. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of one day for each month worked, up to a maximum of 200 days. Severance of employment terminates all rights to receive compensation for any unused sick leave. Sick leave pay is not accrued. Employee benefit claims outstanding, including claims incurred but not reported, are estimated and recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Employees are eligible to defer a portion of their salaries until future years under the City's deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 401(a). The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Third-party administrators who maintain the investment portfolio administer the Plan. The plan's assets have been placed in trust accounts with the plan administrators for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries and are not considered assets of the City.

The City is subject to the State of Illinois Unemployment Compensation Act and has elected the reimbursing employer option for providing unemployment insurance benefits for eligible former employees. Under this option, the City reimburses the State for claims paid by the State. Expenditures for workers' compensation are recorded when paid in the governmental funds. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

- viii) Judgments and claims are included in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types. Uninsured claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. In the fund financial statements, expenditures for judgments and claims are recorded on the basis of settlements reached or judgments entered within the current fiscal year. Amounts that relate to deferred compensatory time and reserves for questioned costs are treated the same way.
- ix) Long-term obligations are included in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements. Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type

statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond insurance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt, except in the case of refunding debt transactions where the amortization period is over the term of the refunding or refunded debt, whichever is shorter.

Debt is defined as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. For disclosure purposes, debt does not include leases, except for contracts reported as a financed purchase of the underlying asset, or accounts payable.

The City enters into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates and/or cash flows on outstanding debt. For existing swaps, the net interest expenditures resulting from these arrangements are recorded as interest expense. The fair value of derivative instruments that are deemed to be effective is accounted for as deferred outflows. Derivative instruments that are deemed not effective are adjusted to fair value with the change in fair value recorded to investment earnings. Under certain bond ordinances adopted by the City Council, interest rate swaps and swaptions are authorized to be entered into by designated City officials in connection with certain bonds issued by the City. For swaps related to Midway Bonds, airline approval is also required before entering into a swap agreement.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received and discounts given on debt issued are reported as other financing sources or uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Certain debt obligations are to be paid from sales tax, motor fuel or special area taxes.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's four pension plans and additions to/deductions from the City's Pension Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Pension Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The financial statements of the Plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

- x) Deferred inflows represent amounts to be recognized as revenue on a straight line basis over the life of the related long-term lease and concession agreements and differences between projected and actual actuarial experience related to pensions, and other pension related changes. In the fund financials, grants that meet all of the eligibility criteria except for time availability and property taxes levied for a future period are also included in deferred inflows. Deferred inflows for OPEB represent the difference between expected and actual non-investment experience and assumption changes.
- xi) Net Position in the government-wide statements is classified in three components:
 - (1) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or any other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
 - (2) Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are legally restricted through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted net position for business activities are provided in Exhibit 8, Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Funds.

- (3) Unrestricted All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets." As of December 31, 2020, the unrestricted net position represents a deficit.
- 2) Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements
 - a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.
 - i) The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance total governmental funds and net position governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds." The details of this \$2,525.7 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Deferred inflows - property tax	\$ 2,099,694
Deferred inflows - grants	420,436
Deferred inflows - utility tax	5,569
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds	
- to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ 2,525,699

ii) Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Certain liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$43,810.0 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Long-term liabilities: Total bonds, notes and certificates payable Pension benefits Other postemployment benefits Pollution remediation Claims and judgments	\$ (11,779,807) (29,443,464) (1,963,340) (43,635) (1,030,153)
Total Long-term liabilities	(44,260,399)
Accounts payable - infrastructure retainage	(2,206) 55,319 213,665 1,967,763 1,411,108 (2,167,145) (69,784) (84,878) (873,413)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds - to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (43,809,970)

- b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.
 - i) The governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances total governmental funds and changes in net position governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures." However, in the

statements of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$29.9 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Capitalized asset expenditures	\$ 482,273
Donated assets	6,861
Depreciation expense	\$ (459,231)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund	
balances - total governmental funds - to arrive at	
changes in net position - governmental activities	\$ 29,903

ii) Another element of that reconciliation states that "Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position." The details of this decrease of \$501.4 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Proceeds of debt	\$ (1,483,410)
Proceeds from line of credit	(500,000)
(Premium) / Discount	(202,804)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	1,532,295
Principal retirement	177,757
Payment of cost of issuance	1,560
Interest expense	(26,748)
Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds - to arrive at changes in net position - governmental activities .	\$ (501,350)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this increase of \$551.0 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Claims and judgments	\$ 13,560
Pension costs	557,198
Other post employment benefit liabilities	(20,153)
Pollution remediation	203
Vacation	(3,293)
Inventory	3,496
Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds - to arrive at	
changes in net position - governmental activities	\$ 551,011

3) Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

- a) **Annual Appropriation Budgets** are established for the General Fund and the Vehicle Tax, Motor Fuel Tax and Project, Pension, Chicago Public Library and certain Miscellaneous, Special Events, Tourism and Festivals nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, on a non-GAAP budgetary basis:
 - i) In October, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed budget of expenditures and the means of financing them for the next year.
 - ii) The budget document is available for public inspection for at least ten days prior to passage of the annual appropriation ordinance by the City Council, which is also required to hold at least one public hearing.

- iii) Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the appropriation ordinance.
- **iv)** Subsequent to the enactment of the appropriation ordinance, the City Council has the authority to make necessary adjustments to the budget, which results in a change in total or individual appropriations. The legal level of budgetary control is designated in the budget by object grouped by purpose.
- v) All annual appropriations unused and unencumbered lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the following year. Project-length financial plans are adopted for Capital Project Funds. Appropriations for Debt Service Funds are established by bond ordinance.
- b) Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budgetary Basis The City's budgetary basis of accounting used for budget vs. actual reporting differs from GAAP. For budgetary purposes, encumbrances are recorded as expenditures but are included in "Unassigned" fund balance for GAAP purposes. For budgetary purposes, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers in are classified as revenues. For budgetary purposes prior years' resources used to cover current year budgetary expenditures are recorded as revenues. For budgetary purposes, grant reimbursements to other funds are counted as revenues and not netted against expenditures. For GAAP purposes, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers out are treated as other financing sources. For GAAP purposes, in-kind contributions and expenditures related to in-kind contributions are recorded as revenues and expenditures. Provision for doubtful account expenditures are not budgeted. A reconciliation of the different basis of revenue and expenditure recognition for the year ended December 31, 2020 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

		General Fund
Revenues, GAAP Basis	\$	3,074,181
Add:		
Grant Reimbursements netted against		
expenditures		89,985
Proceeds of Debt		-
Line of Credit		450,000
Transfers In		500,484
Deduct:		
In-Kind Contribution		(12,385)
Revenues, Budgetary Basis	\$	4,102,265
Expenditures, GAAP Basis	\$	3,668,057
Add:	*	2,222,221
Transfers Out		336,542
Grant Reimbursements netted against		
expenditures		89,985
Encumbered in 2020		19,684
Deduct:		
In-Kind Contribution		(12,385)
Payments on Prior Years' Encumbrances		(1,357)
Provision for Doubtful Accounts and Other		(350)
Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$	4,100,176

c) Individual Fund Deficits include the Chicago Skyway Fund, an Enterprise Fund, which has a deficit fund balance of \$1,303.1 million which management anticipates will be funded through recognition of deferred inflows. Midway International Airport Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$323.3 million which will be funded through future revenues. Federal State and Local Grants, a governmental fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$303.3 million and will be funded by the recognition of deferred grant inflows. The Service Concession and Reserve Fund, a Special Revenue Fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$725.6 million which will be funded through the recognition of deferred inflows. The Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund, a Debt Service Fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$3,417.0 million which will be funded through the amortization of the deferred inflow (reclassed to Due to Other Funds on the blended fund financials) associated with the City's sale of sales tax revenues to the STSC. The STSC is a blended component unit and for presentation purposes deferred

inflows have been reclassified as internal balances. The Non-Major Special Revenue Funds have a deficit fund balance of \$71.7 million, which will be funded through future revenues.

4) Restricted and Unrestricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

a) Investments As of December 31, 2020, the City had the following Investments (dollars in thousands):

Investment Type					
	Less Than 1	1-5 6-10		More Than 10	Total
City Funds					
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 25,908	\$ 22,703	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,611
State and Local	-	11,038	-	-	11,038
Agency MBS	-	-	74,974	509,942	584,916
Agency Bonds	90,263	1,043,899	16,822	-	1,150,984
Commercial Paper	2,681,063	1,001	-	-	2,682,064
Corporate ABS	68,881	219,190	73,854	. <u>-</u>	361,925
Corporate Bonds	165,425	523,644	406,436	296,709	1,392,214
Corporate Equity	974	-	-	-	974
Money Market Funds	1,839,690	-	-	-	1,839,690
Municipal Bonds	151,202	424,595	271,441	284,118	1,131,356
Total City Funds	\$ 5,023,406	\$ 2,246,070	\$ 843,527	\$ 1,090,769	\$ 9,203,772

^{*} In 2019, structured products issued by US Agencies were classified as Asset Backed Securities. In 2020, Asset Backed Securities were further divided into Agency MBS and Corporate ABS.

Included in the table above are investments held with escrow agent.

Pension Trust Funds					
U.S. and Foreign					
Government Agencies	\$ 55,185	\$ 141,294	\$ 143,940	\$ 243,021	\$ 583,440
Corporate Bonds	874,067	302,946	261,762	164,859	1,603,634
Corporate Equities	4,295,701	-	-	-	4,295,701
Pooled Funds	172,800	2,935	14,886	-	190,621
Real Estate	610,621	-	-	-	610,621
Securities Received from					
Securities Lending	400,045	-	-	-	400,045
Venture Capital	633,213	-	-	-	633,213
Certificates of Deposit and					
Other Short-term	260,313	-	-	-	260,313
Derivatives	218	-	-	-	218
Other	170,982	 105,251	19,526	-	295,759
Total Pension Trust Funds	\$ 7,473,145	\$ 552,426	\$ 440,114	\$ 407,880	\$ 8,873,565
Total	\$ 12,496,551	\$ 2,798,496	\$ 1,283,641	\$ 1,498,649	\$ 18,077,337

City's Fair Value Measurements for Investments:

The City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation techniques used to measure fair value.

Level 1 - Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than quoted market prices, and

Level 3 - Unobservable Inputs

Investments that are valued using net asset value per share (NAV) (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy. Investments that are valued through other observable inputs (Level 2), are valued using methods that include, but are not limited to, model processes, benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings, and matrix pricing.

The City's investments measured at fair value as of December 31, 2020 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Investments by Fair Value Level	Le	Level 1 Level 2		vel 1 Level 2		Level 3	
U.S. Treasuries	\$	-	\$	33,617	\$	-	
State and Local		-		11,038		-	
Agency MBS		-		584,916		-	
Agency Bonds		-		1,107,386		-	
Commercial Paper		-		1,001		-	
Commercial ABS		-		354,424		-	
Corporate Bonds		-		1,388,767		-	
Municipal Bonds		-		1,092,516		-	
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$	-	\$	4,573,665	\$	-	

Money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less and are held by governments other than the external investment pools are measured at amortized cost and are not reflected in the table above. The total of these investments at amortized cost for the City are \$4,630.1 million.

Pension Trust Funds' Investments measured at fair value as of December 31, 2020 are as follows (Dollars in thousands):

Summary	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
U.S.and Foreign					
Government Agencies	\$ 583,440	\$ -	\$ 583,440	\$ -	
Corporate Bonds	1,148,417	-	1,148,416	1	
Corporate Equities	3,815,333	3,812,516	1,008	1,809	
Pooled Funds	102,523	13,034	89,489	-	
Securities Received from					
Securities Lending	400,045	-	400,045	-	
Venture Capital	6,434	-	-	6,434	
Certificates of Deposit					
and Other Short-term	210,502	24,701	185,776	25	
Derivatives	218	-	218	-	
Other	126,989	-	126,989	-	
Subtotal	6,393,901	3,850,251	2,535,381	8,269	
Pension Trust Funds' Investments measured at net asset value: Corporate Bonds	\$ 455,217	Unfunded Commitments \$ 20,072	Redemption Frequency Daily		Redemption Notice 5 days
Corporate Equities	480,368	\$ 20,072	Dally		5 uays
Pooled Funds	88,098	-			
Real Estate	610,621	59,721	Quarterly - One	en-end	10,30 or 365 Days -
redi Estate	010,021	37,721	Quarterly - Open-end, Note eligible - Closed - end, As needed, N/A, Illiquid		Open-end, 30 - 45 days Not eligible, N/A
Venture Capital	626,779	165,624	Not eligible, As needed, N/A, Illiquid, Close-end		N/A, 30 - 95 days, Not eligible
Certificates of Deposit					
and Other Short-term	49,811	-			
Other *	168,770	27,260	Quarterly, Illiqu	uid	45 Days, N/A
Subtotal	2,479,664				
Pension Trust Funds' Investments Total	\$ 8,873,565				

^{*} Other includes Fixed Assets & Hedge Fund of Funds.

Corporate bonds - Include debt instruments created by companies for the purpose of raising capital and pay a specified amount of interest on a regular basis.

Corporate equities - Include investments in funds primarily holding publicly traded US and non-US equity securities.

Pooled funds - Include investments that are pooled to maximize the total return.

Real estate funds - Include investments in open and closed-end real estate funds. Investments in open-end funds have limited redemption availability as redemption opportunities are based on available liquidity. Closed-end funds do not offer redemptions. Distributions from closed-end funds will be received as the underlying investments are liquidated.

Venture capital - Includes investments where the objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation, preserve capital, and achieve a consistent pattern of returns through investments in limited partnerships, privately issued securities, private equity funds, and other pooled investments with a focus on the venture sector and undervalued alternative investments. Closed-end limited partnership interests are generally illiquid and cannot be redeemed.

Short-term investments - Include short-term investments of high quality and low risk to protect capital while achieving investment returns.

Other - Includes Hedge Funds of long/short equity hedge fund-of-funds.

- i) Interest Rate Risk The interest rate risk, or market risk, refers to the chance that investments in bonds also known as fixed-income securities will suffer as the result of unexpected interest rate changes. However, the City mitigates interest rate risks by diversifying portfolios to include a multitude of different bonds that have varying maturation schedules.
- ii) Credit Risk With regard to credit risk, the Code limits the investments in securities to:
 - (1) Interest-bearing general obligations of the United States and the State of Illinois;
 - (2) United States treasury bills and other non-interest-bearing general obligations of the United States or United States government agencies when offered for sale at a price below the face value of same, so as to afford the City a return on such investment in lieu of interest;
 - (3) Tax anticipation warrants, municipal bonds, notes, commercial paper or other instruments representing a debt obligation issued by the City, the Chicago Board of Education, the Chicago Housing Authority, the Chicago Park District, the Chicago Transit Authority, and the City Colleges of Chicago;
 - (4) Commercial paper which: (1) at the time of purchase, is rated in the two highest classifications by at least two accredited ratings agencies; and (2) matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase;
 - (5) Reverse repurchase agreement if: (1) the term does not exceed 90 days; and (2) the maturity of the investment acquired with the proceeds of the reverse repurchase agreement does not exceed the expiration date of the reverse repurchase agreement. Reverse repurchase agreements may be transacted with primary dealers and financial institutions, provided that the City has on file a master repurchase agreement;
 - (6) Certificates of deposit of banks or savings and loan associations designated as municipal depositories which are insured by federal deposit insurance; provided that any amount of the deposit in excess of the federal deposit insurance shall be collateralized as noted in *Custodial Credit Risk – Cash and Certificates of Deposit* below;
 - (7) Bankers acceptance of banks whose senior obligations, at the time of purchase, are rated in either the AAA or AA rating categories by at least two accredited ratings agencies;
 - (8) Tax-exempt securities exempt from federal arbitrage provisions applicable to investments of proceeds of the City's tax-exempt debt obligations;
 - (9) Domestic money market mutual funds regulated by and in good standing with the Securities and Exchange Commission; provided that such money market mutual funds' portfolios are limited to investments authorized by this section;
 - (10)Any other suitable investment instrument permitted by state laws governing municipal investments generally, subject to the reasonable exercise of prudence in making investments of public funds;
 - (11)Except where otherwise restricted or prohibited, a non-interest-bearing savings account, non- interest-bearing checking account or other non-interest bearing demand account established in a national or state bank, or a federal or state savings and loan association, when, in the determination of the treasurer, the placement of such funds in the non-interest bearing account is used as compensating balances to offset fees associated with that account that will result in cost savings to the City;
 - (12)Bonds of companies organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$1.0 billion that, at the time of purchase, are rated not less than two classes above investment grade, or equivalent rating, by at least two accredited ratings agencies;
 - (13) Debt instruments of international financial institutions, including but not limited to the World Bank and

the International Monetary Fund, that, at the time of purchase, are rated within four intermediate credit ratings of the United States sovereign credit rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies, but not less than an A-rating, or equivalent rating. The maturity of investments authorized in this subsection shall not exceed 10 years. For purposes of this subsection, an "international financial institution" means a financial institution that has been established or chartered by more than one country and the owners or shareholders are generally national governments or other international institutions such as the United Nations;

- (14)United States dollar denominated debt instruments of foreign sovereignties that, at the time of purchase, are rated within four intermediate credit ratings of the United States sovereign credit rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies, but not less than an A-rating or equivalent rating;
- (15)Interest-bearing bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, of the State of Illinois, of any other state, or of any political subdivision or agency of the State of Illinois or of any other state, whether the interest earned thereon is taxable or tax-exempt under federal law. The bonds shall be registered in the name of the City or held under a custodial agreement at a bank. The bonds shall be rated, at the time of purchase, not less than A-, or equivalent rating, by at least two accredited rating agencies with nationally recognized expertise in rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions;
- (16)Bonds registered and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and for which the full faith and credit of the State of Israel is pledged for payment; provided that the bonds have an A-rating or above or equivalent rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies;
- (17)Bonds, notes, debentures, or other similar obligations of agencies of the United States rated, at the time of purchase, no less than AAA by at least two accredited rating agencies.
- (18) Asset-backed or agency mortgage-backed securities, any of which are rated at least investment grade by at least two accredited rating agencies, but no funds may be invested in: (1) obligations the payment of which represents the coupon payments on the outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral that pays no principal (e.g., MBS Interest-Only Strips); (2) obligations the payment of which represents the principal balance repayments from the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral that pays no interest (e.g., MBS Principal-Only Strips); (3) collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMOs") that have a stated final maturity date of greater than 10 years; and (4) CMOs the interest rate of which is determined in a manner that adjusts in the opposite direction to the changes in a market index (e.g.. Inverse Floating Rate CMOs).
- (19)Interest in the Chicago Community Catalyst Fund.

Total holdings across all funds held by the City shall have no less than an overall average rating of Aa1 on a quarterly basis, as rated by two accredited rating agencies.

The following schedule summarizes the City's and Pension Trust Funds' exposure to credit risk (in thousands):

			Pei	nsion Trust
Quality Rating	ng City Quality Rating			Funds
Aaa/AAA	\$ 3,834,720	Aaa/AAA	\$	158,827
Aa/AA	1,237,930	Aa/AA		85,624
A/A	824,351	A/A		209,459
Baa/BBB	230,210	Baa/BBB		249,103
Ba/BB	-	Ba/BB		129,237
B/B	-	B/B		107,395
Caa/CCC	-	Caa/CCC		21,482
Ca	-	Ca/CC		239
C/CC	-	CC/C		949
D/D	-	D/D		1,821
P1/A1	2,113,116	Not Rated		211,543
P2/A2	620,983	Other		385,326
MIG1/SP-1+	-			
MIG2/SP-1+	-			
Not Rated*	342,462			
Total Funds	\$ 9,203,772		\$	1,561,005

^{*} Not rated is primarily composed of money market mutual funds.

iii) Custodial Credit Risk – Cash and Certificates of Deposit: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's Deposits may not be returned. The City's Investment Policy states that to protect the City public fund deposits, depository institutions are to maintain collateral pledges on City deposits and certificates of deposit during the term of the deposit.

For deposits in banks or savings and loan associations designated as municipal depositories which are insured by federal deposit insurance, any amount of the deposit in excess of the federal deposit insurance shall be either: (1) fully collateralized at least 102 percent by: (i) marketable U.S. government securities marked to market at least monthly; (ii) bonds, notes, or other securities constituting the direct and general obligation of any agency or instrumentality of the United States; or (iii) bonds, notes or other securities constituting a direct and general obligation of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, of the State of Illinois or of any other state, or of any political subdivision or agency of the State of Illinois or any other state which are rated in either the AAA or AA rating categories by at least two accredited ratings agencies and maintaining such rating during the term of such investments; (2) secured by a corporate surety bond issued by an insurance company licensed to do business in the State of Illinois and having a claims-paying rating in the top rating category as rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and maintaining such rating during the term of such investment; or (3) fully collateralized at least 102 percent by an irrevocable letter of credit issued in favor of the City by the Federal Home Loan Bank, provided that the Federal Home Loan Bank's short-term debt obligations are rated in the highest rating category by at least one accredited ratings agency throughout the term of the deposit.

The collateral required to secure City funds must be held in third-party safekeeping and pursuant to collateral agreements which would prohibit release or substitution of pledged assets without proper written notification and authorization of the City Treasurer. The final maturity of acceptable collateral pledged shall not exceed 120 months.

The bank balance of cash and certificates of deposit with the City's various municipal depositories was \$725.3 million. 99.4 percent of the bank balance was either insured or collateralized with securities held by City agents in the City's name. \$4.6 million was uncollateralized at December 31, 2020, and thus was subject to custodial credit risk.

- iv) Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City limits custodial credit risk exposure because investment securities are registered in the City's name and held by the City's third-party custodians.
- v) Foreign Currency Risk In the case of the Pension Trust Funds, this is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The risk of loss is managed by limiting its exposure to fair value loss by requiring their international securities managers to maintain diversified portfolios. The following schedule summarizes the Pension Trust Funds' exposure to foreign currency risk (in thousands):

Foreign Currency Risk	
Argentine Peso	\$ 120
Australian Dollar	51,967
Brazilian Real	27,994
British Pound	172,690
Canadian Dollar	60,130
Chilean Peso	2,415
Chinese Yuan	4,992
Columbian Peso	4,379
Czech Republic Koruna	3,151
Danish Krone	51,490
Egyptian Pound	639
European Euro	376,459
HK Chinese Yuan Renminbi	18,599
Hong Kong Dollar	185,606
Hungarian Forint	1,212
Indian Rupee	38,901
Indonesian Rupiah	16,307
Japanese Yen	278,855
Kenyan Shilling	273
Kuwaiti Dinar	172
Malaysian Ringgit	3,260
Mexican Peso	16,555
New Israeli Shekel	7,542
New Taiwan Dollar	65,303
New Zealand Dollar	2,139
Norwegian Krone	16,857
Philippines Peso	4,605
Polish Zloty	3,422
Qatari Rial	428
Russian Ruble	3,222
Singapore Dollar	12,004
South African Rand	20,044
South Korean Won	74,742
Swedish Krona	52,440
Swiss Franc	83,873
Taiwan Dollar	7,834
Thailand Baht	6,990
Turkish Lira	1,299
United Arab Emirates Dirham	178
Vietnamese Dong	 195
Total Pension Trust Funds	\$ 1,679,283

vi) The following schedule summarizes the cash and investments reported in the basic financial statements (dollars in thousands):

Per Note 4:	
Investments - City	\$ 9,203,772
Investments - Pension Trust Funds	8,873,565
	\$ 18,077,337
Per Financial Statements:	
Restricted Investments	\$ 3,473,548
Unrestricted Investments	2,661,673
Investments with Fiduciary Funds	8,310,158
Investments with Escrow Agent	523,970
Invested Securities Lending Collateral	400,045
Investments Included as Cash and Cash	
Equivalents on the Statement of Net Position	2,707,943
	\$ 18,077,337

5) Property Tax

The City's property tax becomes a lien on real property on January 1 of the year it is levied. The Cook County Assessor (Assessor) is responsible for the assessment of all taxable real property within Cook County (County), except for certain railroad property assessed directly by the State. The County Board has established a triennial cycle of reassessment in which one-third of the County will be reassessed each year on a repeating schedule established by the Assessor.

Property in the County is separated into multiple classifications for assessment purposes. After the Assessor establishes the fair market value of a parcel of land, that value is multiplied by one of the classification percentages to arrive at the assessed valuation (Assessed Valuation) for that parcel. These percentages range from 10.0 percent for certain residential, commercial, and industrial property to 25.0 percent for other commercial and industrial property.

In addition, the City uses Tax Increment Financing (TIF) for Special Areas. TIF Funds are used to build and repair roads and infrastructure, clean polluted land and put vacant properties back to productive use, usually in conjunction with private development projects. Funds are generated by growth in the Equalized Assessed Valuation (EAV) of properties within a designated district over a period of 23 years. Funding levels for specific projects are coordinated with area plans and goals. When an area is declared a TIF district, a base EAV is established and the amount of property tax distributed annually among the seven taxing bodies in the city from that area is limited to that derived from the base EAV. As property values increase in the area, all property tax growth generated from any incremental EAV above the base EAV can be used to fund redevelopment projects within the TIF district. The increase, or increment, can be used to pay back bonds issued to pay upfront costs, or can be used on a pay-as-you-go basis for individual projects. At the conclusion of the 23-year period, the TIF district expires and the incremental EAV is returned to the base EAV and all of the property tax revenue from the area is distributed annually among the seven taxing bodies in the city.

The Illinois Department of Revenue has the statutory responsibility of ensuring uniformity of real property assessments throughout the State. Each year, the Illinois Department of Revenue furnishes the county clerks with an adjustment factor to equalize the level of assessment among counties. This factor (Equalization Factor) is then applied to the Assessed Valuation to compute the valuation of property to which a tax rate will be applied (Equalized Assessed Valuation). The County Clerk adds the Equalized Assessed Valuation of all real property in the County to the valuation of property assessed directly by the State of Illinois and subtracts total amounts of EAV in Tax Increment Financing Districts to arrive at the base amount (Tax Base) used in calculating the annual tax rates.

The County Clerk computes the annual tax rate by dividing the levy by the Tax Base and then computes the rate for each parcel of real property by aggregating the tax rates of all governmental units having jurisdiction over that particular parcel. The County Treasurer then issues the tax bills. Property taxes are deposited with the County Treasurer, who remits to the City its respective share of the collections. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two

installments during the following year on March 1 and August 1 or 30 days from mailing of tax bills if later than July 1. The first installment is 55.0 percent of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment tax bill equals the total tax liability for the year minus the first installment tax bill amount.

The City Council adopted an ordinance effective in 1994 limiting the City's aggregate property tax levy to an amount equal to the prior year's aggregate property tax levy plus the lesser of (a) five percent or (b) the percentage increase in the annualized Consumer Price Index. The ordinance provides an exception for that portion of any property tax debt service levy equal to the aggregate interest and principal payments on the City's general obligation bonds and notes during the 12-month period ended January 1, 1994, subject to annual increase in the manner described above for the aggregate levy, all as provided by the ordinance. Most general obligation bond levies approved after 2001 have also been excluded from this limit. In 2015, the City Council added an exception for portions of the property tax levy used to meet the City's pension obligations.

6) Interfund Balances and Transfers

a) The following balances at December 31, 2020 represent due from/to balances among all funds (dollars in thousands):

Fund Type/Fund	Due From	Due To			
Governmental Funds:					
General	\$ 328,989	\$ 263,367			
Federal, State and Local Grants	38,810	358,920			
Special Taxing Areas	355,911	2,536			
Service Concession and Reserve	-	28,803			
Bond, Note Redemption and Interest *	66,423	3,605,480			
STSC Debt Service *	3,456,986	-			
Community Development and Improvement Projects	7,006	18,822			
Pension	130,633	87,154			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	310,160	464,664			
Total Governmental Funds	4,694,918	4,829,746			
Enterprise Funds:					
Water	49,805	18,270			
Sewer	28,528	47,589			
Chicago Midway International Airport	3,176	12,681			
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	53,531	8,811			
Chicago Skyway	-	15			
Total Enterprise Funds	135,040	87,366			
Fiduciary activities:					
Pension Trust	87,154				
Total Fiduciary activities	87,154				
Total	\$ 4,917,112	\$ 4,917,112			

The balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

^{*} The STSC is a blended component unit of the City. The due from balance within the STSC Debt Service fund relates to the reclassification of amounts as a result of blending deferred outflows. The Due From within the STSC Debt Service fund and the Due To within the City's Bond, Notes Redemption and Interest fund represent the sale of sales tax revenues that will be amortized over the duration of the related bonds.

b) The following balances at December 31, 2020 represent interfund transfers among all funds (dollars in thousands):

Fund Type/Fund	<u>Tr</u>	ansfer In	Tr	Transfer Out			
Governmental Funds:							
General	\$	500,484	\$	336,542			
Federal, State and Local Grants		-		4,000			
Special Taxing Areas		17,271		35,612			
Service Concession and Reserve		-		16,029			
Bond, Note Redemption and Interest		164,055		115,001			
STSC Debt Service *		-		164,055			
Community Development and Improvement Projects		5,956		18,680			
Pension		543,798		-			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds *		170,689		709,794			
Total Governmental Funds		1,402,253		1,399,713			
Business-type activities:							
Water		-		2,420			
Sewer		-		120			
Total Business-type activities		-		2,540			
Total	\$	1,402,253	\$	1,402,253			

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that the statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them and to move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due.

^{*} The STSC is a blended component unit of the City. Included within the Transfer Out balance of the Nonmajor Governmental Funds is the transfer of the residual sales tax revenues from the STSC General Fund (blended as a nonmajor special revenue fund) to the City's General Fund.

7) Capital Assets

a) Capital Assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	•	Balance January 1, 2020		Additions and Transfers		isposals and ransfers		Balance cember 31, 2020
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,409,286	\$	1,652	\$	(39)	\$	1,410,899
Works of Art and Historical Collections		48,345		323		(48)		48,620
Construction in Progress		505,052		365,911		(212,733)		658,230
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,962,683		367,886		(212,820)		2,117,749
Capital assets, being depreciated:		0.707.000		50.404		(0)		0.045.000
Buildings and Other Improvements		2,787,209		58,431		(8)		2,845,632
Machinery and EquipmentInfrastructure		1,698,959 10,421,055		96,567 173,888		(9,772)		1,785,754 10,594,943
Total capital assets, being depreciated		14,907,223		328,886		(9,780)		15,226,329
		14,907,223		320,000		(9,700)		13,220,329
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and Other Improvements		1,267,589		72,129		(8)		1,339,710
Machinery and Equipment		1,407,448		61,808		(8,469)		1,460,787
Infrastructure		5,403,969		325,294		-		5,729,263
Total accumulated depreciation		8,079,006		459,231		(8,477)		8,529,760
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		6,828,217		(130,345)		(1,303)		6,696,569
Total governmental activities	\$	8,790,900	\$	237,541	\$	(214,123)	\$	8,814,318
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Φ	4 000 505	Φ	0.047	Φ		Φ	4 000 470
Land	\$	1,028,525	\$	9,647	\$	- (706,250)	\$	1,038,172
Construction in Progress		2,075,543 3,104,068		1,140,116 1,149,763		(706,250)		2,509,409 3,547,581
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		3,104,000		1,149,703		(700,230)		3,347,361
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Other Improvements		21,639,277		848,991		(36,309)		22,451,959
Machinery and Equipment		844,261		63,126		(30,309)		903,286
Total capital assets, being depreciated		22,483,538		912,117		(40,410)		23,355,245
Less accumulated depreciation for:		22,400,000		512,117		(40,410)		20,000,240
Buildings and Other Improvements		6,685,029		459,192		(7,875)		7,136,346
Machinery and Equipment		462,336		24,282		(365)		486,253
Total accumulated depreciation		7,147,365		483,474		(8,240)		7,622,599
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		15,336,173		428,643		(32,170)		15,732,646
Total business-type activities	\$	18,440,241	\$	1,578,406	\$	(738,420)		19,280,227
	\$		$\dot{=}$		=		Ė	
Total Capital Assets	Φ	27,231,141	\$	1,815,947	\$	(952,543)	Ф	28,094,545

b) **Depreciation expense** was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows (dollars in thousands):

Governmental activities:		
General Government	\$	28,393
Public Safety		57,041
Streets and Sanitation		17,340
Transportation		335,468
Health		630
Cultural and Recreational		20,359
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental activities	\$	459,231
. State 2 sprissianieri 2/perios Certerinieria dell'inice ini	_	100,00
Business-type activities:		100,-01
·	\$	82,253
Business-type activities:		,
Business-type activities: Water		82,253
Business-type activities: Water		82,253 50,964
Business-type activities: Water Sewer Chicago Midway International Airport		82,253 50,964 50,018

8) Leases

a) Operating Leases

The City leases building and office facilities under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were approximately \$25.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows (dollars in thousands):

2021	\$ 16,894
2022	14,355
2023	14,123
2024	13,948
2025	14,797
2026-2030	74,746
2031-2035	76,876
2036-2040	2,152
2041-2042	44
Total Future Rental Expense	\$ 227,935

b) Lease Receivables

Most of the O'Hare land, buildings and terminal space are leased under operating lease agreements to airlines and other tenants. The following is a schedule of the minimum future rental income on noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2020 (dollars in thousands):

2021	\$ 367,523
2022	365,349
2023	356,454
2024	338,974
2025	338,763
2026 - 2030	1,673,443
2031 - 2035	1,116,416
2036 - 2040	301,380
2041 - 2045	292,231
2046 - 2050	220,851
2051 - 2055	65,335
Total Minimum Future Rental Income	\$ 5,436,719

Contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases based on the tenants' revenues or fuel consumption are not included in minimum future rental income. Rental income for O'Hare, consisting of all rental and concession revenues except ramp rentals and automobile parking, amounted to \$474.8 million, including contingent rentals of \$23.0 million.

Most of the Midway land and terminal space is leased under operating lease agreements to airlines and other tenants. The following is a schedule of the minimum future rental income on noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2020 (dollars in thousands):

2021	\$ 77,761
2022	78,968
2023	79,854
2024	80,813
2025	79,351
2026 - 2030	249,908
2031 - 2035	69,970
2036 - 2040	2,503
2041 - 2045	1,168
Total Minimum Future Rental Income	\$ 720,296

Contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases based on tenants' revenues are not included in minimum future rental income. Rental income for Midway, consisting of all rental and concession revenues except aircraft parking fees and certain departure fees (turns) and automobile parking, amounted to \$137.6 million, including contingent rentals of \$51.2 million.

9) Short-term Debt

There was no short-term debt issued during 2020.

10) Long-term Obligations

a) Long-term Debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows (in thousands):

	Balance January 1, 2020		January 1,				De	Balance ecember 31, 2020	Dι	mounts ie within ne Year
Governmental activities:										
Bonds and notes payable:										
General obligation and other debt Line of Credit (LOC)	\$	7,908,489 -	\$	466,495 500,000	\$	1,620,732 -	\$	6,754,252 500,000	\$	63,893
Total General Obligation Debt, other debt and LOC		7,908,489		966,495		1,620,732		7,254,252		63,893
Tax increment		16,195		-		4,135		12,060		4,375
Revenue		245,414		-		66,312		179,102		5,037
STSC		2,641,865		1,016,915		3,000		3,655,780		3,150
		10,811,963		1,983,410		1,694,179		11,101,194		76,455
Add unamortized premium/(discount)		193,890		202,804		54,070		342,624		-
Add accretion of capital appreciation bonds		330,174		28,751		22,936		335,989		25,673
Total bonds, notes and certificates payable		11,336,027		2,214,965		1,771,185		11,779,807		102,128
Other liabilities:										
Net pension liability		28,252,526		1,190,938		-		29,443,464		-
Net other postemployment benefits liability		828,787		1,134,553		-		1,963,340		-
Pollution remediation		43,838		-		203		43,635		-
Claims and judgments		1,043,713		182,117		195,677		1,030,153		210,554
Total other liabilities		30,168,864		2,507,608		195,880		32,480,592		210,554
Total governmental activities	\$	41,504,891	\$	4,722,573	\$	1,967,065	\$	44,260,399	\$	312,682
Business-type activities:										
Revenue bonds and notes payable:										
Water	\$	2,497,156	\$	11,017	\$	99,399	\$	2,408,774	\$	104,492
Sewer		1,895,495		121,325		63,686		1,953,134		68,023
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport		10,047,551		1,219,115		1,657,100		9,609,566		194,650
Chicago Midway International Airport		1,677,005		20,000		48,185		1,648,820		53,895
		16,117,207		1,371,457		1,868,370		15,620,294		421,060
Add unamortized premium/(discount)		920,786		143,039		116,373		947,452		-
Add accretion of capital appreciation bonds		75,114		5,390		7,148		73,356		9,498
Net pension liability		3,535,131		62,189		82,533		3,514,787		-
Total business-type activities	\$	20,648,238	\$	1,582,075	\$	2,074,424	\$	20,155,889	\$	430,558
Total long-term obligations	\$	62,153,129	\$	6,304,648	\$	4,041,489	\$	64,416,288	\$	743,240

The Net pension liability will be liquidated through a Special Revenue Fund (Pension Fund) as provided by tax levy and other operating revenues. The Net other postemployment benefit liability will be liquidated with resources from the General Fund.

b) Issuance of New Debt

i) General Obligation Line of Credit

In December 2020, the City drew \$500.0 million from a new General Obligation Line of Credit to address 2020 fiscal year revenue shortfalls due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Line of Credit has an extension provision to June 30, 2022. The interest rate as of December 31, 2020, was 1.9875 percent. The Line of Credit is a direct and general obligation of the City payable from any funds legally available but there is no specific property tax levy dedicated to the payment of debt service. In an Event of Default, the interest rate would be set at the Default Rate and all outstanding amounts may become immediately due. The Default Rate is equal to the greater of the then applicable interest rate plus 3 percent or 10.5 percent, provided, however, that the Default Rate shall never exceed the Maximum Rate of 18 percent. In addition, at December 31, 2020, the City had an unused line of credit of \$100.0 million.

ii) General Obligation Bonds

The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020A (\$466.5 million) bonds were sold at a premium (\$89.4 million) in January 2020. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2021 to January 1, 2032. The net proceeds of \$551.6 million were used by the City to refund certain outstanding General Obligation bonds and to fund capitalized interest. The refunding of the bonds decreased the City's total debt service payments by \$104.6 million, resulting in a net economic gain of approximately \$91.3 million and a book gain of approximately \$3.3 million.

iii) Enterprise Fund Revenue Bonds and Notes

Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Senior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A Non-AMT (\$494.3 million), Series 2020B Non-AMT Private Activity (\$137.2 million), Series 2020C Non-AMT (\$59.9 million), Series 2020D Taxable (\$465.8 million) and Series 2020E Non-AMT (\$61.9 million) were sold at a premium (\$143.1 million) in October 2020. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 0.96 percent to 5.00 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2023 to January 1, 2040. The net proceeds of \$1,362.2 million were used to refund certain maturities (\$1,344.8 million) of General Airport Revenue Bonds outstanding, to fund the debt service reserve (\$6.6 million) and to pay the cost of issuance of the bonds (\$10.8 million). The current refunding of the bonds decreased the City's total debt service payments by \$241.3 million, resulting in a net economic gain of approximately \$179.2 million and a book loss of approximately \$10.7 million.

In 2020, \$20.0 million of Chicago Midway International Airport Commercial Paper Notes were issued. Outstanding Midway Commercial Paper Notes on December 31, 2020 were \$20.0 million. The proceeds were used to finance portions of the costs of authorized airport projects. At December 31, 2020, Midway had an unused line of credit of \$40.0 million. In an Event of Default, the Facility Fee rate that is in effect on the date of the default will increase by 1.00 percent per annum. In the event of long-term rating assigned to the Junior Lien Obligation Bonds, by either S&P or Fitch, the Facility Fee rate then in effect will increase by 1.00 percent per annum.

A loan agreement was signed on March 18, 2019, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency as part of a 5-year rehabilitation program conducted throughout the city. Approximately 9 miles of 12-to-60-inch diameter sewer main will replace existing, aging sewer main. In 2020, the Sewer Fund drew \$29.8 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.84 percent with a maturity from April 7, 2021 to October 7, 2040.

A loan agreement was signed on December 14, 2020, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency of a 5-year rehabilitation program conducted throughout the city. Approximately 26,900 lineal feet of 12-to-60-inch diameter sewer main will replace existing, aging sewer main. In 2020, the Sewer Fund drew \$48.9 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.84 percent with a maturity from April 9, 2021 to April 9, 2040.

A loan agreement was signed on May 25, 2018, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency as part of a 5-year sewer rehabilitation program conducted throughout the City. In 2020, the Sewer Fund drew \$26.1 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.76 percent with a maturity from July 15, 2020 to January 15, 2040.

A loan agreement was signed on April 5, 2018, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency to replace linings of aging sewer mains throughout the city. In 2020, the Sewer Fund drew \$1.1 million. Total funds drawn from this loan are \$17.6 million. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.76 percent with a maturity from October 26, 2019 to April 26, 2039.

A loan agreement was signed on April 5, 2018, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency to replace 55 miles of existing sewer mains, throughout the city. In 2020, the Sewer Fund drew \$13.4 million. Total funds drawn from this loan are \$59.9 million. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.76 percent with a maturity from December 19, 2019 to December 19, 2038.

A loan agreement was signed on May 16, 2017, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency as part of a 5-year rehabilitation program conducted throughout the city. Approximately 27,600 linear feet of 12 to 60 inch diameter sewer main will replace existing aging sewer main. In 2020, the Sewer Fund drew \$1.9 million. Total funds drawn from this loan are \$27.4 million. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.75 percent with the maturity dates from May 7, 2019 to November 7, 2038.

On April 13, 2018, a loan agreement was signed with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for the citywide water main replacement program. In 2020, the Water Fund drew \$10.9 million. Total funds drawn from this loan are \$106.1 million. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.76 percent with maturity dates from November 25, 2020 to May 25, 2039.

On May 27, 2014, a loan agreement was signed with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for the Eugene Sawyer Water Purification Plant. In 2020, the Water Fund drew \$0.1 million. Total funds drawn from this loan agreement are \$44.6 million. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.99 percent with maturity dates from March 9, 2018 to September 9, 2037.

iv) STSC Bonds and Notes

The Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Second Lien Sales Tax Securitization Bonds, Series 2020A bonds were sold at a premium in January 2020, while the Taxable Series 2020B bonds were sold at par. The Series 2020A bonds have interest rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2025 and January 1, 2040; the Taxable Series 2020B bonds have interest rates ranging from 2.128 percent to 3.411 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2023 and January 1, 2043. The net proceeds of \$1,119.2 million were transferred to the City in exchange for a pledge of the City's Sales Tax Revenues and used by the City to refund or retire all or a portion of certain outstanding General Obligation bonds and to fund capitalized interest. The current refunding of the bonds decreased the City's total debt service payments by \$130.4 million, resulting in a net economic gain of approximately \$178.1 million and a book loss of approximately \$92.3 million.

c) Annual requirements listed below for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year. Except for the Business-type activities, bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2020 have been excluded because funds for their payment have been provided for. Annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding as of December 31, 2020 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	General (Obligation	Tax Increment						
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal		Int	erest			
December 31,									
2021	\$ 91,270	\$ 405,135	\$	4,375	\$	494			
2022	222,915	407,782		7,685		192			
2023	215,151	397,973		-		-			
2024	212,643	388,079		-		-			
2025	217,421	378,579		-		-			
2026-2030	1,292,244	1,715,271		-		-			
2031-2035	1,946,159	1,248,778		-		-			
2036-2040	1,668,876	581,600		-		-			
2041-2045	673,611	129,132		-		-			
2046-2048	166,830	18,679		-					
	\$ 6,707,120	\$ 5,671,008	\$	12,060	\$	686			

Amounts above exclude the Line of Credit as the timing of payments is not certain.

		Sales Tax												
		Rev	enue	<u> </u>	Se	curitizatior	ı Co	rporation		Business-ty	pe A	e Activities		
Year Ending	P	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Р	rincipal	I	Interest		Principal		Interest		
December 31,														
2021	\$	5,427	\$	7,098	\$	47,685	\$	157,282	\$	421,060	\$	717,430		
2022		5,831		6,835		79,165		155,207		339,533		712,330		
2023		6,276		6,551		109,985		152,375		512,071		694,029		
2024		6,734		6,261		113,600		148,762		562,501		670,937		
2025		7,232		5,937		118,135		144,227		601,556		635,757		
2026-2030		44,402		24,122		676,940		632,630		3,181,610		2,814,285		
2031-2035		33,782		13,816		668,580		488,238		3,521,475		1,980,324		
2036-2040		21,641		9,218		777,110		336,869		2,899,529		1,191,452		
2041-2045		27,571		5,411		741,790		169,632		1,453,086		635,504		
2046-2050		15,169		778		319,640		21,732		1,216,242		360,449		
2051-2054		-	_	-		-		-		891,631		93,885		
	\$	174,065	\$	86,027	\$ 3	3,652,630	\$ 2	2,406,954	\$ 1	5,600,294	\$	10,506,382		

For the debt requirements calculated above, interest rates for fixed rate bonds debt range from 0.12 percent to 7.781 percent and interest on variable rate debt was calculated at the rate in effect or the effective rate of a related swap agreement, if applicable, as of December 31, 2020. Letters of credit were issued by third party financial institutions that are expected to be financially capable of honoring their agreements.

O'Hare and Midway have variable rate bonds that may bear interest from time to time at a flexible rate, a daily rate, a weekly rate, an adjustable long rate, or the fixed rate as determined by the remarketing agent, in consultation with the City. An irrevocable letter of credit provides for the timely payment of principal and interest on the O'Hare's and Midway's variable rate Bonds. In the event that variable rate bonds are tendered by the owners thereof for purchase by the City and not successfully remarketed, the City would be obligated to reimburse the letter of credit bank for amounts drawn under the letter of credit to fund the purchase of such tendered bonds. If the City fails to reimburse the bank, the City's obligation to reimburse the bank may be converted to a term loan. There are no term loans currently outstanding under any reimbursement agreement. As of December 31, 2020, the principal balance of variable rate bonds was \$0 million and \$237.3 million for O'Hare and Midway, respectively.

d) Derivatives

i) Interest Rate Swaps

(1) Objective of the swaps. In order to protect against the potential of rising interest rates and/or changes in cash flows, the City has entered into various separate interest rate swaps at a cost less than what the City would have paid to issue fixed-rate debt. Midway has the following outstanding swaps (dollars in thousands):

	Fair Value at							
	Changes in Fa	air Value	December 3	Notional				
	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	Amount			
Business-type Activities Hedges:								
Interest Data Curana	Deferred Outflow of	Ф (4 5 44)	Deferred Outflow of	Ф (20 4 7 2)	Ф 440 COE			
Interest Rate Swaps	Resources	\$ (4,514)	Resources	\$ (29,473)	\$ 112,625			

(2) Terms, fair values, and credit risk. The objective and terms, including the fair values and credit ratings, of the City's hedging derivative instruments outstanding as of December 31, 2020, are as follows. The notional amounts of the swaps approximate the principal amounts of the associated debt. The City's swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that are expected to approximately follow scheduled or anticipated reductions in the associated "bonds payable" category. Under the swaps on a net basis for each related series of bonds, the City pays the counterparty a fixed payment and receives a variable payment computed according to the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) and/or The Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) Municipal Swap Index. The terms as of December 31, 2020, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Associated Bond Issue	Notional Amounts	Effective <u>Date</u>	Terms	Fair Values	Termi- nation Date	party Credit Rating
Hedging Instruments						
Business-type Activities:						
Chicago Midway International Airport Revenue	Bonds (Serie	s 2004C&D):				
Counterparty Goldman Sachs Bank USA Counterparty Wells Fargo Bank NA			Pay 4.174%; receive SIFMA Plus .05% Pay 4.247%; receive SIFMA Plus .05%	\$ (17,469) (12.004)	1/1/2035 1/1/2035	

Type and objective for all the Swaps is the same, as mentioned earlier.

(3) Fair Value. As of December 31, 2020, the swaps had a negative fair value of \$29.4 million. As per industry convention, the fair values of the City's outstanding swaps were estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap. Because interest rates are below the Fixed Rate Paid, the City's swaps had negative values.

Total \$ (29,473)

Derivative instruments are valued in the market using regression analysis. Significant inputs to the derivative valuation for interest rate swaps are observable in active markets and are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

- (4) Credit Risk. The City is exposed to credit risk (counterparty risk) through the counterparties with which it enters into agreements. If minimum credit rating requirements are not maintained, the counterparty is required to post collateral to a third party. This protects the City by mitigating the credit risk, and therefore the ability to pay a termination payment, inherent in a swap. Collateral on all swaps is to be in the form of cash or Eligible Collateral held by a third-party custodian. Upon credit events, the swaps also allow transfers, credit support, and termination if the counterparty is unable to meet the said credit requirements.
- (5) Basis Risk. Basis risk refers to the mismatch between the variable rate payments received on a swap contract and the interest payment actually owed on the bonds. The two significant components driving this risk are credit and SIFMA/LIBOR ratios. Credit may create basis risk because the City's bonds may trade differently than the swap index as a result of a credit change in the City. SIFMA/LIBOR ratios (or spreads) may create basis risk. With percentage of LIBOR swaps, if the City's bonds trade at a higher percentage of LIBOR over the index received on the swap, basis risk is created. This can occur due to many factors including, without limitation, changes in marginal tax rates, tax-exempt status of bonds, and supply and demand for variable rate bonds. The City is exposed to basis risk on all swaps except those that are based on Cost of Funds, which provide cash flows that mirror those of the underlying bonds. For all other swaps, if the rate paid on the bonds is higher than the rate received, the City is liable for the difference. The difference would need to be available on the debt service payment date and it would add additional underlying cost to the transaction.
- (6) Tax Risk. The swap exposes the City to tax risk or a permanent mismatch (shortfall) between the floating rate received on the swap and the variable rate paid on the underlying variable-rate bonds due to tax law changes such that the federal or state tax exemption of municipal debt is eliminated or its value reduced. There have been no tax law changes since the execution of the City's swap transactions.
- (7) Termination Risk. The risk that the swap could be terminated as a result of certain events including a ratings downgrade for the issuer or swap counterparty, covenant violation, bankruptcy, payment default or other defined events of default. Termination of a swap may result in a payment made by the issuer or to the issuer depending upon the market at the time of termination.
- (8) Rollover Risk. The risk that the City may be exposed to rising variable interest rates if (i) the swap expires or terminates prior to the maturity of the bonds and (ii) the City is unable to renew or replace the swap.
- (9) Swap payments and associated debt. As of December 31, 2020, debt service requirements of the City's outstanding variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same, for their term are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Variable-Rate Bonds					nterest Rate		
Year Ending	Р	rincipal	In	terest	Sw	Swaps, Net		Total
December 31,			•				`	
2021	\$	5,350	\$	126	\$	4,402	\$	9,878
2022		5,675		120		4,171		9,966
2023		5,925		113		3,929		9,967
2024		6,200		105		3,677		9,982
2025		6,475		98		3,413		9,986
2026-2030		36,950		363		12,688		50,001
2031-2035		46,050		117		4,086		50,253
	\$	112,625	\$	1,042	\$	36,366	\$	150,033

e) **Debt Covenants**

- i) Water Fund The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Water Revenue Bonds require that net revenues available for bonds, as adjusted, shall each fiscal year at least equal the greater of (i) 120 percent of the aggregate debt service requirement for the fiscal year on all the outstanding senior lien bonds, or (ii) the sum of (A) aggregate debt service requirements for the fiscal year on the outstanding senior lien bonds, plus (B) 110 percent of the aggregate debt service requirements for the fiscal year on the outstanding second lien bonds, plus (C) aggregate outstanding debt service requirements for the fiscal year on the outstanding IEPA loans, plus (D) annual debt service requirement for the fiscal year on aggregate outstanding water commercial paper notes, plus (E) annual debt service requirement on any outstanding water line of credit. This requirement was met at December 31, 2020.
- Bonds provide for the creation of separate accounts into which monies will be deposited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues available for bonds, as adjusted, shall each fiscal year at least equal (A) 115 percent of the aggregate debt service requirement for the fiscal year on the outstanding senior lien bonds, plus (B) the sum of the aggregate annual debt service requirements for the fiscal year on the outstanding second lien bonds, plus (C) 115 percent of the aggregate outstanding debt service requirements for the fiscal year on the outstanding IEPA loans, plus (D) annual debt service requirement for the fiscal year on aggregate outstanding debt service on any outstanding wastewater line of credit and commercial paper notes. This requirement was met at December 31, 2020.
- iii) Chicago Midway International Airport Fund The Master Indenture of Trust securing Chicago Midway Airport Revenue Bonds requires that the City fix and establish, and revise from time to time whenever necessary, such rentals, rates and other charges for the use and operation of Midway and for services rendered by the City in the operation of Midway in order that, in each Fiscal Year, Revenues, together with Other Available Moneys deposited with the Trustee with respect to such Fiscal Year and any cash balance held in the Revenue Fund on the first day of such Fiscal Year not then required to be deposited in any Fund or Account, will be at least sufficient (a) to provide for the payment of Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the Fiscal Year and (b) to provide for the greater of (i) the amounts needed to make the Deposits required during such Fiscal Year into the Debt Service Funds, the Operations & Maintenance Reserve Account, the Working Capital Account, the Debt Service Reserve Fund, the Junior Lien Obligation Debt Service Fund, the Repair and Replacement Fund, and the Special Project Fund and (ii) an amount not less than 125 percent of the Aggregate Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing during such Fiscal Year reduced by an amount equal to the sum of any amount held in any Capitalized Interest Account for disbursement during such Fiscal Year to pay interest on First Lien Bonds. These requirements were met at December 31, 2020.

The Master Indenture of Trust securing Chicago Midway Airport Second Lien Obligations requires that the City fix and establish and revise from time to time whenever necessary, such rentals, rates and other charges for the use and operation of Midway and for certain services rendered by the City in the operation of Midway in order that in each Fiscal Year, Revenues, together with Other Available Moneys deposited with the First Lien Trustee or the Second Lien Trustee with respect to such Fiscal Year and any cash balance held in the First Lien Revenue Fund or the Second Lien Revenue Fund on the first day of such Fiscal Year not then required to be deposited in any Fund or Account under the First Lien Indenture for the Second Lien Indenture, will be at least sufficient (1) to provide for the payment of Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the Fiscal Year and (2) to provide for the greater of (A) or (B) as follows: (A) the greater of the amounts needed to make the deposits required under the First Lien Indenture described in the immediately preceding paragraph above; or (B) the greater of the amounts needed to make the deposits required under the First Lien Indenture described in the immediately preceding paragraph above or an amount not less than 110 percent of the sum of Aggregate First Lien Debt Service and Aggregate Second Lien Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing during such Fiscal Year, reduced by (X) any amount held in any Capitalized Interest Account for disbursement during such Bond Year to pay interest on First Lien Bonds, and (Y) any amount held in any capitalized interest account established pursuant to a Supplemental Indenture under the Second Lien Indenture for disbursement during such Bond Year to pay interest on Second Lien Obligations. These requirements were met at December 31, 2020.

During 2020, Midway received CARES Act funds of \$82.3 million. These funds are available for any airport purpose, including debt service payments, thus CARES Act funds has been included in the calculation of the debt service covenant.

iv) Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund - The Master Indenture of Trust securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Senior Lien Obligations requires that the City will fix and establish, and revise from time to time whenever necessary, the rentals, rates and other charges for the use and operation of O'Hare and for services rendered by the City in the operation of O'Hare in order that Revenues in each Fiscal Year, together with Other Available Moneys deposited with the Trustee with respect to that Fiscal Year and any cash balance held in the Revenue Fund on the first day of that Fiscal Year not then required to be deposited in any Fund or Account, will be at least sufficient: (i) to provide for the payment of Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the Fiscal Year; and (ii) to provide for the greater of (a) the sum of the amounts needed to make the deposits required to be made pursuant to all resolutions, ordinances, indentures and trust agreements pursuant to which all outstanding Senior Lien Obligations or other outstanding Airport Obligations are issued and secured, and (b) one and twenty-hundredths times Aggregate Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing during that Fiscal Year, reduced by any proceeds of Airport Obligations held by the Trustee for disbursement during that Bond Year to pay principal of and interest on Senior Lien Obligations. This requirement was met at December 31, 2020.

The Master Trust Indenture securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Obligations requires PFC Revenues, as defined, received by the City to be deposited into the PFC Revenue Fund. The City covenants to pay from the PFC Revenue Fund not later than the twentieth day of each calendar month the following amounts in the following order of priority: (1) to the Trustee for deposit in the Bond Fund, the sum required to make all of the Sub-Fund Deposits and Other Required Deposits to be disbursed from the Bond Fund [to meet debt service and debt service reserve requirements] in the calendar month pursuant to the Master Indenture; (2) to make any payments required for the calendar month with respect to Subordinated PFC Obligations; and (3) all moneys and securities remaining in the PFC Revenue Fund shall be transferred by the City (or the Trustee if it then holds the PFC Revenue Fund pursuant to the Master Indenture) to the PFC Capital Fund.

The Indenture of Trust Securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Senior Lien Revenue Bonds requires that, as long as any Bonds remain Outstanding, in each Fiscal Year, the City shall set the amount of the CFC (when multiplied by the total number of projected Contract Days) plus projected Facility Rent at an annual level sufficient to provide sufficient funds (1) to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds due in such Fiscal Year, (2) to reimburse the Rolling Coverage Fund, the Supplemental Reserve Fund, the Debt Service Reserve Fund and any Subordinate Reserve Fund for any drawings upon such Funds over a period not to exceed twelve months, as determined by the City, (3) to provide funds necessary to pay any "yield reduction payments" or rebate amounts due to the United States under the Indenture for which funds in the Rebate Fund or the CFC Stabilization Fund are not otherwise available, (4) to maintain the balance of the CFC Stabilization Fund in an amount of no less than the CFC Stabilization Fund Minimum Requirement and to reimburse any drawings below the CFC Stabilization Fund Minimum Requirement over a period not to exceed twelve months, as determined by the City, and (5) to maintain the balance of the Operation and Maintenance Fund Minimum Requirement and to reimburse any drawings below the Operation and Maintenance Fund Minimum Requirement over a period of not to exceed twelve months, as determined by the City.

During 2020, O'Hare received CARES Act funds of \$294.4 million. These funds are available for any airport purpose, including debt service payments, thus CARES Act funds has been included in the calculation of the debt service covenant.

No-Commitment Debt and Public Interest Loans include various special assessment, private activity bonds and loans. These types of financings are used to provide private entities with low-cost capital financing for construction and rehabilitation of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. Bonds payable on no-commitment debt are not included in the accompanying financial statements because the City has no obligation

to provide for their repayment, which is the responsibility of the borrowing entities. In addition, federal programs/grants, including Community Development Block Grants and Community Service Block Grants, provide original funding for public interest loans. Loans receivable are not included as assets because payments received on loans are used to fund new loans or other program activities in the current year and are not available for general City operating purposes. Loans provided to third parties are recorded as current and prior year programs/grants expenditures. Funding for future loans will be from a combination of the repayment of existing loans and additional funds committed from future programs/grants expenditures.

g) Defeased Bonds have been removed from the Statement of Net Position because related assets have been placed in irrevocable trusts that, together with interest earned thereon, will provide amounts sufficient for payment of all principal and interest. Defeased bonds at December 31, 2020 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Amount

	Amount			
		Defeased	Outs	tanding
General Obligation Emergency Telephone System - Series 1993		213,730	\$	44,230
General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 1993B		11,550		7,190
General Obligation Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program - Series 2002B		5,730		5,730
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2003B		13,775		13,775
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2004A		75,835		-
Direct Access Bonds - Series 2005		48,824		-
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2006A		67,785		-
City Colleges of Chicago Capital Improvement Project - Series 2007		30,185		-
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2007A		229,295		-
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2007C		132,375		-
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2008B		11,720		8,365
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2008C		39,090		-
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2008D		50,470		-
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2008E		65,195		44,755
General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2009A		389,950		-
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2009B		22,470		-
General Obligation Project Bonds - Series 2010C		11,400		-
General Obligation Project Bonds - Series 2011B		16,845		-
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2012B		96,420		-
General Obligation Project Bonds - Series 2012C		33,115		33,115
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2014A		6,850		6,850
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2014B		113,730		-
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2015A		13,845		13,845
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2015B		450,827		337,720
General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2015C		111,710		111,710
General Obligation Project Bonds - Series 2017B		55,375		55,375
Lakefront Millennium Project Parking Facilities Bonds - Series 1998		149,880		29,810
Modern Schools Across Chicago Program - Series 2007G		14,250		-
Modern Schools Across Chicago Program - Series 2007K		3,435		-
Chicago Infrastructure Trust Notes		9,589		-
Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2008A		61,340		-
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2002		110,580		104,090
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2009A		68,730		-
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2009B		2,150		-
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2009C		20,012		20,012
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2011A		214,340		214,340

Defeased Bonds - Concluded:	Amount Defeased	Outstanding
OL: OH	Φ 7.050	Φ 7.050
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2004F		\$ 7,250
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2005C	140,600	-
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2005D	100,000	-
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2010A	13,645	-
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2010B	250,000	-
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2010C	171,450	-
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2010F	93,030	-
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2011A	420,155	420,155
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2011B	121,905	121,905
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2011C	283,925	283,925
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds		
Senior Lien GARBS Refunding - Series 2012A	167,435	167,435
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds		
Senior Lien GARBS Refunding - Series 2012B	186,000	186,000
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds		
Senior Lien GARBS Refunding - Series 2013A	32,845	32,845
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds		
Senior Lien GARBS Refunding - Series 2013B	16,305	16,305
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds		
Senior Lien GARBS - Series 2013C	2,135	2,135
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds		
Senior Lien GARBS - Series 2013D	6,570	6,570
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds		
Senior Lien GARBS Refunding - Series 2015B	53,490	53,490
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds		
Senior Lien GARBS - Series 2015D	2,820	2,820
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds	•	·
Senior Lien GARBS Refunding - Series 2016B	2,105	2,105
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	,	,
Passenger Facility Charge Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2010A	24,965	-
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	,	
Passenger Facility Charge Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2010B	51,305	_
Chicago Midway International Airport	21,300	
Second Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2010C	60,090	-
Special Transportation Revenue Bonds - Series 2001	118,715	69,570
:	\$ 5,299,142	\$ 2,423,422

11) Pension Funds and Other Postemployment Benefits

a) Pension

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description – Eligible City employees participate in one of four single-employer defined benefit pension plans (Plans). These Plans are: the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Municipal Employees'); the Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Laborers');

the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Policemen's); and the Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Firemen's). The plans are administered by individual retirement boards of trustees comprised of City officials or their designees and of trustees elected by Plan members. Certain employees of the Chicago Board of Education participate in Municipal Employees' or Laborers'. Each Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information that may be obtained at www.meabf.org, www.labfchicago.org, www.chipabf.org, and www.fabf.org.

Benefits provided - The Plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits as established by State of Illinois law. Benefits generally vest after 10 years of credited service. Employees qualify for an unreduced retirement age minimum formula annuity based on a combination of years of service and age of retirement. Employees may also receive a reduced retirement age minimum formula annuity if they do not meet the age and service requirements for the unreduced retirement age annuity. The requirements of age and service are different for employees depending on when they first became members of their respective Plans. For all four Plans, employees who became members before January 1, 2011 are considered Tier 1 Employees. For Policemen's and Firemen's, those employees who became members on or after January 1, 2011 are considered Tier 2 Employees. For Municipal Employees' and Laborers', those employees who became members on or after January 1, 2011 but before July 6, 2017 are considered Tier 2 Employees. For Municipal Employees' and Laborers', those employees who became members on or after July 6, 2017 are considered Tier 3 Employees. Public Act 100-0023 (P.A. 100-0023), which established the requirements for Tier 3 employees, includes a provision for Tier 2 employees to elect to be considered as Tier 3 employees. The annuity is computed by multiplying the final average salary by a percentage ranging from 2.2 percent to 2.5 percent per year of credited service. The final average salary is the employee's highest average annual salary for any four consecutive years within the last 10 years of credited service for participants who are Tier 1 Employees and any eight consecutive years within the last 10 years of credited service for participants who are Tier 2 Employees or Tier 3 Employees.

Benefit terms provide for annual adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employees' retirement date. For Tier 1 Employees, the annual adjustments for Municipal Employees' and Laborers' are 3.0 percent, compounded, and for Policemen's and the majority of participants in Firemen's 3.0 percent, simple, for annuitants born before January 1, 1966 and 1.5 percent, simple, born after January 1, 1966 or later. For Tier 2 Employees and Tier 3 Employees, the annual adjustments are equal to the lesser of 3.0 percent and 50 percent of CPI-U of the original benefit.

Employees covered by benefit terms - At December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Municipal				
Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Total
25,471	3,646	13,900	5,221	48,238
20,139	1,486	801	124	22,550
31,327	2,564	12,715	4,697	51,303
76,937	7,696	27,416	10,042	122,091
	25,471 20,139 31,327	Employees' Laborers' 25,471 3,646 20,139 1,486 31,327 2,564	Employees' Laborers' Policemen's 25,471 3,646 13,900 20,139 1,486 801 31,327 2,564 12,715	Employees' Laborers' Policemen's Firemen's 25,471 3,646 13,900 5,221 20,139 1,486 801 124 31,327 2,564 12,715 4,697

Contributions – For the Municipal Employees' and Laborers' Plans, P.A. 100-0023 was enacted on July 6, 2017. P.A. 100-0023 requires the City to contribute specific amounts to the Municipal Employees' and the Laborers' Plans in the aggregate amounts as follows: in payment year 2019, \$392.0 million; in payment year 2020, \$481.0 million; in payment year 2021, \$571.0 million; and in payment year 2022, \$660.0 million. Additionally, P.A. 100-0023 requires that beginning in payment year 2023, the City's annual contributions to MEABF and LABF each be an amount actuarially determined to be sufficient to produce a funding level of 90 percent for each such Plan by the end of 2058.

For Policemen's and Firemen's, Public Act 99-0506 (P.A. 99-0506) was enacted on May 31, 2016. P.A. 99-0506 requires the City to contribute specific amounts to the Policemen's and Firemen's Plans in the aggregate amounts as follows: in payment year 2019, \$792 million; and in payment year 2020, \$824 million. Additionally, P.A. 99-0506 requires that beginning in payment year 2021, the City's annual contributions to PABF and FABF each be an amount actuarially determined to be sufficient to produce a funding level of 90 percent for each such Plan by the end of 2055.

The City's contributions are budgeted in the same year as the applicable levy year for the property taxes funding the contributions. The City's contributions are then paid to the pension funds in the following year which is when the levied property taxes are collected and paid to the City by the Cook County Treasurer.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The actuarial reports were provided by each of the pension funds.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Municipal			
	Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's
Inflation	2.50%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
Salary Increases	3.50%-7.75% (a)	3.00% (b)	3.50% (c)	3.50%-25.00% (d)
Investment Rate of Return .	7.00% (e)	7.25% (e)	6.75%	6.75% (e)

- (a) (1.50%-6.50% for 2020-2022), varying by years of service
- (b) plus a service-based increase in the first 9 years
- (c) plus additional percentage related to service
- (d) varying by years of service
- (e) net of investment expense

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (Blue Collar mortality table for Laborers' and Firemen's) and Pub-2010 Amount-weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Table for Policemen's for males or females, with generational mortality improvement scales using MP-2016 for Municipal Employees', MP-2017 for Laborers' and Firemen's, and MP-2018 for Policemen's as appropriate. Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table (Blue Collar mortality table for Laborers' and Firemen's) and Pub-2010 Amount-weighted Safety Employee Mortality Table for Policemen's. Disabled mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Amount-weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Table for Policemen's and RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Firemen's.

The mortality actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were adjusted based on the results of actuarial experience study for the period as noted below:

Municipal Employees' - January 1, 2012 - December 31, 2016 Laborers' - January 1, 2012 - December 31, 2016 Policemen's - January 1, 2014 - December 31, 2018 Firemen's - January 1, 2012 - December 31, 2016

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the

target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target /	Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return				
	Municipal				Municipal				
Asset Class:	Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	
Equity	-	-	-	60.0%	-	-	-	6.68%	
Domestic equity	26.0%	-	-	-	7.30%	-	-	-	
U.S. equity	-	25.0%	21.0%	-	-	5.30%	5.68%	-	
Non U.S. equity	-	20.0%	21.0%	-	-	5.30%	6.85%	-	
Global equity	5.0%	-	-	-	7.50%	-	-	-	
Global low volatility equity	-	5.0%	-	-	-	4.20%	-	-	
International equity	17.0%	-	-	-	7.50%	-	-	-	
Fixed income	25.0%	20.0%	22.0%	20.0%	2.30%	(1.20%)	1.11%	2.19%	
Hedge funds	10.0%	10.0%	7.0%	-	5.50%	2.80%	3.30%	-	
Infrastructure	2.0%	-	-	-	7.30%	-	-	-	
Private debt	-	3.0%	-	-	-	7.40%	-	-	
Private equity	5.0%	4.0%	-	-	10.80%	9.10%	-	-	
Private markets	-	-	17.0%	-	-	-	7.41%	-	
Global asset allocation	-	-	5.0%	-	-	-	3.89%	-	
Real estate	10.0%	10.0%	7.0%	8.0%	6.00%	3.40%	5.42%	5.75%	
Private real assets	-	3.0%	-	-	-	4.90%	-	-	
Other investments				12.0%	-	-	-	4.66%	
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%					

Discount Rate

Municipal Employees' - The Single Discount Rate used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2020 was 7.0 percent. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made according to the contribution rate applicable for each member's tier and that employer contributions will be made as specified by Public Act 100-0023. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions and contributions from future plan members that are intended to fund the service cost of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

Laborers' - A Single Discount Rate of 6.84 percent was used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2020. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.00 percent (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made under the statutory funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2073. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2073, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

Policemen's - A Single Discount Rate of 6.28 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.75 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.00 percent (based on the most recent date available on or before the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The projection of cash flows used to

determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that plan member contributions and employer contributions are made in accordance with the statutory requirements. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance benefit payments through the year 2076. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2076, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

Firemen's - A Single Discount Rate of 6.30 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.75 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.12 percent (based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index of general obligation municipal bonds). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made according to the contribution rate applicable for each member's tier and that employer contributions will be made as specified by Public Act 99-0506. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions and contributions from future plan members that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2077. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2076, and the municipal bond rate was applied thereafter to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (dollars in thousands):

	Municipal					
	Employees'	 Laborers'	 Policemen's	 Firemen's		Total
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$ 236,302	\$ 39,216 *	\$ 286,537 *	\$ 109,487	\$	671,542
Interest	1,190,694	191,099	942,623	410,128		2,734,544
Benefit changes	-	-	-	-		-
Differences between						
expected and actual experience	100,938	(18,992)	61,914	174,717		318,577
Assumption changes	-	44,034	260,021	30,468		334,523
Benefit payments including refunds	(973,478)	(169,056)	(841,598)	(366,160)		(2,350,292)
Pension plan administrative expenses	 	 (3,616)	(4,359)	-	_	(7,975)
Net change in total pension liability	 554,456	82,685	 705,138	 358,640	_	1,700,919
Total pension liability:						
Total pension liability - Beginning	17,260,356	2,775,649	14,789,602	6,542,491	_	41,368,098
Total pension liability - Ending (a)	\$ 17,814,812	\$ 2,858,334	\$ 15,494,740	\$ 6,901,131	\$	43,069,017
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions-employer	\$ 496,992	\$ 73,744	\$ 739,441	\$ 368,423	\$	1,678,600
Contributions-employee	157,798	18,064	113,622	54,414		343,898
Net investment income (loss)	335,403	163,057	271,891	105,367		875,718
Benefit payments including						
refunds of employee contribution	(973,478)	(169,056)	(841,598)	(366,160)		(2,350,292)
Administrative expenses	(7,118)	(3,616)	(4,359)	(2,991)		(18,084)
Other	-	-	472	13		485
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	9,597	82,193	279,469	159,066		530,325
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	4,080,642	1,187,549	3,162,429	1,149,821		9,580,441
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 4,090,239	\$ 1,269,742	\$ 3,441,898	\$ 1,308,887	\$	10,110,766
Net pension liability-ending (a)-(b)	\$ 13,724,573	\$ 1,588,592	\$ 12,052,842	\$ 5,592,244	\$	32,958,251

^{*} Includes pension plan administrative expense

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions: Changes in the municipal bond rate resulted in a decrease in the single discount rate for Laborers', Policemen, and Firemen. See discount rate section above.

The change in the single discount rate and other assumptions increased the net pension liability by \$44.0 million for Laborers' and \$260.0 million for Policemen and \$30.5 million for Firemen. These changes are being amortized into expense over a four year period for Laborers' and a six year period for Policemen and Firemen.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

Municipal Employees' - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2020, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2020	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Municipal Employees' discount rate	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Municipal Employees' net pension liability	\$15,939,911	\$13,724,573	\$11,883,470

Laborers' - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2020, calculated using the discount rate of 6.84 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.84 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.84 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2020	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Laborers' discount rate	5.84%	6.84%	7.84%
Laborers' Employees' net pension liability	\$ 1,928,493	\$ 1,588,592	\$ 1,303,413

Policemen's - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2020, calculated using the discount rate of 6.28 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.28 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.28 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2020	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Policemen's Employees' discount rate	5.28%	6.28%	7.28%
Policemen's Employees' net pension liability	\$ 13,984,310	\$ 12,052,842	\$ 10,444,664

Firemen's - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2020, calculated using the discount rate of 6.30 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.30 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.30 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2020	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Firemen's Employees' discount rate	5.30%	6.30%	7.30%
Firemen's Employees' net pension liability	\$ 6,430,419	\$ 5,592,244	\$ 4,891,244

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Pension Plans reports.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense/(benefit) of (\$628.9) million for Municipal Employees', \$1,018.8 million for Policemen's, \$593.7 million for Firemen's, and (\$39.8) million for Laborers', for a total pension expense of \$943.8 million. At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (dollars in thousands):

	Municipal Employees'				Lab	aborers' Polic			cemen's			Firemen's				
		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred
	(Outflows of		Inflows of	(Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	(Outflows of		Inflows of
	R	Resources		Resources	ſ	Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources	F	Resources	-	Resources
Differences between expected																
and actual experience	\$	128,972	\$	35,551	\$	4,298	\$	18,745	\$	52,791	\$	289,486	\$	160,185	\$	71,851
Changes of assumptions		-		1,486,238		49,772		3,346		1,112,455		134,491		482,726		10,987
Net difference between																
projected and actual earnings																
on pension plan investments		-		101,620		-		94,334		-		41,899		-		54,075
Total	\$	128,972	\$	1,623,409	\$	54,070	\$	116,425	\$	1,165,246	\$	465,876	\$	642,911	\$	136,913

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense/(benefit) as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Municipal						
Year ended December 31:	Employees'	Laborers'	Po	olicemen's	Firemen's		
2021	\$ (1,514,351)	\$ (18,753)	\$	113,634	\$	158,629	
2022	66,693	5,474		141,144		178,923	
2023	(51,675)	(32,347)		77,942		77,127	
2024	4,896	(16,729)		176,474		44,033	
2025	-	-		160,594		32,847	
2026	-	-		29,582		-	
Thereafter				-		14,439	
Total	\$ (1,494,437)	\$ (62,355)	\$	699,370	\$	505,998	

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to changes in proportionate share of contributions

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City reported a pension benefit of \$10.4 million, deferred inflows of \$284.9 million and deferred outflows of \$208.0 million related to changes in its proportionate share of contributions. This deferred amount will be recognized as pension expense/(benefit) over a period of five years.

Payable to the Pension Plans

At December 31, 2020, the City reported a payable of \$873.4 million in accrued and other liabilities for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plans required for the year ended December 31, 2020.

b) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) - City Obligation

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plans Description – The City's defined benefit OPEB plans are single-employer plans administered by the City. Certain annuitants are: (1) provided special benefits under the applicable collective bargaining agreements (CBA); (2) entitled to retiree health benefits pursuant to the City's prior promise; (3) entitled to certain Pension Fund subsidies required by court order under the 1983 and 1985 amendments to the Pension Codes; or (4) provided statutorily required duty disabled benefits. Applicable state law authorized the four respective Pension Funds (Policemen's, Firemen's, Municipal Employees', and Laborers') to provide a fixed monthly dollar subsidy to each annuitant who had elected coverage under any City health plan through December 31, 2016. Based upon the Illinois Appellate Court Decision of 2017, the Pension Funds were determined to be obligated to provide the fixed monthly dollar subsidies to certain eligible annuitants pursuant to the 1983 and 1985 amendments to the Pension Code. The subsidies are no longer included in the City OPEB obligation.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 and benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Benefits provided

CBA – Under the terms of the latest collective bargaining agreements for the Police Captains, Sergeants and Lieutenants and the International Association of Fire Fighters, certain employees who retire after attaining age 55 with the required years of service are permitted to enroll themselves and their dependents in the healthcare benefit program offered to actively employed members. They may keep this coverage until they reach the age of Medicare eligibility. CBA special early retirement benefits cease at Medicare eligibility age. Those employees retiring at age 55 but before 60 are required to contribute 3.5 percent of their pension for health care coverage; those retiring at ages 60 through 63 are required to contribute 1.5 percent of their pension for health care coverage. This represents an increase in retiree contributions of 1.5 percent of their pension for those who retire after 2020.

With respect to the Fraternal Order of Police, as of the date of this report, negotiations are ongoing regarding a new collective bargaining agreement which covers the retiree health benefits. Under the "maintenance of effort" protocols, the provisions of the prior agreement are honored until a new agreement is signed. Under the prior agreement, certain employees retiring at age 55 or later are entitled to healthcare benefits comparable to those described in the preceding paragraph, with the employees required to contribute 2 percent of their pension for health care coverage.

The OPEB CBA liability is determined based upon the assumed phase in of higher contributions from new retirees. The phase in will apply in 2025 (1.5 percent increments) and again in 2029 (additional 1.5 percent increments).

Prior reporting was based upon an assumed expiration date of 2022 for the CBA benefit. The City's position is to eliminate all post-retirement health benefits except for statutorily required benefits and benefits under the Settlement Plan for the Korshak and Window closed group members. At this time, it is not known whether or when the CBA special early retirement health benefits will be specifically eliminated, modified, or extended. Therefore, this year's reporting of liabilities is based upon the assumption of indefinite continuation of benefits. This is a change in assumption from 2019, which assumed that the expiration date of the benefits for new retirements would be December 31, 2022. The City does not believe that the CBA benefit will be indefinite.

Non-CBA – Korshak/Window Group. Members who were annuitants as of May 2003, and who became annuitants before June 30, 2005 (and their eligible dependents) were entitled to lifetime subsidized coverage as defined in the Settlement Plan. As of January 1, 2014, the City promised to provide a healthcare plan with a subsidy of 55 percent of the cost of that plan to those City annuitants who retired prior to August 23, 1989 (Window group), and 50 percent of the cost for those other eligible members in the Korshak group. These are lifetime benefits provided to this defined, closed retiree group. The eligible members were defined as the

Korshak/Window group in the Settlement Plan, which provided post-retirement health benefits for most City employees until the expiration of benefits in 2013 for all members other than the Korshak/Window group.

In 2017, the Illinois Appellate Court, in the Underwood v. City of Chicago case, held that current and future annuitants hired prior to the execution of the now expired 2003 Korshak settlement agreement (which covered most of the City employees and retirees) subject to certain eligibility requirements, were entitled to receive lifetime fixed rate monthly subsidies equal to the subsidy amounts provided in the 1983 and 1985 amendments to the Pension Code. Those subsidies are, for Policemen's and Firemen's, \$21 per month or \$55 per month, depending on the annuitant's Medicare eligibility, and for Municipal Employees' and Laborers', \$25 per month for those annuitants who are 65 or older with at least 15 years of service. Upon remand, the circuit court later ruled that the Pension Funds are obligated to make the subsidy payments to the annuitants. Regardless, the City is still statutorily obligated to make contributions to the Pension Funds in accordance with applicable levels required by the tax levy statutes. The Pension Funds issued retroactive payments for the 1983 and 1985 subsidies for the period of time of January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2019 and continue to make the required monthly subsidy payments from December 31, 2019. Liabilities for these subsidies have been accrued within the applicable pension funds and are not reflected in the City's OPEB reporting.

Duty Disabled retirees who have statutory pre-63/65 coverage will continue to have fully subsidized coverage under the active health plan until age 65.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	CBA Benefits	Non-CBA Benefits	Total
	Deficite	Denonto	10141
Active employees	17,542	31,506	49,048
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3,190	2,606	5,796
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	_	_	_
3			
Total	20,732	34,112	54,844

Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability of \$1,963.3 million was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The net OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Normal Age
Asset Valuation Method: Market Value
Funding Policy: Pay as You Go

Discount Rate: 2.00%

Health Care Trend Rates: Graded 7.00% to ultimate rate of 5.00%

Retirement Age: Varies by Bargaining Group – Rates are Graded by age and service

The valuation assumptions reflected the actuarial experience studies prepared by the Pension Funds. The discount rate of 2.00 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This Discount Rate was based upon the average 20-year general obligation AA Municipal Bond rate index reported by Fidelity Fixed Income Market Data for the period ending December 31, 2020.

Mortality Assumptions

Bargaining Plan Members		Mortality Table Name	Scaling	Mortality Improvement
Fire	Post Retirement	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, Sex Distinct, Blue Collar	106% M 98% F	Generational – Scale MP- 2017
	Pre-Retirement	RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table (Blue Collar mortality table	92% M 100% F	Generational – Scale MP- 2017
Police	Post Retirement	Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, Sex Distinct	119% M 102% F	Generational – Scale MP- 2018
	Pre-Retirement	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Employee Mortality Tables, Sex Distinct	100%	Generational – Scale MP- 2018
Municipal	Post Retirement	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table	100%	Generational – Scale MP- 2016
	Pre-Retirement	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table	120%	Generational – Scale MP- 2016
Laborers	Post Retirement	RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, Sex Distinct	117% M 102% F	Generational – Scale MP- 2017 2-DImensional
	Pre-Retirement	P-2014 Blue Collar Employee Mortality Table, Sex Distinct	109% M 103% F	Generational – Scale MP- 2017 2-DImensional

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (dollars in thousands):

	CE	BA Benefits	Non-CBA Benefits	Total
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$	12,215	\$ 12,697	\$ 24,912
Interest		16,357	5,331	21,688
Benefit changes (Contribution Increases) . Differences between		(82,923)	-	(82,923)
expected and actual experience		(6,712)	(11,185)	(17,897)
Assumption changes		1,261,663	1,597	1,263,260
Benefit payments including refunds		(56,528)	(17,959)	(74,487)
OPEB plan administrative expense		-	-	-
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,144,072	(9,519)	1,134,553
Total OPEB liability:			, ,	
Total OPEB liability - Beginning		625,224	203,563	828,787
Total OPEB liability - Ending (a)		1,769,296	194,044	1,963,340
Plan fiduciary net position		_	_	_
Contributions-employer		56,528	17,959	74,487
Contributions-employee		-	-	-
Net investment income (loss)		-	-	-
Benefit payments including				
refunds of employee contribution		(56,528)	(17,959)	(74,487)
Administrative expenses		-	-	-
Other			 	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning			 	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		-	 -	 <u>-</u>
Net OPEB liability-ending (a)-(b)	\$	1,769,296	\$ 194,044	\$ 1,963,340

Assumption changes reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.74 percent for beginning of the year values to 2.00 percent for the disclosure date, and the change from an assumed date of termination of the program from 2022 to an ongoing basis with no specific termination date. In addition, assumptions regarding future retiree contribution increases were included in the end of year determinations such that contributions would increase by 1.5 percent for retirements between 2025 and 2028 and increase again in 2029 by 1.5 percent for retirements thereafter.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.00 percent) than the current discount rate (dollars in thousands):

	Current							
	1% Decrease		1% Decrease Discount Rate			1% Increase		
		1.00%		2.00%		3.00%		
CBA Benefits	\$	1,900,376	\$	1,769,296	\$	1,646,843		
Non-CBA Benefits		209,087		194,044		181,738		
Total	\$	2,109,463	\$	1,963,340	\$	1,828,581		

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00 percent decreasing to 4.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00 percent decreasing to 6.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (dollars in thousands):

	Current								
	1%	Decrease	Tr	end Rates	19	% Increase			
	6.00%-4.00%		7.0	00%-5.00%	8.0	00%-6.00%			
CBA Benefits	\$	1,560,770	\$	1,769,296	\$	2,012,915			
Non-CBA Benefits		174,700		194,044		217,484			
Total	\$	1,735,470	\$	1,963,340	\$	2,230,399			

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense/(benefit) of \$94.6 million. At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources (dollars in thousands):

	CBA Be	enefits	Non-CB/	A Benefits	Total			
	Deferred Deferred		Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of		
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual								
non-investment experience	\$ 15,738	\$ 30,545	\$ 19,932	\$ 15,342	\$ 35,670	\$ 45,887		
Assumption Changes	1,358,276	6,843	17,162	17,054	1,375,438	23,897		
Total	\$ 1,374,014	\$ 37,388	\$ 37,094	\$ 32,396	\$ 1,411,108	\$ 69,784		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense/(benefit) as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year Ending December 31:	CE	BA Benefits	Non-C	BA Benefits	Total
2021	\$	129,853	\$	1,114	\$ 130,967
2022		129,853		1,114	130,967
2023		129,853		1,114	130,967
2024		129,853		1,114	130,967
2025		129,853		1,114	130,967
Thereafter		687,361		(872)	686,489
	\$	1,336,626	\$	4,698	\$ 1,341,324

12) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; certain benefits for and injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City provides worker's compensation benefits and employee health benefits under self-insurance programs except for insurance policies maintained for certain Enterprise Fund activities. The City uses various risk management techniques to finance these risks by retaining, transferring and controlling risks depending on the risk exposure.

Risks for O'Hare, Midway, and certain other major properties, along with various special events, losses from certain criminal acts committed by employees and public official bonds are transferred to commercial insurers. Claims have not exceeded the purchased insurance coverage in the past three years. Accordingly, no liability is reported for these claims. All other risks are retained by the City and are self-insured. The City pays claim settlements and judgments from the self-insured programs with an excess liability insurance policy covering claims excess of the self-insured retention of \$20,000,000. Uninsured claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The General Fund is primarily used to record all non-Enterprise Fund claims. The estimated portion of non-Enterprise Fund claims not yet settled has been recorded in the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position as claims payable along with amounts related to deferred compensatory time and estimated liabilities for questioned costs. As of December 31, 2020, the total amount of non-Enterprise Fund claims was \$653.4 million and Enterprise Fund was \$96.4 million. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the reported liability for all funds are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	2020	2019
Balance, January 1	\$ 614,967	\$ 594,235
Claims incurred and change in estimates	670,439	9 620,026
Claims paid on current and prior year events	(535,587	7) (599,300)
Balance, December 31	\$ 749,813	\$ 614,961

13) Expenditure of Funds and Appropriation of Fund Balances

The City expends funds by classification as they become available, and "Restricted" funds are expended first. If/when City Council formally sets aside or designates funds for a specific purpose, they are considered "Committed." The Mayor (or his/her designee) may, in this capacity, also set aside or designate funds for specific purposes and all of these funds will be considered "Assigned." Any remaining funds, which are not specifically

allocated in one or more of the previous three categories, are considered "Unassigned" until such allocation is completed.

In addition to the categories above, any amounts that will be used to balance a subsequent year's budget will be considered "Assigned" as Budgetary Stabilization funds. The amounts may vary from fiscal year to fiscal year or depending on the City's budgetary condition, or may not be designated at all. The funds may be assigned by the Mayor (or his/her designee) up to the amount of available "Unassigned" fund balance at the end of the previous fiscal year.

Fund Balance Classifications

On the fund financial statements, the Fund Balance consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

							Community	
		Federal,	Special	Service	Bond, Note		Development	Other
		State and	Taxing	Concession	Redemption	STSC Debt	Improvement	Governmental
	General	Local Grants	Areas	and Reserve	and Interest	Service	Projects	Funds
Nonspendable Purpose:								
Inventory	\$ 31,769	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
STSC Blended Balance *	-	-	-	-	-	3,456,986	-	-
Restricted Purpose:								
Capital Projects	-	-	1,936,832	-	-	-	450,830	91,191
Grants	-	9,965	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	99,096	-	-
Committed Purpose:								
Budget and Credit								
Rating Stabilization	-	-	-	724,506	-	-	-	-
Repair, Maintenance								
and City Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	255,920
Assigned Purpose:								
Future obligations	131,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	240
Assigned for Future								
Unassigned	196,716	(313,269)		(1,450,094)	(3,416,987)			(71,751)
Total Government Fund Balance	\$ 359,485	\$ (303,304)	\$1,936,832	\$ (725,588)	\$ (3,416,987)	\$ 3,556,082	\$ 450,830	\$ 275,600

^{*} The STSC is a blended component unit of the City. The STSC Blended Balance above, represents a deferred outflow from the acquisition of sales tax revenues that will be amortized into expenditures over the life of the related bonds. As discussed in the Fund Deficit footnote 3c, the deficit within the City's Bonds, Note Redemption and Interest Fund represents this sale that has been deferred and will be funded through the recognition of the related amortization.

At the end of the fiscal year, total encumbrances amounted to \$19.7 million for the General Operating Fund, \$101.2 million for the Special Taxing Areas Fund, \$63.1 million for the Capital Projects Fund and \$6.6 million for the Non Major Special Revenue Fund.

14) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, the City reports deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position in a separate section following Assets. Similarly, the City reports deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position in a separate section following Liabilities.

The components of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2020 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	 overnmental Activities	Вι	Business-type Activities		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred outflows from pension activities Deferred outflows from other post employment	\$ 1,882,848	\$	108,351		
benefits activities Changes in proportionate share	1,411,108		-		
of pension contributions	84,915		123,112		
bond refunding costs	213,665		172,256		
Derivatives	 -		29,473		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 3,592,536	\$	433,192		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Deferred inflows from pension activities	\$ 2,007,483	\$	335,140		
Deferred inflows from other post employment					
benefits activities	69,784		-		
Changes in proportionate share					
of pension contributions	159,662		125,191		
Long-Term lease and					
Service concession arrangements	 1,450,094		1,534,242		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 3,687,023	\$	1,994,573		

The components of the deferred inflows of resources related to the governmental funds at December 31, 2020 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Ge	neral	Federal, State and Local Grants		Special Taxing Areas		Service Concession and Reserve		Bond, Note Redemption and Interest		Pension		Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Governmental Funds:																
Deferred inflow of resources:																
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7	22,761	\$	-	\$	483,213	\$	859,998	\$	33,722	\$	2,099,694
Utility Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,569		5,569
Grants		-	4	120,436		-		-		-		-		-		420,436
Long-term Lease and																
Concession Agreements		-		-		-	1,	450,094				-		-		1,450,094
Total Governmental Funds	\$	-	\$ 4	120,436	\$ 7	22,761	\$ 1,	450,094	\$	483,213	\$	859,998	\$	39,291	\$	3,975,793
•																

15) Commitments and Contingencies

The City is a defendant in various pending and threatened individual and class action litigation relating principally to claims arising from contracts, personal injury, property damage, police conduct, alleged discrimination, civil rights actions, and other matters. City management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

The City participates in a number of federal- and state-assisted grant programs. These grants are subject to audits by or on behalf of the grantors to assure compliance with grant provisions. Based upon past experience and management's judgment, the City has made provisions in the General Fund for questioned costs and other amounts estimated to be disallowed. City management expects such provision to be adequate to cover actual amounts disallowed, if any.

As of December 31, 2020, the City has entered into contracts for approximately \$229.1 million for construction projects. As of December 31, 2020, the Enterprise Funds have entered into contracts for approximately \$937.6 million for construction projects.

The City's pollution remediation obligation of \$43.6 million is primarily related to Brownfield redevelopment projects. These projects include removal of underground storage tanks, cleanup of contaminated soil, and removal of other environmental pollution identified at the individual sites. The estimated liability is calculated using the expected cash flow technique. The pollution remediation obligation is an estimate and subject to changes resulting from price increases or reductions, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

16) Concession Agreements

The major fund entitled Service Concession and Reserve Fund is used for the purpose of accounting for the deferred inflows associated with governmental fund long-term lease and concession transactions. Deferred inflows are amortized over the life of the related lease and concession agreements. Proceeds from these transactions may be transferred from this fund in accordance with ordinances approved by the City Council that define the use of proceeds.

In February 2009, the City completed a \$1.15 billion concession agreement to allow a private operator to manage and collect revenues from the City's metered parking system for 75 years. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.15 billion which was recognized as a deferred inflow that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the term of the agreement. The City recognizes \$15.3 million of revenue for each year through 2083.

In November 2006, the Chicago Park District entered into an agreement to transfer its ownership interests in three underground downtown public parking garages to the City, all of which are adjacent to a fourth underground downtown public parking garage built by and already owned by the City. In December 2006, the City completed a long-term concession and lease agreement of the four-garage system to a private operator to manage the garages and collect parking and related revenues for the 99-year term of the agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$563.0 million, of which \$347.8 million was transferred by the City to the Chicago Park District, and the remainder was used to pay off the outstanding bonds that financed the construction of the City's original garage. The City recognized a deferred inflow that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the term of the agreement. The City recognizes \$5.7 million of revenue for each year through 2105.

In January 2014, the original private concessionaire assigned all of its interests in the concession and lease agreement to a designee of its lenders in lieu of foreclosure by the lenders on their leasehold mortgage on the underground garages.

In May 2016, the designee assigned all of its interests in the concession and lease agreement to a new entity. Pursuant to the concession and lease agreement for the garages, the City approved the transfer of the concession and lease agreement.

In January 2005, the City completed a long-term concession and lease of the Skyway. The concession granted a private company the right to operate the Skyway and to collect toll revenue from the Skyway for the 99-year term of the agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.83 billion; a portion of the payment (\$446.3 million) advance refunded all of the outstanding Skyway bonds. The City recognized a deferred inflow of \$1.83 billion that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the 99-year term of the agreement. The City recognizes \$18.5 million of revenue related to this transaction for each year through 2103. Skyway land, bridges, other facilities and equipment continue to be reported on the Statement of Net Position and will be depreciated, as applicable, over their useful lives. The deferred inflow of the Skyway is reported in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position.

In February 2016, the owners of the Skyway concessionaire sold their ownership interests in the concessionaire to a new entity. Pursuant to the concession and lease agreement for the Skyway, the City approved the transfer of ownership interests.

17) Tax Abatements

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* ("GASB 77"), requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose: (1) Brief descriptive information concerning the agreement; (2) The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period; and 3) Commitments made by government, other than to abate taxes, that are part of the tax abatement agreement.

Tax Abatement Agreements Entered into Directly by the City

The Boeing Company

The City entered into a Tax Reimbursement Payment Agreement with The Boeing Company ("Boeing") as of November 1, 2001. The relocation of Boeing constituted a substantial public benefit from its creation of not less than 500 permanent FTE jobs and through payment of various taxes and governmental charges and was expected to foster further economic growth and development in the City.

Boeing may submit to the City for each year of the agreement an annual reimbursement form for reimbursement of an amount equal to the portion of the Boeing General Real Estate Taxes paid during such calendar year to the City, the Board of Education of the City of Chicago and the City Library Fund, in aggregate. In the form, Boeing must certify compliance with the terms of the agreement including, without limitation, Boeing continues to meet certain operational criteria, occupies not less than 125,000 rentable square feet at the building as its corporate headquarters, has at least \$25.0 billion in annual world-wide revenues, and employs a minimum of 500 full time employees within Chicago.

The above listed real estate taxes are reimbursed by way of an annual payment to Boeing in an amount equal to the allocable share of the real estate taxes. The City is entitled to terminate the agreement and/or recover certain payments if Boeing does not comply with the terms of the agreement. For the 2020 reporting period, the tax reimbursement to Boeing totaled \$1.78 million.

Tax Increment Financing

The City adopted certain ordinances approving various redevelopment plans pursuant to provisions of the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, 65 ILCS 5/11-7 4.4-1 (the "Act"). The redevelopment plans designate a "redevelopment project area" under the Act, and adopt tax increment allocation financing for each redevelopment project area.

In an effort to promote redevelopment and finance construction projects in the redevelopment project areas to eradicate blighted conditions, the City uses tax increment financing to reimburse developers for the costs of the TIF-funded improvements pursuant to the terms and conditions of redevelopment agreements entered into by the City and a developer. Projects range from new construction to redevelopment and expansion initiatives throughout the City. The maximum reimbursable amount is set forth in each agreement. If the total project cost is lower than the project budget established in the agreement, the reimbursable amount will be prorated.

For the 2020 reporting period, the amount of property tax revenue forgone by the City due to the agreements under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act amounts to \$67.3 million on an accrual basis of accounting.

Tax Abatement Agreements Entered Into By Other Governments

Cook County

Cook County provides tax reductions under numerous programs with individuals, local businesses, and developers. The objective of the agreements is to encourage the development and rehabilitation of new and existing industrial and commercial property, reutilization of abandoned property, and increase multi-family residential affordable rental housing throughout Cook County by offering a real estate tax incentive. An eligibility application must be filed prior to commencement of a project and include a resolution from the municipality where the real estate is located. Once

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

the project has been completed, the applicant must file an Incentive Appeal Form with the County Assessor's Office. Upon approval by the County Assessor's Office and based on the property classification, the applicant is eligible to receive one of the following tax incentives:

- Class 7a, 7b, and C: Property will be assessed at 10 percent of market value for the first 10 years, 15 percent in the 11th year and 20 percent in the 12th year.
- Class 7c: Property will be assessed at 10 percent of market value for the first 3 years, 15 percent in the 4th year and 20 percent in the 5th year.
- Class 6b: Property will be assessed at 10 percent of the market value for 10 years and for any subsequent 10-year renewal periods; if not renewed, 15 percent in the 11th year and 15 percent in the 12th year.
- Class L: Renewable properties will be assessed at 10 percent of market value for the first 10 years and for any subsequent 10-year renewal periods; if not renewed, 15 percent in the 11th year and 20 percent in the 12th year.
 Commercial properties will be assessed at 10 percent of market value for the first 10 years, 15 percent in the 11th year and 20 percent in the 12th year.

In the absence of the incentive, the property tax would be assessed at 25 percent of its market value. This incentive constitutes a substantial reduction in the level of assessment and results in significant tax savings for eligible applicants. For the 2020 reporting period, the amount of property tax revenue forgone by the City due to these incentives is estimated at \$19.4 million.

18) Subsequent Events

Ratings

In April 2021, S&P Global Ratings revised its rating outlook on the City's O'Hare International Airport Senior Lien General Airport Revenue Bonds and Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds from negative to stable.

In May 2021, Kroll Bond Rating Agency revised its rating outlook on the City's O'Hare International Airport Senior Lien General Airport Revenue Bonds and Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds from negative to stable.

COVID-19

The City of Chicago provides essential services to residents, businesses and visitors and continues to operate throughout this pandemic. The City continues to operate its normal course of business. Revenues have continued to grow during 2021. The City fully transitioned to Phase 5 of the Governor's State of Illinois Coronavirus Response Plan on June 11, 2021.

In 2021, the City has been awarded over \$2.98 billion in federal assistance in response to the impact of COVID-19 to be used to cover expenses as the City is recovering from the public health emergency, including COVID-19 response and recovery, mitigation and prevention, providing food, healthcare and mental health support, housing and shelters, ongoing communication and outreach, rental assistance, supporting small businesses, funding for first responders and funding to support airport operations. In addition, the City is eligible for the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Public Assistance Grant and will receive reimbursements for eligible costs under this grant. The City expects the additional funding and grants to improve its liquidity and strengthen its ability to withstand expected decreases in revenues during Fiscal Year 2021.

O'Hare and Midway

In February 2021, the FAA announced that it had allocated approximately \$60.0 million of grant assistance under the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriation Act (CRRSAA) to O'Hare, plus an additional \$8.9 million specifically related to Concessions Relief. In June 2021, the FAA announced that it had allocated approximately \$253.6 million of grant assistance under the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to the Airport, plus an additional \$35.0 million specifically related to Concessions Relief. The City can draw on CRRSAA and ARPA funds on a reimbursement basis for any purpose for which airport revenues may be lawfully used in accordance with FAA rules and regulations. Currently, the City has applied the use of CRRSAA and ARPA funds to mitigate

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

the adverse impacts on rates and charges paid by the airlines, PFC and CFC shortfalls and to ensure sufficient funding to pay for debt service. The City expects the CRRSA Act funding to improve its liquidity and strengthen its ability to withstand expected decreases in revenues during Fiscal Years 2021 and 2022 that it anticipates as a result of the current and ongoing effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

In February 2021, the FAA announced that it had allocated approximately \$16.5 million of grant assistance under CRRSAA to Midway, plus an additional \$2.2 million specifically related to Concessions Relief. In June 2021, the FAA announced that it had allocated approximately \$62.8 million of grant assistance under ARPA to the Airport, plus an additional \$8.6 million specifically related to Concessions Relief. The City can draw on CRRSAA and ARPA funds on a reimbursement basis for any purpose for which airport revenues may be lawfully used in accordance with FAA rules and regulations. Currently, the City has applied the use of CRRSAA and ARPA funds to mitigate the adverse impacts on rates and charges paid by the airlines and to ensure sufficient funding to pay for debt service. The City expects the CRRSA Act funding to improve its liquidity and strengthen its ability to withstand expected decreases in revenues during Fiscal Years 2021 and 2022 that it anticipates as a result of the current and ongoing effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Six Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Municipal Employees':	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Benefit changes	\$ 236,302 1,190,694	\$ 228,465 1,159,253	\$ 223,528 1,123,348 -	\$ 572,534 915,711 -	\$ 619,743 878,369	\$ 226,816 909,067 2,140,009
Differences between expected and actual experience Assumption changes Benefit payments	100,938 -	16,676 -	95,540 -	(177,755) (7,431,191)	(127,119) (578,920)	(109,835) 8,711,755
including refunds Pension plan administrative expenses	(973,478)	(952,652)	(916,198)	(888,174)	(859,672)	(826,036)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 554,456	\$ 451,742	\$ 526,218	\$ (7,008,875)	\$ (67,599)	\$ 11,051,776
Total pension liability - beginning	17,260,356	16,808,614	16,282,396	23,291,271	23,358,870	12,307,094
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 17,814,812	\$ 17,260,356	\$ 16,808,614	\$ 16,282,396	\$ 23,291,271	\$ 23,358,870
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions-employer Contributions-employee Net investment income Benefit payments	\$ 496,992 157,798 335,403	\$ 418,269 146,645 560,940	\$ 349,574 138,400 (204,975)	\$ 261,764 134,765 610,515	\$ 149,718 130,391 281,419	\$ 149,225 131,428 114,025
including refunds of employee contribution Administrative expenses Other	(973,478) (7,118) -	(952,652) (6,740) -	(916,198) (6,639) -	(888,174) (6,473) 5,394	(859,672) (7,056) -	(826,036) (6,701)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 9,597	\$ 166,462	\$ (639,838)	\$ 117,791	\$ (305,200)	\$ (438,059)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary	4,080,642	3,914,180	4,554,018	4,436,227	4,741,427	5,179,486
net position - ending (b)	\$ 4,090,239	\$ 4,080,642	\$ 3,914,180	\$ 4,554,018	\$ 4,436,227	\$ 4,741,427
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 13,724,573	\$ 13,179,714	\$ 12,894,434	\$ 11,728,378	\$ 18,855,044	\$ 18,617,443
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	22.96 %	23.64 %	23.29 %	27.97 %	19.05 %	20.30 %
Covered payroll*	\$ 1,861,905	\$ 1,802,790	\$ 1,734,596	\$ 1,686,533	\$ 1,646,939	\$ 1,643,481
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	737.13 %	731.07 %	743.37 %	695.41 %	1,144.85 %	1,132.81 %

^{*}Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Continued Last Six Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Laborers':	2020	2019	2018			2017 2016		2016	6 2015	
Total pension liability Service cost *	\$ 39,216 191,099 -	\$ 38,522 188,347 -	\$	40,801 183,135 -	\$	80,232 154,047 150	\$	82,960 150,166 -	\$	38,389 153,812 384,033
Differences between expected and actual experience Assumption changes Benefit payments	(18,992) 44,034	(8,820) 32,846		15,143 (11,788)		(62,178) (1,074,754)		(30,428) (62,905)		(46,085) 1,175,935
including refunds Pension plan administrative expenses	 (3,616)	(3,691)		(3,933)		(157,050)		(4,080)		(152,530)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 82,685	\$ 82,245	\$	63,297	\$	(1,063,538)	\$	(18,970)	\$	1,549,710
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension	 2,775,649	 2,693,404		2,630,107	_	3,693,645		3,712,615		2,162,905
liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,858,334	\$ 2,775,649	\$	2,693,404	\$	2,630,107	\$	3,693,645	\$	3,712,615
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions-employer Contributions-employee Net investment income Benefit payments	\$ 73,744 18,064 163,057	\$ 59,346 18,143 184,027	\$	47,844 17,837 (75,219)	\$	35,457 17,411 207,981	\$	12,603 17,246 57,997	\$	12,412 16,844 (22,318)
including refunds of employee contribution Administrative expenses Other	 (169,056) (3,616)	 (164,959) (3,691)		(160,061) (3,933) 661		(157,050) (3,985)		(154,683) (4,080)		(152,530) (3,844) -
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 82,193	\$ 92,866	\$	(172,871)	\$	99,814	\$	(70,917)	\$	(149,436)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary	 1,187,549	 1,094,683		1,267,554		1,167,740		1,238,657		1,388,093
net position - ending (b)	\$ 1,269,742	 1,187,549	\$	1,094,683		1,267,554	\$	1,167,740	\$	1,238,657
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 1,588,592	\$ 1,588,100	\$	1,598,721	\$	1,362,553	\$	2,525,905	\$	2,473,958
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	44.42 %	42.78 %		40.64 %		48.19 %		31.61 %		33.36 %
Covered payroll **	\$ 207,195	\$ 211,608	\$	211,482	\$	208,442	\$	208,155	\$	204,773
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	766.71 %	750.49 %		755.96 %		653.68 %		1,213.47 %		1,208.15 %

^{*} Includes pension plan administrative expenses

^{**} Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Continued Last Six Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Policemen's:	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability Service cost * Interest Benefit changes	\$ 286,537 942,623	\$ 240,383 944,739 24,216	\$ 242,998 931,731	\$ 237,333 917,720	\$ 220,570 851,098 606,250	\$ 213,585 832,972
Differences between expected and actual experience Assumption changes	61,914 260,021	(68,010) 1,140,418	(281,151) (259,052)	(299,923) 238,975	1,801 112,585	(105,969)
Benefit payments including refunds Pension plan	(841,598)	(800,668)	(771,104)	(747,891)	(707,196)	(676,777)
administrative expenses Net change in total pension liability	(4,359) \$ 705,138	\$ 1,476,344	(4,626) \$ (141,204)	\$ 341,371	(4,750) \$ 1,080,358	\$ 259,303
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension	14,789,602	13,313,258	13,454,462	13,113,091	12,032,733	11,773,430
liability - ending (a)	\$ 15,494,740	\$ 14,789,602	\$ 13,313,258	\$ 13,454,462	\$ 13,113,091	\$ 12,032,733
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions-employer Contributions-employee Net investment income Benefit payments	\$ 739,441 113,622 271,891	\$ 581,936 110,792 369,982	\$ 588,035 107,186 (137,977)	\$ 494,483 103,011 412,190	\$ 272,428 101,476 142,699	\$ 572,836 107,626 (5,334)
including refunds of employee contribution Administrative expenses Other	(841,598) (4,359) 472	(800,668) (4,734) 32	(771,104) (4,626) 1,600	(747,891) (4,843) 97	(707,196) (4,750) 1,413	(676,777) (4,508) 3,092
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Adjustment as of January 1, 2019 Plan fiduciary	\$ 279,469 -	\$ 257,340 (91)	\$ (216,886) -	\$ 257,047 -	\$ (193,930) -	\$ (3,065)
net position - beginning	3,162,429	2,905,180	3,122,066	2,865,019	3,058,949	3,062,014
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 3,441,898	\$ 3,162,429	\$ 2,905,180	\$ 3,122,066	\$ 2,865,019	\$ 3,058,949
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 12,052,842	\$ 11,627,173	\$ 10,408,078	\$ 10,332,396	\$ 10,248,072	\$ 8,973,784
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	22.21 %	21.38 %	21.82 %	23.20 %	21.85 %	25.42 %
Covered payroll**	\$ 1,195,980	\$ 1,228,987	\$ 1,205,324	\$ 1,150,406	\$ 1,119,527	\$ 1,086,608
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	1007.78 %	946.08 %	863.51 %	898.15 %	915.39 %	825.85 %

^{*} Includes pension plan administrative expense

^{**} Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Concluded Last Six Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Firemen's:		2020	 2019	2018		_	2017 2016		2015		
Total pension liability Service cost	\$	109,487 410,128 -	\$ 102,141 408,586 -	\$	97,143 * 410,821 -	\$	93,367 * 371,622 -	\$	94,115 * 342,085 227,213	\$	87,203 * 338,986 -
and actual experience Assumption changes Benefit payments		174,717 30,468	(65,213) 190,954		(56,418) 382,611		26,954 414,219		24,110 (74,373)		(7,981) 176,282
including refunds Pension plan administrative expenses		(366,160)	(346,337)		(324,662)		(306,098)		(286,759)		(278,017)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	358,640	\$ 290,131	\$	506,210	\$	596,892	\$	323,174	\$	313,324
Total pension liability - beginning		6,542,491	6,252,360		5,746,150		5,149,258		4,826,084		4,512,760
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	6,901,131	\$ 6,542,491	\$	6,252,360	\$	5,746,150	\$	5,149,258	\$	4,826,084
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions-employer Contributions-employee Net investment income Benefit payments	\$	368,423 54,414 105,367	\$ 255,382 46,623 161,082	\$	249,684 45,894 (58,000)	\$	228,453 47,364 140,570	\$	154,101 48,960 60,881	\$	236,104 46,552 7,596
including refunds of employee contribution Administrative expenses Other		(366,160) (2,991) 13	(346,337) (3,226) 507		(324,662) (3,285) 6		(306,098) (3,172) 22		(286,759) (3,217) (53)		(278,017) (3,149) 7
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	159,066	\$ 114,031	\$	(90,363)	\$	107,139	\$	(26,087)	\$	9,093
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary	_	1,149,821	 1,035,790		1,126,153		1,019,014		1,045,101		1,036,008
net position - ending (b)	\$	1,308,887	\$ 1,149,821	\$	1,035,790	\$	1,126,153	\$	1,019,014	\$	1,045,101
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	5,592,244	\$ 5,392,670	\$	5,216,570	\$	4,619,997	\$	4,130,244	\$	3,780,983
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		18.97 %	17.57 %		16.57 %		19.60 %		19.79 %		21.66 %
Covered payroll **	\$	500,368	\$ 457,082	\$	456,969	\$	469,407	\$	478,471	\$	465,232
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		1,117.63 %	1,179.80 %		1,141.56 %		984.22 %		863.22 %		812.71 %

^{*} Includes pension plan administrative expenses

^{**} Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Municipal Employees':

		Contributions					
		in Relation to			Contributions as		
	Actuarially	the Actuarially			a percentage of		
Years Ended	Determined	Determined	Contribution	Covered	Covered		
December 31,	Contributions	Contribution	Deficiency	Payroll *	Payroll		
2011	\$ 611,756	\$ 147,009	\$ 464,747	\$ 1,605,993	9.15 %		
2012	690,823	148,859	541,964	1,590,794	9.36 %		
2013	820,023	148,197	671,826	1,580,289	9.38 %		
2014	839,039	149,747	689,292	1,602,978	9.34 %		
2015	677,200	149,225	527,975	1,643,481	9.08 %		
2016	961,770	149,718	812,052	1,646,939	9.09 %		
2017	1,005,457	261,764	743,693	1,686,533	15.52 %		
2018	1,049,916	349,574	700,342	1,734,596	20.15 %		
2019	1,117,388	418,269	699,119	1,802,790	23.20 %		
2020	1,167,154	496,992	670,162	1,861,905	26.69 %		

^{*} Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Laborers':

		Contributions in Relation to			Contributions as
	Actuarially	the Actuarially			a percentage of
Years Ended	Determined	Determined	Contribution	Covered	Covered
December 31,	Contributions *	Contribution	Deficiency	Payroll **	Payroll
2011	\$ 57,259	\$ 12,779	\$ 44,480	\$ 195,238	6.55 %
2012	77,566	11,853	65,713	198,790	5.96 %
2013	106,199	11,583	94,616	200,352	5.78 %
2014	106,019	12,161	93,858	202,673	6.00 %
2015	79,851	12,412	67,439	204,773	6.06 %
2016	117,033	12,603	104,430	208,155	6.05 %
2017	124,226	35,457	88,769	208,442	17.01 %
2018	129,247	47,844	81,403	211,482	22.62 %
2019	148,410	59,346	89,064	211,608	28.05 %
2020	155,794	73,744	82,050	207,195	35.59 %

^{*} The LABF Statutory Funding does not conform to Actuarial Standards of Practice, therefore, the actuarially determined contribution is equal to the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded liability using level dollar payments and a 30 year open amortization period.

^{**} Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Policemen's:

Years Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contributions *	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency	Covered Payroll **	Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll
2011	\$ 402,752	\$ 174,035	\$ 228,717	\$ 1,034,4	
2012	431,010	197,885	233,125	1,015,1	71 19.49 %
2013	474,177	179,521	294,656	1,015,4	26 17.68 %
2014	491,651	178,158	313,493	1,074,3	33 16.58 %
2015	785,501	575,928	209,573	1,086,6	08 53.00 %
2016	785,695	273,840	511,855	1,119,5	27 24.46 %
2017	910,938	494,580	416,358	1,150,4	06 42.99 %
2018	924,654	589,635	335,019	1,205,3	24 48.92 %
2019	933,770	581,968	351,802	1,228,9	87 47.35 %
2020	1,037,582	739,913	297,669	1,195,9	80 61.87 %

^{*}The PABF Statutory Funding does not conform to Actuarial Standards of Practice; therefore, for fiscal years 2015 and after, the actuarially determined contribution is equal to the normal cost plus a 30-year level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability. Prior to 2015 the actuarially determined contribution was equal to the "ARC" which was equal to the normal cost plus a 30-year open level percent amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability.

Firemen's:

Years Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contributions *	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency	Covered Payroll **	Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll
2011	\$ 250,056	\$ 82,870	\$ 167,186	\$ 425,385	19.48 %
2012	271,506	81,522	189,984	418,965	19.46 %
2013	294,878	103,669	191,209	416,492	24.89 %
2014	304,265	107,334	196,931	460,190	23.32 %
2015	323,545	236,104	87,441	465,232	50.75 %
2016	333,952	154,101	179,851	478,471	32.21 %
2017	372,845	228,453	144,392	469,407	48.67 %
2018	412,220	249,684	162,536	456,969	54.64 %
2019	442,045	255,382	186,663	457,082	55.87 %
2020	466,556	368,423	98,133	500,368	73.63 %

^{*} The historical FABF Statutory Funding Policy does not conform to Actuarial Standards of Practice; therefore, the Actuarially Determined Contribution is equal to the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded liability using level dollar payments and a 30-year amortization period. Amounts for fiscal years prior to 2015 were based on the "ARC" which was equal to normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded liability using a 30-year open period level dollar amortization.

^{**} Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

^{**} Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - Concluded

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:	Municipal Employees'		Laborers'		Policemen's		Firemen's		
Actuarial valuation date	12/31/2020	(a)	12/31/2020		12/31/2020		12/31/2020		
Actuarial cost methodAsset valuation method	Entry age normal 5-yr. Smoothed Market		Entry age normal 5-yr. Smoothed Market		Entry age normal 5-yr. Smoothed Market		Entry age normal 5-yr. Smoothed Market		
Actuarial assumptions: Inflation	7.00%	(b) (f)	2.25% 3.00% 7.25% (i) (m) (q)	(c) (g)	2.25% 3.50% 6.75% (j) (n) (q)	(d)	2.25% 3.50 - 25.00% 6.75% (k) (o) (p)	(e)	

- (a) Actuarially determined contribution amount is determined as of December 31, with appropriate interest to the end of the year.
- (b) (1.50%-6.50% for 2020-2022), varying by years of service.
- (C) Plus a service-based increase in the first 9 years.
- (d) Plus service based increases consistent with bargaining contracts.
- (e) Varying by years of service.
- (f) Net of investment expense
- (g) Net of investment expense, including inflation
- (h) For employees first hired prior to January 1, 2011, rates of retirement are based on the recent experience of the Fund (effective December 31, 2017). For employees first hired on or after January 1, 2011 and before July 6, 2017, rates of retirement for each age from 62 to 80 were used (effective December 31, 2011). For employees first hired on or after July 6, 2017, rates of retirement for each age from 60 to 80 were used (effective December 31, 2018).
- (i) Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the December 31, 2017, valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2016.
- (j) Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018.
- (k) Retirement rates are based on the recent experience of the Fund (effective December 31, 2017).
- (l) Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, set forward two years for males and one year for females, and projected generationally using scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on 120% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables projected generationally using scale MP-2016.
- (m) Post Retirement Mortality: Scaling factors of 117% for males, and 102% for females of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant mortality table, sex distinct, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2017 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales. No adjustment is made for post-disabled mortality.
 - Pre Retirement Mortality: Scaling factors of 109% for males, and 103% for females of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee mortality table, sex distinct, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2017 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales.
- (n) Post-Retirement Healthy mortality rates: Sex distinct Pub-2010 Amount-weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables weighted 119% for males and 102% for females, set forward one year for males. Pre-Retirement mortality rates: Sex distinct Pub-2010 Amount-weighted Safety Employee Mortality Tables weighted 100% for males and 100% for females. Disabled Mortality: Sex distinct Pub-2010 Amount-weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables weighted 129% for males and 112% for females, set forward one year for males. Future mortality improvements are reflected by projecting the base mortality tables forward using the MP-2018 projection scale.
- (o) Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 106% for males and 98% for females, and projected generationally using scale MP-2017. Disabled mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 107% for males and 99% for females, and projected generationally using scale MP-2017. Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee Mortality, scaled by 92% for males and 100% for females, projected generationally using scale MP-2017.
- (p) Other assumptions: Same as those used in the December 31, 2020, actuarial funding valuation.
- (q) The actuarial valuation is based on the statutes in effect as of December 31, 2020.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Three Years (dollars are in thousands)

CBA Benefits:	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 12,215	\$ 3,398	\$ 3,954
Interest	16,357	14,760	15,049
Benefit changes	(82,923) *	(10) **	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(6,712)	19,330	(35,640)
Assumption changes	1,261,663	253,605	(9,990)
Benefit payments including refunds	(56,528)	(51,717)	(49,972)
OPEB plan administrative expense	-	-	-
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 1,144,072	\$ 239,366	\$ (76,599)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	625,224	385,858	462,457
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 1,769,296	\$ 625,224	\$ 385,858
Dien fiducien, net necitien			
Plan fiduciary net position	Ф БС БОО	Ф <i>Б</i> 4.747	ф 40.070
Contributions-employer	\$ 56,528	\$ 51,717	\$ 49,972
Contributions-employee	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	-	-
Benefit payments including	(50,500)	(54.747)	(40.070)
refunds of member contribution	(56,528)	(51,717)	(49,972)
Administrative expenses	-	-	-
Other		-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning			
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 1,769,296	\$ 625,224	\$ 385,858
Covered employee payroll***	\$ 1,657,041	\$ 1,631,705	\$ 182,222
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of			
covered employee payroll	106.77 %	38.32 %	211.75 %

^{*}Contribution Increases

Note:

^{**}Cadillac tax & Subsidy

^{***}Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Concluded Last Three Years (dollars are in thousands)

Non-CBA Benefits:		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	12,697	\$	14,904	\$	10,673
Interest		5,331		11,869		9,411
Benefit changes		-		(106,959) *		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(11,185)		24,481		(7,490)
Assumption changes		1,597		(20,946)		22,922
Benefit payments including refunds		(17,959)		(18,560)		(20,606)
OPEB plan administrative expense		-		-		-
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(9,519)	\$	(95,211)	\$	14,910
Total OPEB liability - beginning		203,563		298,774		283,864
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	194,044	\$	203,563	\$	298,774
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions-employer	\$	17,959	\$	18,560	\$	20,606
Contributions-employee		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		-		-
Benefit payments including						
refunds of member contribution		(17,959)		(18,560)		(20,606)
Administrative expenses		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	194,044	\$	203,563	\$	298,774
Covered employee payroll**	\$ 1	1,161,573	\$	1,153,439	\$ 2	2,580,360
	•	•	•	-	•	·
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of						
covered employee payroll		16.71 %		17.65 %		11.58 %

Note:

^{*}Cadillac tax & Subsidy

^{**}Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS GENERAL FUND

Schedule A-1
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)
LOCAL TAX REVENUE				
UTILITY TAX:				
Gas	\$ 126,308	\$ 126,308	\$ 114,354	\$ (11,954)
Electric	97,705	97,705	93,920	(3,785)
Telecommunication	75,000	75,000	73,002	(1,998)
Commonwealth Edison	90,101	90,101	86,129	(3,972)
Cable Television	27,000	27,000	23,963	(3,037)
Total Utility Tax	416,114	416,114	391,368	(24,746)
SALES TAX:				
Home Rule Retailers' Occupation	74,043	74,043	58,690	(15,353)
TRANSPORTATION TAX:				
Parking	138,557	138,557	65,360	(73,197)
Vehicle Fuel	54,475	54,475	34,113	(20,362)
Ground Transportation	190,554	190,554	94,439	(96,115)
Total Transportation Tax	383,586	383,586	193,912	(189,674)
TRANSACTION TAX:				
Real Property	152,000	152,000	130,318	(21,682)
Personal Property Lease	350,351	350,351	344,131	(6,220)
Motor Vehicle Lessor	6,500	6,500	3,015	(3,485)
Total Transaction Tax	508,851	508,851	477,464	(31,387)
RECREATION TAX:				
Amusement	193,954	193,954	104,273	(89,681)
Automatic Amusement	390	390	384	(6)
Liquor	32,700	32,700	27,478	(5,222)
Boat Mooring	1,300	1,300	990	(310)
Cigarette	18,200	18,200	20,815	2,615
Cannabis	1,580	1,580	1,731	151
Off Track Betting	425	425	251	(174)
Soft Drink	24,800	24,800	22,202	(2,598)
Total Recreation Tax	273,349	273,349	178,124	(95,225)
BUSINESS TAX:				
Hotel	136,000	136,000	25,672	(110,328)
Foreign Fire Insurance	5,500	5,500	6,146	646
Shopping Bag Tax	5,900	5,900	6,258	358
Total Business Tax	147,400	147,400	38,076	(109,324)
TOTAL LOCAL TAX REVENUE	1,803,343	1,803,343	1,337,634	(465,709)

Schedule A-1 - Continued
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Original Budget		Final Budget	 Actual Amounts	F	ariance Positive legative)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE						
STATE INCOME TAX:						
Income	\$ 269,780	\$	269,780	\$ 321,432	\$	51,652
Personal Property Replacement	 157,223		157,223	165,830		8,607
Total State Income Tax	427,003		427,003	487,262		60,259
STATE AUTO RENTAL TAX:						
Municipal Auto Rental	4,150		4,150	2,083		(2,067)
FEDERAL/STATE GRANTS:						
Grants	 2,000		2,000	1,431		(569)
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE	433,153		433,153	490,776		57,623
LOCAL NON-TAX REVENUE						
INTERNAL SERVICE:						
Water Fund	89,354		89,354	89,354		-
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund	29,690		29,690	28,715		(975)
Vehicle Tax Fund	38,005		38,005	38,005		-
Chicago Midway International Airport Fund	7,316		7,316	7,591		275
Federal Funds	15,751		15,751	14,990		(761)
Sewer Fund	50,751		50,751	50,751		-
Emergency Communication Fund	7,157		7,157	7,157		-
Federal Funds - Pensions	35,686		35,686	131,676		95,990
Intergovernmental Vouchers (IV)	69,547		69,547	65,024		(4,523)
Transportation	3,921		3,921	1,813		(2,108)
Department of Assets, Information, and Services (1)	8,013		8,013	4,570		(3,443)
Miscellaneous - Planning, Purchasing, etc	2,515		2,515	511		(2,004)
Public Safety - Police, Fire and OEMC	319		319	24		(295)
Other	3,438		3,438	4,391		953
Total Internal Service	361,463		361,463	444,572		83,109
LICENSES AND PERMITS:						
Alcoholic Liquor Dealers' License	12,800		12,800	10,136		(2,664)
Business License	22,100		22,100	21,426		(674)
Building Permits	40,000		40,000	33,052		(6,948)
Fines and Penalties	5,500		5,500	3,265		(2,235)
Other	 47,900		47,900	39,931		(7,969)
Total Licenses and Permits	 128,300		128,300	 107,810		(20,490)

Schedule A-1 - Concluded
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance Positive Negative)
LOCAL NON-TAX REVENUE - Concluded								
FINES:								
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	\$	342,700	\$	342,700	\$	230,638	\$	(112,062)
INVESTMENT INCOME:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
Interest on Investments		3,500		3,500		24,140		20,640
CHARGES FOR SERVICES:								· ·
Inspection		13,000		13,000		11,739		(1,261)
Information		1,000		1,000		922		(78)
Safety		409,000		409,000		266,524		(142,476)
Sanitation		63,000		63,000		57,642		(5,358)
Reimbursement of Current Expense		7,100		7,100		7,864		764
Other		30,100		30,100		30,854		754
Total Charges for Services		523,200		523,200		375,545		(147,655)
MUNICIPAL UTILITIES:								
Parking		7,600		7,600		7,055		(545)
Total Municipal Utilities		7,600		7,600		7,055		(545)
LEASES, RENTALS AND SALES:								
Sale of Land and Buildings		5,000		5,000		1,013		(3,987)
Vacation of Streets and Alleys		3,000		3,000		4,061		1,061
Sale of Impounded Autos		-		-		1		1
Sale of Materials		700		700		239		(461)
Rentals and Leases		25,000		25,000		5,989		(19,011)
Total Leases, Rentals and Sales		33,700		33,700		11,303		(22,397)
MISCELLANEOUS:								
Property Damage		152		152		164		12
Other		134,593		134,593		122,144		(12,449)
Total Miscellaneous		134,745		134,745		122,308		(12,437)
TOTAL LOCAL NON-TAX REVENUE		1,535,208		1,535,208		1,323,371		(211,837)
The same of Boltz Not of October								
Issuance of Debt, Net of Original		0.000		0.000		450.000		440.000
Discount		8,000		8,000		450,000		442,000
Budgeted Prior Year's Surplus		00.400		02.482				(00.400)
and Reappropriations		93,482		93,482		- 500 404		(93,482)
Transfers In TOTAL REVENUES	\$	634,510 4,507,696	\$	4,507,696	\$	500,484 4,102,265	\$	(134,026)
IOTAL REVENUES	Φ	4,507,090	Φ	4,507,096	Φ	4,102,200	Φ	(405,431)

Note:

⁽¹⁾ In 2020, the Department of Innovation and Technology and the Department of Fleet and Facility Management merged into the Department of Assets, Information, and Services.

Schedule A-2
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR - 01 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 9,687,744	\$ 9,687,744	\$ 9,053,216
2005.0100-Contractual Services	695,434	695,434	665,779
2005.0200-Travel	123,280	123,280	52,438
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	30,000	30,000	26,826
Total	10,536,458	10,536,458	9,798,259
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL - 03 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	5,814,144	5,814,144	5,324,425
2005.0100-Contractual Services	759,170	759,170	755,139
2005.0200-Travel	32,554	32,554	32,397
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	26,558	26,558	23,382
2005.0700-Contingencies	10,000	10,000	10,000
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	2,000	2,000	1,608
Total	6,644,426	6,644,426	6,146,951
OFFICE OF BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT - 05 -			
	2 072 755	2 072 755	0.000.400
2005.0000-Personnel Services	3,072,755	3,072,755	2,869,488
2005.0100-Contractual Services	33,309	33,309	19,933
2005.0200-Travel	1,000	1,000	419
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials Total	5,800 3,112,864	5,800 3,112,864	2,891,000
Total	3,112,004	3,112,004	2,091,000
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES			
CITY COUNCIL - 15 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	16,462,835	16,462,835	16,099,307
2005.0100-Contractual Services	69,420	72,420	70,020
2005.0200-Travel	3,000		
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	7,000	7,000	6,679
2005.0700-Contingencies	5,000	5,000	4,843
2005.0982-For Expense in Connection with	3,333	3,000	.,0.10
Recognition and Awards to Citizens of Chicago			
for Acts of Heroism. To Be Expended on Order			
of the City Council	1,000	1,000	_
2005.9008-Aldermanic Expense Allowance	,	,	
for Ordinary and Necessary Expenses Incurred in			
Connection with the Performance of an Alderman's			
Official Duties. Warrants Against These Accounts			
Shall Be Released by the City Comptroller Upon			
Receipt by the Comptroller of a Voucher Signed			
by the Appropriate Alderman or by Authorized			
Designee	6,100,000	6,100,000	5,348,913

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - Continued			
CITY COUNCIL - 15 - Concluded 2005.9072-Contingent and Other Expenses for Corporate Purposes not Otherwise Provided For: To Be Expended under the Direction of the President Pro Tempore of the City Council	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ -
Total		22,652,255	21,529,762
		, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
COMMITTEE ON FINANCE - 15 - 2010.0000-Personnel Services	•	737,210 198,520	543,527 91,663
2010.0200-Travel	41,500	4,000 41,500	- 7,653
2010.0700-Contingencies	2,000	2,000	-
Committee on Finance	50,000	50,000	-
Chairman of the Committee on Finance	50,000	50,000	-
of the Chairman of the Committee on Finance		35,500	
Total	1,118,730	1,118,730	642,843
COUNCIL OFFICE OF FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - 15 - 2012.0000-Personnel Services	282,216 27,160	282,216 27,160	174,094
Total		309,376	174,094
COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS - 15 -		,	<u> </u>
2214.0000-Personnel Services	280,000	280,000	217,008
2214.0100-Contractual Services	,	15,000	14,999
2214.0300-Commodities and Materials	12,000	12,000	3,120
2214.0400-Equipment	·	9,500	4,342
2214.0700-Contingencies		15,000	14,559
Total	331,500	331,500	254,028

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - Continued			
COMMITTEE ON CONTRACTING, OVERSIGHT AND EQUITY -15 -			
2216.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 190,000	\$ 190,000	\$ 190,097
2216.0100-Contractual Services	1,500	1,500	
Total	191,500	191,500	190,097
COMMITTEE ON AVIATION - 15 -			
2220.0000-Personnel Services	180,000	180,000	187,045
2220.0100-Contractual Services	200	200	-
2220.0300-Commodities and Materials	500	500	-
2220.0700-Contingencies	750	750	500
Total	181,450	181,450	187,545
SPECIAL LEGISLATIVE			
COMMITTEE ON THE CENSUS -15 -			
2223.0000-Personnel Services	110,000	•	106,008
2223.0300-Commodities and Materials	1,500	1,500	
Total	111,500	111,500	106,008
COMMITTEE ON LICENSE AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 15 -			
2225.0000-Personnel Services	143,500	143,500	68,079
2225.0100-Contractual Services	46,500	•	47,825
2225.0300-Commodities and Materials	1,500		-
Total	191,500	191,500	115,904
COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY - 15 -			
2235.0000-Personnel Services	166,300	166,300	166,786
2235.0100-Contractual Services	1,000	1,000	-
2235.0300-Commodities and Materials	1,000	•	889
2235.0700-Contingencies	500		
Total	168,800	168,800	167,675
COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEES AND RULES -15 -			
2245.0000-Personnel Services	128,220	128,220	121,800
2245.0100-Contractual Services	20,000	20,000	20,000
2245.0300-Commodities and Materials	500		
Total	148,720	148,720	141,800

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - Continued			
COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC, CAPITAL			
AND TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT - 15 -			
2255.0000-Personnel Services	. ,	\$ 385,000	\$ 344,168
2255.0100-Contractual Services	1,000	1,000	1,000
2255.0300-Commodities and Materials	500	500	-
2255.0700-Contingencies Total	1,000 387,500	1,000 387,500	906 346,074
1 Otal	367,300	367,300	340,074
COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENTAL			
PROTECTION AND ENERGY -15 -			
2257.0000-Personnel Services	205,200	205,200	165,012
2257.0300-Commodities and Materials		800	603
Total		206,000	165,615
-	,		
COMMITTEE ON ETHICS			
AND GOOD GOVERNANCE - 15 -			
2258.0000-Personnel Services	143,100	143,100	136,811
2258.0300-Commodities and Materials	1,500	1,500	
Total	144,600	144,600	136,811
COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND CHILD			
DEVELOPMENT - 15 -	400.007	400.007	400 440
2260.0000-Personnel Services	168,387	168,387	166,442
2260.0100-Contractual Services	3,000	3,000	-
2260.0700-Contingencies		2,000	166 440
Total	173,387	173,387	166,442
COMMITTEE ON ZONING, LANDMARKS AND BUILDING STANDARDS - 15 -			
2275.0000-Personnel Services	319,891	319,891	307,603
2275.0100-Contractual Services	74,700	64,700	26,999
2275.0300-Commodities and Materials	15,300	25,300	22,888
Total	409,891	409,891	357,490
-	400,001	400,001	001,400
COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN RELATIONS - 15 -			
2277.0000-Personnel Services	130,000	130,000	107,016
2277.0100-Contractual Services	7,000	7,000	6,852
2277.0300-Commodities and Materials	4,000	4,000	368
Total	141,000	141,000	114,236
COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND REAL ESTATE - 15 -			
2280.0000-Personnel Services	204,109	204,109	193,536
2280.0100-Contractual Services	-	3,400	3,400
2280.0300-Commodities and Materials	8,000	4,600	1,972
Total	212,109	212,109	198,908

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued	-		
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - Concluded			
COMMITTEE ON WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT			
AND AUDIT - 15 -			
2290.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 305,100	\$ 305,100	\$ 304,992
2290.0100-Contractual Services	5,000	5,000	-
2290.0300-Commodities and Materials	5,000	5,000	4,075
Total	315,100	315,100	309,067
LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU - 15 -			
BUREAU - 15 -			
2295.0000-Personnel Services	361,008	361,008	357,781
2295.0100-Contractual Services	•	3,000	2,523
2295.0300-Commodities and Materials		·	8,468
Total		377,008	368,772
		-	
TOTAL CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES	27,771,926	27,771,926	25,673,171
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING - 21 -			
2010.0000-Personnel Services	1,673,680	1,673,680	2,051,779
2010.0100-Contractual Services	, ,	1,930,511	1,733,010
2010.0200-Travel			-
2010.0938-For the Funding of the City's Contribution	,	,	
to Low Income Housing Trust Fund	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
2010.9110-Property Management, Maintenance			
and Security	50,000	50,000	17,646
2010.9183-Foreclosure Prevention Program	482,150	482,150	482,150
2010.9211-Single-Family Troubled Building Initiative	75,000	75,000	75,000
2010.9212-Multi-Family Troubled Building Initiative	175,000	175,000	175,000
2010.9224-Micro Market Recovery Program	900,000	900,000	700,000
2010.9267-Flexible Housing Pool	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
2010.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	30,000	30,000	
Total	15,325,341	15,325,341	15,234,585
CITY CLERK - 25 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	2,753,430	2,753,430	2,459,005
2005.0100-Contractual Services		1,553,676	942,287
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		107,256	56,925
Total			3,458,217
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -			
City Comptroller			
2011.0000-Personnel Services	2,715,152	2,715,152	2,485,605
2011.0100-Contractual Services	, ,		2,465,605
2011.0200-Travel	•	500	11,313
2011.0300-Commodities and Materials			1,308
Total		2,737,852	2,498,892
ι σιαι	2,101,002	2,131,032	2,730,032

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -			
Accounting and Financial Reporting			
2012.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 4,692,561	\$ 4,692,561	\$ 4,282,102
2012.0100-Contractual Services	685,674	685,674	619,968
2012.0200-Travel	3,000	3,000	-
2012.0300-Commodities and Materials	9,600	9,600	1,016
Total	5,390,835	5,390,835	4,903,086
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -			
Financial Strategy and Operations			
2015.0000-Personnel Services	6,327,009	6,327,009	5,890,227
2015.0100-Contractual Services	1,337,588	1,337,588	595,242
2015.0200-Travel	3,500	3,500	, -
2015.0300-Commodities and Materials	30,741	30,741	3,714
2015.0400-Equipment	•	156,750	-
Total	7,855,588	7,855,588	6,489,183
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -			
Revenue Services and Operations			
2020.0000-Personnel Services	24,488,239	24,488,239	21,068,729
2020.0100-Contractual Services	26,115,114	26,115,114	22,921,943
2020.0200-Travel	4,000	4,000	316
2020.0300-Commodities and Materials	202,525	202,525	115,743
2020.0400-Equipment	11,500	11,500	-
2005.0989-For Refunds for Cancelled Voucher Warrants	, 5 5 5	,	
and Payroll Checks and for Refunding Duplicate			
Payments and Payments Made in Error	-	-	530,935
2020.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	40,000	40,000	3,563
Total	50,861,378	50,861,378	44,641,229
TOTAL FINANCE	CC 04F CF2	CC 045 C52	50 533 300
TOTAL FINANCE	66,845,653	66,845,653	58,532,390
CITY TREASURER - 28 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	855,367	855,367	846,921
2005.0100-Contractual Services	773,024	773,024	660,905
2005.0200-Travel	15,000	15,000	21
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	6,500	6,500	3,528
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	10,000	10,000	
Total	1,659,891	1,659,891	1,511,375

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE			
HEARINGS - 30 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 3,110,594	\$ 3,110,594	\$ 2,887,904
2005.0100-Contractual Services	5,099,177	5,099,177	3,478,968
2005.0200-Travel	1,750	1,750	196
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	27,810	27,810	12,295
2005.0400-Equipment	1,000	1,000	-
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	19,500	19,500	
Total	8,259,831	8,259,831	6,379,363
DEPARTMENT OF LAW - 31 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	27,407,331	27,407,331	25,755,672
2005.0100-Contractual Services		2,928,453	2,405,450
2005.0200-Travel	,,	76,762	18,920
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		80,508	40,022
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	/	20,000	-
Total		30,513,054	28,220,064
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES - 33 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	, ,	6,130,359	5,680,533
2005.0100-Contractual Services	,	604,921	385,237
2005.0200-Travel	·	2,560	-
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	,	29,775	6,328
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements		7,500	
Total	6,775,115	6,775,115	6,072,098
DEPARTMENT OF PROCUREMENT SERVICES - 35 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	6,254,903	6,254,903	5,470,330
2005.0100-Contractual Services	508,149	508,149	410,667
2005.0200-Travel	7,140	7,140	36
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	20,235	20,235	10,488
2005.0400-Equipment	2,009	2,009	2,009
Total		6,792,436	5,893,530
DEPARTMENT OF ASSETS,			
INFORMATION, AND SERVICES (1)			
BUREAU OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION - 38 -			
2103.0000-Personnel Services	2,885,786	2,885,786	2,706,421
2103.0100-Contractual Services		464,088	386,892
2103.0300-Commodities and Materials	·	36,500	33,466
2103.0400-Equipment	2,000	2,000	
Total		3,388,374	3,126,779

34,935,865 38,898,020 4,429,006 78,262,891	38,898,020	\$ 32,691,369
38,898,020 4,429,006	38,898,020	
4,429,006		34,932,966
	4,429,006	3,921,630
70,202,001	78,262,891	71,545,965
	_	
		3,744,818
	, ,	16,140,987
		25,522,403
29,640	29,640	6,303
		497,926
53,478,542	53,478,542	45,912,437
38,504,617	38,504,617	37,922,186
		18,758,718
		-
·	· ·	20,810,521
79,285,365	79,285,365	77,491,425
9 591 569	9 591 569	8,439,506
		13,215,956
	· ·	10,210,550
•	•	200
•	•	42,812
		21,698,474
	20,000,027	21,000,414
39,953,799	239,953,799	219,775,080
	9,591,569 15,823,858 5,900 17,300 100,000 25,538,627	16,579,416 16,579,416 32,298,245 32,298,245 29,640 29,640 609,234 609,234 53,478,542 53,478,542 38,504,617 19,554,913 10,000 10,000 21,215,835 21,215,835 79,285,365 79,285,365 9,591,569 9,591,569 15,823,858 5,900 17,300 17,300 100,000 100,000 25,538,627 25,538,627

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued						
COMMISSION ON HUMAN RELATIONS - 45 -						
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$	1,015,324	\$	1,015,324	\$	841,804
2005.0100-Contractual Services	-	66,726	*	66,726	*	31,957
2005.0200-Travel		5,218		5,218		35
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		2,500		2,500		2,500
2005.0400-Equipment		1,500		1,500		_,
Total		1,091,268		1,091,268		876,296
MAYOR'S OFFICE FOR PEOPLE						
WITH DISABILITIES - 48 -						
2005.0000-Personnel Services		1,248,397		1,248,397		1,134,544
2005.0100-Contractual Services		589,203		589,203		446,931
2005.0200-Travel		13,108		13,108		4,829
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		18,586		18,586		3,054
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements		46,000		46,000		46,000
Total		1,915,294		1,915,294		1,635,358
DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY AND SUPPORT SERVICES - 50 -						
2005.0000-Personnel Services		8,844,806		8,844,806		8,802,466
2005.0100-Contractual Services		5,268,912		5,268,912		2,253,957
2005.0200-Travel		5,800		5,800		143
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		25,899		25,899		13,589
2005.9143-Workforce Services for Target Populations		1,796,000		1,796,000		1,754,334
2005.9204-Youth Mentoring Programs		8,965,700		8,965,700		8,962,620
2005.9241-Criminal Justice Initiatives		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,000,000
2005.9253-Early Childhood Education Program		15,075,000		14,775,000		11,723,926
2005.9254-Violence Reduction Program		6,934,025		6,934,025		6,677,301
2005.9255-Homeless Services for Youth		1,540,979		1,540,979		1,540,979
2005.9259-Summer Programs		20,215,635		20,215,635		19,838,649
2005.9260-After School Programs		16,200,176		16,200,176		16,112,642
2005.9261-Children's Advocacy Center		1,050,000		1,050,000		1,050,000
2005.9262-Earned Income Tax Credit		850,000		850,000		850,000
2005.9263-Homeless Services		13,781,069		14,081,069		11,459,512
2005.9291-Legal Protection Fund		1,550,000		1,550,000		1,550,000
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements		154,105		154,105		94,105
Total		103,258,106		103,258,106		93,684,223
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT - 54 -						
2005.0000-Personnel Services		8,281,058		8,281,058		8,396,169
2005.0100-Contractual Services		2,609,503		2,609,503		1,973,051
2005.0200-Travel		6,572		6,572		523
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		22,676		22,676		1,661
2005.0400-Equipment		17,510		17,510		17,495
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements		30,000	_	30,000		· -
Total		10,967,319		10,967,319		10,388,899

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued		-	
POLICE BOARD - 55 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 290,568	\$ 290,568	\$ 223,493
2005.0100-Contractual Services	•	808,617	744,077
2005.0200-Travel	•	1,500	-
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		1,225	225
Total	1,101,910	1,101,910	967,795
LICENSE APPEAL COMMISSION - 77 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	93,984	93,984	02.004
2005.0100-Personner Services	•	•	93,984
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	,	93,862 500	88,265 499
Total		188,346	182,748
Total	100,340	100,340	102,740
BOARD OF ETHICS - 78 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	/	800,713	800,713
2005.0100-Contractual Services	,	64,541	26,440
2005.0200-Travel	5,165	5,165	128
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		3,210	969
Total	873,629	873,629	828,250
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	492,117,255	492,117,255	451,408,021
2005.0100-Contractual Services	108,111,918	108,111,918	77,866,132
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	180,000	180,000	40,000
2005.0400-Equipment	·	3,109,750	93,540
2005.0500-Permanent Improvements	5,519,500	5,519,500	535,896
2005.0912-For Payment of Bonds	1,000,000	1,000,000	994,120
2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort	.,000,000	.,000,000	00.,0
Judgments, Outside Counsel Expenses and Expert			
Costs, as Approved by the Corporation Counsel	39,535,000	39,535,000	30,196,905
2005.0934-Claims for Damages and Liabilities Against	,,	,,	,,
the City when Ordered Paid by the City Council	200,000	200,000	51,504
2005.0947-For Financing Payments	1,478,572	1,478,572	-
2005.0989-For Refunds for Cancelled Voucher Warrants .			(43,295)
2005.0991-To Provide for Matching and Supplementary			(10,200)
Grant Fund Currently in Effect as Well as New Grants	52,976,768	52,976,768	41,747,652
2005.9027-For the City Contribution to Social	52,570,700	32,370,700	41,747,002
Security Tax	918,341	918,341	255,038
2005.9067-For Physical Exams	350,000	350,000	276,808
2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax	35,309,800	35,309,800	38,027,732
2005.9085-City Deferred Compensation	23,000,000	22,000,000	55,52.,.52
Contributions For Union Members	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,996,453
2005.9180-For World Business Chicago Program	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000
2005.9222-Emergency Medical Transportation	143,000,000	143,000,000	52,213,433
2005.9240-CTA Capital	16,000,000	16,000,000	15,999,928

Teal Efficed December 31, 2020			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Concluded			
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 - Concluded			
2005.9287-For Other Maintenance, Use and Benefits			
for the Chicago Fire Department (CFD)	\$ 2,759,750	\$ 2,759,750	\$ -
2005.9297-Census Program Cost	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,609,078
2005.9257-Community Policing			
(GAPA) Commission Payments	420,000	420,000	-
2005.9635-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire	·	·	
Department Salaries	2,852,109	2,852,109	2,852,109
2005.9636-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire	, ,	, ,	, ,
Department Benefits	1,467,410	1,467,410	1,467,410
2005.9713-Transfer to Other Funds for Administrative	1,101,110	1,107,110	1,101,110
Initiatives	1,047,000	1,047,000	1,047,000
2005.9980-Municipal Fund Pension Allocation	81,271,000	81,271,000	81,271,000
2005.9981-Laborers' Fund Pension Allocation	35,202,000	35,202,000	35,202,000
2005.9982-Policemen's Fund Pension Allocation	128,264,000	128,264,000	128,264,000
2005.9983-Firemen's Fund Pension Allocation		90,758,000	92,201,000
Total	1,249,748,173	1,249,748,173	1,057,773,464
1 Old1	1,249,740,173	1,249,740,173	1,007,773,404
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	1,816,126,501	1,816,126,501	1,573,499,808
<u>HEALTH</u>			
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH - 41 -			
1005.0000-Personnel Services	19,001,375	19,001,375	10,088,204
1005.0100-Contractual Services	26,928,292	26,928,292	21,243,344
1005.0200-Travel	27,279	27,279	3,620
1005.0300-Commodities and Materials	948,750	948,750	331,652
1005.0400-Equipment	4,650	4,650	1,246
1005.9254-Violence Reduction Program	8,000,000	8,000,000	6,358,034
1005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	50,000	50,000	-
Total		54,960,346	38,026,100
TOTAL HEALTH	54,960,346	54,960,346	38,026,100
PUBLIC SAFETY			
OFFICE OF DUDI IO CAFETY ADMANGED ATION 54			
OFFICE OF PUBLIC SAFETY ADMNISTRATION - 51 -	40.044.04=	40.044.04=	40 400 470
1005.0000-Personnel Services	18,314,945	18,314,945	12,198,179
1005.0100-Contractual Services	120,000	120,000	7,120
1005.0300-Commodities and Materials	100,000	100,000	11,650
Total	18,534,945	18,534,945	12,216,949
CHICAGO POLICE DEPARTMENT - 57 -			
1005.0000-Personnel Services	1,488,293,503	1 488 202 502	1 201 162 720
		1,488,293,503	1,381,163,728
1005.0100-Contractual Services	31,059,347	31,059,347	30,018,173
1005.0200-Travel	122,699	122,699	8,619

Year Ended December 31, 2020 Original Final **Budget Budget** Actual **PUBLIC SAFETY - Continued** CHICAGO POLICE DEPARTMENT - 57 - Concluded 1005.0300-Commodities and Materials\$ \$ 5,560,458 5,560,458 \$ 4,727,506 1005.0400-Equipment 36,600 36,600 3,600 1005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort Judgments, Outside Counsel Expenses and Expert Costs, as Approved by the Corporation Counsel 82,558,000 82,558,000 60,381,920 1005.0937-For Cost and Administration of Hospital and Medical Expenses for Employees Injured on Duty Who Are Not Covered Under Workers' Compensation Act 19,000,000 19,000,000 24,241,027 1005.9067-For Physical Exams 1,449,375 1,449,375 1,441,796 1005.9295-Consent Decree 7,588,197 7,588,197 5,255,265 2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements 250,000 250,000 250,000 Total 1,635,918,179 1,635,918,179 1,507,491,634 OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND **COMMUNICATIONS - 58 -**2705.0000-Personnel Services 24,697,585 24,697,585 17,801,643 2705.0100-Contractual Services 1,214,603 1,214,603 1,006,413 94,551 2705.0200-Travel 94,551 61,537 2705.0300-Commodities and Materials 118,863 118,863 36,491 8,000 2705.0400-Equipment 8,000 7,446 26.133.602 26,133,602 18,913,530 Total CHICAGO FIRE DEPARTMENT - 59 -2005.0000-Personnel Services 571,868,355 571,868,355 590,938,169 2005.0100-Contractual Services 6.813.272 6.813.272 5,310,396 2005.0200-Travel 35,900 35,900 7,973 2005.0300-Commodities and Materials 2,903,202 2,903,202 2,816,756 2005.0400-Equipment 142,000 142,000 141,866 2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort Judgments, Outside Counsel Expenses and Expert Costs, as Approved by the Corporation Counsel 12,907,000 12,907,000 601,219 2005.0937-For Cost and Administration of Hospital and Medical Expenses for Employees Injured on Duty Who Are Not Covered Under Workers' Compensation Act 6,000,000 6,000,000 6,530,408 2005.9067-For Physical Exams 584,675 584,675 435,194 2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements 10,000 10,000 Total 601,264,404 601,264,404 606,781,981 CIVILIAN OFFICE OF POLICE ACCOUNTABILITY - 60 -2005.0000-Personnel Services 11,618,022 11,618,022 9,726,618 2005.0100-Contractual Services 1.168.156 1.168.156 517.669 2005.0200-Travel 20,000 20,000 2,272 2005.0300-Commodities and Materials 37,500 37,500 13.120 2005.9295-Consent Decree 906,500 906,500 368,921 2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements 3,000 3,000

Total

13,753,178

13,753,178

10,628,600

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY - Concluded			
DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS - 67 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 20,724,799	\$ 20,724,799	\$ 19,426,433
2005.0100-Contractual Services		1,827,504	1,662,720
2005.0200-Travel	156,600	156,600	168,920
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	62,000	62,000	29,169
2005.0989-For Refunds for Cancelled Voucher Warrants	,	·	,
and Payroll Checks and for Refunding Duplicate			
Payments and Payments Made in Error	50,000	50,000	25,579
2005.9019-For Board-Up and Demolition	,	,	,
of Abandoned Buildings	2,000,000	2,000,000	834,150
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	28,750	28,750	1,950
Total	24,849,653	24,849,653	22,148,921
DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND			
CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 -	=	=	40.044.
2005.0000-Personnel Services	14,740,120	14,740,120	13,314,755
2005.0100-Contractual Services	5,752,930	5,752,930	4,007,228
2005.0200-Travel	21,877	21,877	4,053
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	118,215	118,215	85,810
2005.0500-Permanent Improvements		10,000	·
Total	20,643,142	20,643,142	17,411,846
COMMISSION ON ANIMAL CARE AND CONTROL - 73 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	5,543,589	5,543,589	5,194,246
2005.0100-Contractual Services	795,781	795,781	689,348
2005.0200-Travel	600	600	-
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	660,479	660,479	276,890
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	6,000	6,000	
Total		7,006,449	6,160,484
TOTAL DUDI IC CAFETY	2 240 402 552	2 240 402 552	2 204 752 045
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	2,348,103,552	2,348,103,552	2,201,753,945
STREETS AND SANITATION			
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE - 81 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	2,172,239	2,172,239	2,001,023
2005.0100-Contractual Services		174,710	145,663
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	4,600	4,600	4,492
2005.9067-For Physical Exams	25,000	25,000	476
Total		2,376,549	2,151,654
COMMISSIONED'S OFFICE			
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE - ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DIVISION - 81 -			
2006.0000-Personnel Services	2,003,740	2,003,740	1,842,801
2006.0100-Contractual Services	28,555	28,555	16,550
2006.0300-Commodities and Materials	5,250	5,250	5,250
Total	2,037,545	2,037,545	1,864,601
1000	2,007,040	2,007,040	1,007,001

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
STREETS AND SANITATION - Concluded			
BUREAU OF SANITATION - 81 -			
2020.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 96,351,613	\$ 96,351,613	\$ 99,215,290
2020.0100-Contractual Services	61,272,368	61,272,368	62,921,192
2020.0300-Commodities and Materials	193,555	193,555	186,540
2020.0400-Equipment	 33,102	 33,102	 32,180
Total	 157,850,638	 157,850,638	 162,355,202
BUREAU OF RODENT CONTROL - 81 -			
2025.0000-Personnel Services	9,991,859	9,991,859	9,745,338
2025.0100-Contractual Services	2,980,804	2,980,804	2,827,983
2025.0300-Commodities and Materials	93,162	93,162	91,246
2025.0400-Equipment	7,222	7,222	6,682
Total	13,073,047	13,073,047	12,671,249
BUREAU OF STREET OPERATIONS - 81 -			
2045.0000-Personnel Services	19,530,311	19,530,311	19,598,713
2045.0100-Contractual Services	1,379,410	1,379,410	1,328,315
2045.0300-Commodities and Materials	476,400	476,400	452,008
Total	 21,386,121	 21,386,121	 21,379,036
BUREAU OF FORESTRY - 81 -			
2060.0000-Personnel Services	16,439,008	16,439,008	16,571,944
2060.0100-Contractual Services	2,389,589	2,389,589	2,115,342
2060.0200-Travel	2,600	2,600	949
2060.0300-Commodities and Materials	119,750	119,750	119,291
2060.0400-Equipment	50,500	 50,500	 50,500
Total	 19,001,447	 19,001,447	 18,858,026
TOTAL STREETS AND SANITATION	215,725,347	 215,725,347	 219,279,768
TRANSPORTATION			
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE - 84 -	0.440.404	0.440.404	0.405.404
2105.0000-Personnel Services	2,412,421	2,412,421	2,435,184
2105.0100-Contractual Services 2105.0200-Travel	194,665	194,665 2,700	159,063 733
2105.0300-Commodities and Materials	2,700 6,500	6,500	733 5,865
Total	 2,616,286	 2,616,286	 2,600,845
Total	 2,010,200	 2,010,200	 2,000,043
DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION - 84 -			
2115.0000-Personnel Services	4,964,599	4,964,599	4,521,191
2115.0100-Contractual Services	133,190	133,190	115,554
2115.0200-Travel	150	150	-
2115.0300-Commodities and Materials	 14,200	 14,200	 7,014
Total	 5,112,139	 5,112,139	 4,643,759

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
TRANSPORTATION - Continued			
DIVISION OF ENGINEERING - 84 -			
2125.0100-Contractual Services	\$ 8,828,595	\$ 8,828,595	\$ 8,349,954
Total		8,828,595	8,349,954
DIVISION OF TRAFFIC SAFETY - 84 -			
2130.0000-Personnel Services	903,624	903,624	841,074
2130.0100-Contractual Services	•	15,339,471	13,248,399
2130.0200-Travel	2,500	2,500	-
2130.0300-Commodities and Materials	2,350	2,350	2,041
Total	16,247,945	16,247,945	14,091,514
DIVISION OF SIGN MANAGEMENT- 84 -			
2140.0000-Personnel Services	3,849,909	3,849,909	3,569,599
2140.0100-Contractual Services		59,796	47,825
2140.0300-Commodities and Materials	47,700	47,700	46,725
2140.0400-Equipment	•	43,285	1,532
Total		4,000,690	3,665,681
DIVISION OF PROJECT DEVELOPMENT - 84 -			
2145.0000-Personnel Services	3,341,568	3,341,568	3,136,869
2145.0100-Contractual Services	2,963,593	2,963,593	2,040,686
2145.0200-Travel	2,250	2,250	24
2145.0300-Commodities and Materials	28,600	28,600	26,416
2145.0400-Equipment	2,440	2,440	2,440
2145.0989-For Refunds for cancelled Voucher Warrants	·	·	
and Payroll Checks and for Refunding Duplicate			
Payments and Payments Made in Error	-	-	(1,541)
2145.9142-Returning Citizens Initiatives	250,000	250,000	250,000
Total	6,588,451	6,588,451	5,454,894

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
TRANSPORTATION - Concluded		_	
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS - 84 -			
2150.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 7,843,941	\$ 7,843,941	\$ 8,463,964
2150.0100-Contractual Services	1,738,253	1,738,253	1,061,038
2150.0200-Travel	131,560	131,560	127,149
2150.0300-Commodities and Materials	23,530	23,530	17,214
2150.0400-Equipment		37,205	32,420
Total	9,774,489	9,774,489	9,701,785
DIVISION OF IN-HOUSE CONSTRUCTION - 84 -			
2155.0000-Personnel Services	4,062,109	4,062,109	3,599,439
2155.0100-Contractual Services	222,772	222,772	194,027
2155.0300-Commodities and Materials	78,300	78,300	70,111
2155.0400-Equipment	15,720	15,720	15,491
Total	4,378,901	4,378,901	3,879,068
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	57,547,496	57,547,496	52,387,500
PRINCIPAL RETIREMENT			
2005.9540 - Payment of General Obligation			
Certificate	13,236,364	13,236,364	13,236,364
TOTAL PRINCIPAL RETIREMENT	13,236,364	13,236,364	13,236,364
INTEREST AND OTHER FISCAL CHARGES			
2005.9540-Interest on General Obligation Certificate	1,996,394	1,996,394	1,992,557
TOTAL PRINCIPAL AND INTER-22- ***			
TOTAL PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST AND	4E 000 750	45 000 750	45 000 004
OTHER FISCAL CHARGES	15,232,758	15,232,758	15,228,921
TOTAL CENEDAL FUND	¢ 4 507 606 000	¢ 4 507 606 000	¢ 4 400 476 040
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	φ 4,507,090,000	φ 4,507,090,000	\$ 4,100,170,04Z

Note:

⁽¹⁾ In 2020, the Department of Innovation and Technology and the Department of Fleet and Facility Management merged into the Department of Assets, Information, and Services.

⁽²⁾ In 2020, the Department of Public Safety Administration was formed.

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SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS

Schedule B-1
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
December 31, 2020
With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2019
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	General Government			Health		Public Safety		Trans- portation
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables (Net of Allowances) Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Restricted Assets - Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Assets	\$	9,094 1,340 19,810 809 -	\$	- 15,704 3,188 43 75,031 - -	\$	- 7,041 59 558 76,685 - -	\$	- 45,581 51 80 194,306 - -
Total Assets	\$	31,053	\$	93,966	\$	84,343	\$	240,018
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Voucher Warrants Payable		93 - 31,633 - 322 2,568 34,616	\$	64,527 - 21,885 - 1,015 13,560 100,987	\$ <u>\$</u>	5,426 - 69,129 - 221 7,613 82,389	\$	47,895 - 117,292 - 566 21,460 187,213
Deferred Inflows: Deferred Inflows		809		19,483		61,886		161,195
Fund Balance (Deficit): Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		(4,372) (4,372)	-	- (26,504) (26,504)	-	- (59,932) (59,932)	_	(108,390) (108,390)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$	31,053	\$	93,966	\$	84,343	\$	240,018

				(Cultural				Urban				trafund		Tot	als	
A	viation		ironmental Control	Re	and creational		Human Services	D	evelop- ment		Capital Outlay		ctivity mination		2020		2019
												·	_				
\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	897
•	41		3,481		6,535	•	114,334	•	1,867		2,381	•	-	·	206,059	·	86,058
	-		-		11		16,562		93		-		-		21,304		2,333
	41		2,486		7,309		6,768		-		1,715		-		38,810		26,826
	-		81		784		297,317		13		2,381		-		647,407		355,937
	-		-		-		3,215		3		-		-		3,218		3,218
			-		-	_	2,964		303						3,267		3,267
\$	82	\$	6,048	\$	14,639	\$	441,160	\$	2,279	\$	6,477	\$		\$	920,065	\$	478,536
\$	-	\$	43	\$	984	\$	127,136	\$	80	\$	4,834	\$	-	\$	251,018	\$	138,266
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		9		1,579		117,140		190		63		-		358,920		208,726
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	4		4		209		4,656		86		-		-		7,083		6,442
	530	_	<u>-</u>	_	9,053	_	129,634	_	-	_	1,494			_	185,912	_	96,966
\$	534	\$	56	\$	11,825	\$	378,566	\$	356	\$	6,391	\$	-	\$	802,933	\$	450,400
			18		733		174,222		13		2,077				420,436		234,759
	_		5,974		2,081		_		1,910		_		_		9,965		10,318
	(452)		-		-,		(111,628)		-		(1,991)		-		(313,269)		(216,941)
	(452)		5,974		2,081		(111,628)		1,910		(1,991)				(303,304)		(206,623)
\$	82	\$	6,048	\$	14,639	\$	441,160	\$	2,279	\$	6,477	\$	-	\$	920,065	\$	478,536

Schedule B-2
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
Year Ended December 31, 2020
With Comparative Totals for 2019
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	General Government	Health	Public Safety	Trans- portation
Revenues: Federal/State Grants Investment Income	\$ 18,428 1,552	\$ 137,638 -	\$ 42,906	\$ 119,139 <u>-</u>
Total Revenues	19,980	137,638	42,906	119,139
Expenditures: Current	5,371	138,532	55,493	119,131
Total Expenditures	5,371	138,532	55,493	119,131
Revenues Over Expenditures	14,609	(894)	(12,587)	8
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of Debt, net Operating Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,000) (4,000)	- - -	- - -	- - -
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,609	(894)	(12,587)	8
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(14,981)	(25,610)	(47,345)	(108,398)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (4,372)	\$ (26,504)	\$ (59,932)	\$ (108,390)

		Environmental	Cultural and	Human	Urban	Capital	Tot	
A	viation	Control	Recreational	Services	Development	Outlay	2020	2019
\$	(531)	\$ 367 	\$ 12,685 47	\$ 776,505 6,583	\$ -	\$ 4,365 	\$ 1,111,502 8,182	\$ 642,351
	(531)	367	12,732	783,088	-	4,365	1,119,684	642,351
		370	13,015	875,767	(12)	4,698	1,212,365	650,226
	_	370	13,015	875,767	(12)	4,698	1,212,365	650,226
	(531)	(3)	(283)	(92,679)	12	(333)	(92,681)	(7,875)
	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	(4,000) (4,000)	- - -
	(531) 79	(3) 5,977	(283)	(92,679) (18,949)	12 1,898	(333)	(96,681) (206,623)	(7,875) (198,748)
\$	(452)	\$ 5,974	\$ 2,081	\$ (111,628)	\$ 1,910	\$ (1,991)	\$ (303,304)	\$ (206,623)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Schedule C-1
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Total		Debt		Total		
	N	Nonmajor	5	Service	Ν	lonmajor		Total
		Special		Fund		Capital		Nonmajor
	F	Revenue	;	Special		Project	Go	overnmental
		Funds	Tax	king Areas		Funds		Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	68,311	\$	2,855	\$	263	\$	71,429
Investments		170,115		3,083		6,950		180,148
Receivables (Net of Allowances):								
Property Tax		-		37,132		-		37,132
Accounts		161,979		9		28		162,016
Due from Other Funds		309,330		-		830		310,160
Due from Other Governments		20,003		-		6,974		26,977
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		196,623		-		-		196,623
Restricted Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent		9,530		17,164		-		26,694
Total Assets	\$	935,891	\$	60,243	\$	15,045	\$	1,011,179
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:								
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	57,165	\$	_	\$	4,310	\$	61,475
Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - Current	Ψ	<i>51</i> ,105	Ψ	4,045	Ψ	-,510	Ψ	4,045
Accrued Interest		_		388		_		388
Due to Other Funds		457,008		-		7,656		464,664
Accrued and Other Liabilities		165,383		92		241		165,716
Total Liabilities		679,556		4,525		12,207		696,288
Total Liabilities		079,550		4,323		12,201		090,200
Deferred Inflows		5,569		33,722				39,291
Fund Balance:								
Restricted		5,677		21,996		63,518		91,191
Committed		255,920		-		-		255,920
Assigned		240		-		-		240
Unassigned		(11,071)				(60,680)	_	(71,751)
Total Fund Balance		250,766		21,996		2,838		275,600
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$	935,891	\$	60,243	\$	15,045	\$	1,011,179

Schedule C-2
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund Special Taxing Areas	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Utility Tax	\$ 333,464	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 333,464
Sales Tax (Local)	179,964	Ψ -	Ψ -	179,964
Transportation Tax	198,394	_	_	198,394
State Sales Tax	295,897	_	_	295,897
Transaction Tax	52,057	_	_	52,057
Special Area Property Tax	-	29,650	_	29,650
Recreational Tax	2,103		_	2,103
Other Taxes	6,053	-	-	6,053
Internal Service	30,313	-	-	30,313
Fines	16,029	_	_	16,029
Investment Income	13,541	534	888	14,963
Charges for Services	22,339	-	-	22,339
Miscellaneous	54,160	940	381	55,481
Total Revenues	1,204,314	31,124	1,269	1,236,707
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	281,276	-	-	281,276
Health	54	-	-	54
Public Safety	116,469	-	-	116,469
Streets and Sanitation	52,933	-	-	52,933
Transportation	116,233	-	-	116,233
Cultural and Recreational	79,783	-	-	79,783
Capital Outlay	-	-	55,074	55,074
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	50,225	-	50,225
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	16	5,737		5,753
Total Expenditures	646,764	55,962	55,074	757,800
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	557,550	(24,838)	(53,805)	478,907

Continued on following page.

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund Special Taxing Areas	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of Debt	\$ - - 116,906 (687,076) (570,170)	\$ 16,860 1,133 (17,859) 33,112 (22,718) 10,528	\$ - - 20,671 - 20,671	\$ 16,860 1,133 (17,859) 170,689 (709,794) (538,971)
Net Change in Fund BalancesFund Balance - Beginning of YearFund Balance - End of Year	(12,620) 263,386 \$ 250,766	(14,310) 36,306 \$ 21,996	(33,134) 35,972 \$ 2,838	(60,064) 335,664 \$ 275,600

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NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Vehicle Tax Fund - Expenditures made in accordance with the policy established by the City Council in connection with street repairs and maintenance, as provided by sale of vehicle licenses.

Motor Fuel Tax and Project Fund - Expenditures for repair and maintenance of streets and pavements as provided by the City's distributive share of State Motor Fuel Tax and Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds.

Public Building Commission Fund - For rentals of space and long-term lease obligations by the City as provided by tax levy.

Miscellaneous Fund - Expenditures for environmental management purposes related to liquid waste, inspection, operation of emergency communication system and other obligations, as provided by revenues from fees collected for disposal of liquid waste, by surcharges on telephone billings and transfers in.

Chicago Public Library Fund - Expenditures for acquisition, repairs, construction and equipment of library buildings; also library maintenance and operations as provided by proceeds of debt, fines and miscellaneous revenues.

Special Events, Tourism and Festivals Fund - Expenditures for promoting tourism, conventions and other special events projects in Chicago as provided by the State from Municipal Hotel-Motel Tax receipts and by proceeds from Jazz, Blues and Gospel Festivals and Taste of Chicago.

Health and Welfare Fund - For general assistance to be expended and administered by the Illinois Department of Public Aid as provided by patient fees, City and State grants and proceeds of debt, and for neighborhood human infrastructure projects designed to improve the quality of life for citizens.

Municipal Employees' Annuity Benefit Fund (MEABF) Reserve - A tax assessed to meet the City's funding obligations to the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago.

Sales Tax Securitization Corporation - General Fund - The STSC was organized for the limited purpose of purchasing certain sales tax revenues from the City and issuing bonds, notes, or other obligations for the benefit of the City.

Cannabis Tax Fund - Expenditures made in accordance with State law to support crime prevention programs, training, and interdiction efforts of other banned substances as provided by a tax collected by the State, a portion of which is distributed to the City.

Schedule D-1
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

				Motor				
				Fuel	_			
				Tax	-	Public		
	•	Vehicle		and		uilding		Miscel-
		Tax		Project	Cor	nmission		laneous
ASSETS	•		•		•		•	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Investments		15,072		4,239		-		146,700
Receivables (Net of Allowances):								
Accounts		2,195		1,456		-		19,719
Due from Other Funds		62,784		8,496		-		93,566
Due from Other Governments		-		14,511		2,574		1,529
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-		-
Restricted Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent		-		119		-	_	9,411
Total Assets	\$	80,051	\$	28,821	\$	2,574	\$	270,925
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	11,169	\$	14,162	\$	_	\$	19,795
Due to Other Funds	Ψ	66,422	Ψ	2	Ψ	30	Ψ	25,208
Accrued and Other Liabilities		6,449		1,564		-		153,900
Total Liabilities		84,040		15,728		30	_	198,903
Total Liabilities		04,040		13,720		30		190,903
Deferred Inflows							_	
Fund Balance (Deficit):								
Restricted		-		-		-		3,537
Committed		-		13,093		2,544		68,485
Assigned		-		-		, <u>-</u>		-
Unassigned		(3,989)		-		-		-
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		(3,989)		13,093		2,544		72,022
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	80,051	\$	28,821	\$	2,574	\$	270,925

Chicago Public Library	Special Events, Tourism and Festivals	Health and Welfare	MEABF Pension Reserve	Cannabis Tax	STSC General Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ - 1,241	\$ - 881	\$ - 1,180	\$ 67,465 -	\$ 798 802	\$ 48 -	\$ 68,311 170,115
1 139,320 - -	6,758 4,362 851	239 802 - -	24,012 - - 196,623	2 - 538 -	107,597 - - -	161,979 309,330 20,003 196,623
\$ 140,562	\$ 12,852	\$ 2,221	\$ 288,100	\$ 2,140	\$ 107,645	9,530 \$ 935,891
\$ 10,714 109,080 3,089 122,883	\$ 1,315 18,238 381 19,934	\$ - - - -	\$ - 130,633 - 130,633	\$ - - - -	\$ 10 107,395 - 107,405	\$ 57,165 457,008 165,383 679,556
			5,569			5,569
17,679 - 17,679	(7,082) (7,082)	2,221 - - 2,221	151,898 - - - 151,898	2,140 - - - 2,140	240 - 240 - 240	5,677 255,920 240 (11,071) 250,766
\$ 140,562	\$ 12,852	\$ 2,221	\$ 288,100	\$ 2,140	\$ 107,645	\$ 935,891

Schedule D-2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)

Year Ended December 31, 2020

(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Vehicle Tax	Motor Fuel Tax and Project	Public Building Commission	Miscel- laneous	
Revenues:	Φ.	ф	¢	Ф 140 O40	
Utility Tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 140,040	
Sales Tax (Local)	- 111 1EE	- 06.046	-	-	
Transportation Tax	111,155	86,846	-	-	
State Sales Tax	-	-	-	- 	
Transaction Tax	-	-	-	52,057	
Recreational Tax	-	-	-	-	
Other Taxes	-	-	-	-	
Internal Service	30,313	-	-	-	
Fines	15,025	-	-	673	
Investment Income	893	272	-	7,379	
Charges for Services	5,728	-	-	14,802	
Miscellaneous	4,850	07.440	493	42,317	
Total Revenues	167,964	87,118	493	257,268	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government	93,680	14,947	770	122,472	
Health	-	-	-	54	
Public Safety	504	-	-	115,965	
Streets and Sanitation	40,963	11,970	-	-	
Transportation	44,404	70,879	-	950	
Cultural and Recreational	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service:					
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	-	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures	179,551	97,796	770	239,441	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(11,587)	(10,678)	(277)	17,827	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	625	_	_	80	
Transfers Out	(10)	_	_	(15,729)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	615			(15,649)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(10,972)	(10,678)	(277)	2,178	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	6,983	23,771	2,821	69,844	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ (3,989)	\$ 13,093	\$ 2,544	\$ 72,022	

Chicago Public Library		Special Events, Tourism and Festivals	Health and Welfare	MEABF Pension Reserve	Cannabis Tax	STSC General Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	- 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 193,424	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 333,464
	-	-	-	-	-	179,964	179,964
	-	393	-	-	-	-	198,394
	-	-	-	-	-	295,897	295,897
	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,057
	-	-	-	-	2,103	-	2,103
	-	6,053	-	-	-	-	6,053
	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,313
	31	-	-	-	-	-	16,029
	40	55	73	4,792	37	-	13,541
3	80	1,429	-	-	-	-	22,339
	<u>-</u>	6,500					54,160
7	51	14,430	73	198,216	2,140	475,861	1,204,314
43,0	05 - -	5,994 - -	219 - -	- - -	- - -	189 - -	281,276 54 116,469 52,933
	_	_	_	_	_	_	116,233
62,2	86	17,497	_	_	_	_	79,783
02,2	00	17,437					79,703
	<u>-</u> _					16	16
105,2	<u>91 </u>	23,491	219			205	646,764
(104,5	40)	(9,061)	(146)	198,216	2,140	475,656	557,550
115,0	01	1,200	-	-	-	-	116,906
(3,1	41)	(1,905)		(190,633)		(475,658)	(687,076)
111,8	60	(705)		(190,633)		(475,658)	(570,170)
7,3. 10,3 \$ 17,6	59	(9,766) 2,684 \$ (7,082)	(146) 2,367 \$ 2,221	7,583 144,315 \$ 151,898	2,140 - \$ 2,140	(2) 242 \$ 240	(12,620) 263,386 \$ 250,766
Ψ 17,0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	ψ (1,002)	Ψ Ζ,ΖΖΙ	Ψ 101,030	Ψ 2,140	Ψ 240	Ψ 200,700

Schedule D-3
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Transaction and Property Tax	Special Area and Utility Taxes	Trans- portation Tax	State Taxes	Recreational Tax
FUND					
Final Budgeted Revenues:	c	Φ	Ф 400 000	Φ	Φ
Vehicle Tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 129,000	\$ -	\$ -
Motor Fuel Tax and Project Miscellaneous	-	122.000	109,353	-	-
Chicago Public Library	60,800	132,080	-	-	-
Special Events, Tourism and Festivals	-	-	_	28,260	-
Health and Welfare	_	_	_	20,200	_
MEABF Pension Reserve	_	216,568	_	_	_
Total Final Budgeted Revenues	60,800	348,648	238,353	28,260	
Actual Revenues:					
Vehicle Tax	_	_	111,155	_	_
Motor Fuel Tax and Project	_	_	86,846	_	_
Public Building Commission	_	_	-	_	_
Miscellaneous	52,057	140,040	_	_	_
Chicago Public Library	-	-	_	_	_
Special Events, Tourism and Festivals	_	_	393	6,053	_
Health and Welfare	_	_	-	-	_
MEABF Pension Reserve	_	193,424	_	_	_
Cannabis Tax	-	-	-	-	2,103
Total Actual Revenues	52,057	333,464	198,394	6,053	2,103
Variance Positive (Negative)	\$ (8,743)	\$ (15,184)	\$ (39,959)	\$ (22,207)	\$ 2,103

Internal Service Fines		Leases, Rentals, Sales and Investment Income Charges for Services		Miscel- laneous	Proceeds of Debt	Budgeted Prior Years' Surplus and Operating Transfers In/ Other	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	36,701	\$ 9,600	\$ -	\$ 19,715	\$ 2,400	\$ -	\$ 625	\$ 198,041
	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,462	126,815
	-	100	-	11,569	97,688	-	24,634	326,871
	-	100	-	165	600	115,001	8,602	124,468
	-	-	-	13,700	7,700	-	- 78	49,660 98
	-	-	-	-	20	-	70	216,568
_								210,300
	36,701	9,800		45,149	108,408	115,001	51,401	1,042,521
	30,313	15,025	893	5,728	4,850	-	625	168,589
	-	, -	272	-	-	-	-	87,118
	-	-	-	-	493	-	-	493
	-	673	7,379	14,802	42,317	-	80	257,348
	-	331	40	380	-	-	115,001	115,752
	-	-	55	1,429	6,500	-	1,200	15,630
	-	-	73	-	-	-	-	73
	-	-	4,792	-	-	-	-	198,216
	-		37					2,140
	30,313	16,029	13,541	22,339	54,160		116,906	845,359
\$	(6,388)	\$ 6,229	\$ 13,541	\$ (22,810)	\$ (54,248)	\$ (115,001)	\$ 65,505	\$ (197,162)

Schedule D-4
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	_	General overnment	Health	Public Safety	Streets and anitation
FUND				 	
Final Budget:					
Vehicle Tax	\$	108,911	\$ -	\$ 502	\$ 41,352
Motor Fuel Tax and Project		31,394	-	-	16,557
Miscellaneous		138,243		127,740	-
Library		52,746	-	-	-
Special Events, Tourism and Festivals		9,453		-	-
Total Final Budget		340,747	 -	 128,242	 57,909
Actual Expenditures and Encumbrances:					
Vehicle Tax		94,498	_	504	41,159
Motor Fuel Tax and Project		16,849	_	-	11,529
Miscellaneous		85,360		114,126	, <u>-</u>
Library		40,600	_	, <u>-</u>	-
Special Events, Tourism and Festivals		7,911	-	-	-
Total Actual Expenditures and Encumbrances	_	245,218		114,630	52,688
Variance Positive (Negative)	\$	95,529	\$ -	\$ 13,612	\$ 5,221

 Trans- portation	Cultural and creational	oloyee nsions	Trai	erating nsfers Out	and Fi	erest Other scal arges	Total Ionmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 47,276 77,955 60,800	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 198,041 125,906 326,783
 <u>-</u>	 71,722 40,207	- -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	124,468 49,660
186,031	 111,929	 -		-		-	 824,858
44,836	-	-		-		-	180,997
71,827 51,631	-	-		-		-	100,205 251,117
 -	 62,081 17,538	-		-		- -	102,681 25,449
168,294	 79,619	 					 660,449
\$ 17,737	\$ 32,310	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 164,409

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
<u>VEHICLE TAX FUND</u>				
PUBLIC SAFETY				
DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS - 67 -				
2005.0000-Personnel Services		502,136 \$ 502,136	502,136 \$ 502,136	503,754 503,754
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY		502,136	502,136	503,754
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - 15 -				
COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC WAY		200,000	200,000	277 575
2230.0000-Personnel Services		280,000 15,000	280,000 15,000	277,575 11,082
2230.0300-Commodities and Materials		15,000	15,000	739
Total		310,000	310,000	289,396
COMMITTEE ON DEDECTRIAN AND TRAFFIC CAFETY				
COMMITTEE ON PEDESTRIAN AND TRAFFIC SAFETY 2265.0000-Personnel Services		280,000	200.000	219,332
2265.0300-Commodities and Materials		280,000 5,000	280,000 5,000	219,332
Total		285,000	285,000	219,332
TOTAL CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES		595,000	595,000	508,728
CITY CLERK - 25 -				
2005.0000-Personnel Services		4,164,764	4,164,764	3,806,977
2005.0100-Contractual Services		2,083,964	2,083,964	1,748,584
2005.0200-Travel		26,000	26,000	5,770
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		543,643	543,643	342,753
2005.9438-For Services Provided by the Department of Assets,				
Information, and Services		30,000	30,000	30,000
Total	······ <u> </u>	6,848,371	6,848,371	5,934,084
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -				
FINANCIAL STRATEGY AND OPERATIONS				
2015.0000-Personnel Services		433,356	433,356	433,356
Total		433,356	433,356	433,356
REVENUE SERVICES AND OPERATIONS				
2020.0000-Personnel Services		485,599	485,599	442,030
2020.0100-Contractual Services		82,800	82,800	82,500
2020.0300-Commodities and Materials		250	250	-
2020.0400-Equipment	<u> </u>	1,177,575	1,177,575	1,171,871
Total	····· <u> </u>	1,746,224	1,746,224	1,696,401
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE		2,179,580	2,179,580	2,129,757

_	Original Budget		Actual
VEHICLE TAX FUND - Continued			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
DEPARTMENT OF LAW - 31 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services\$	1,470,128	\$ 1,470,128	\$ 1,551,376
2005.0100-Contractual Services	119,430	119,430	54,578
2005.0200-Travel	2,810	2,810	-
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	3,780	3,780	-
2005.9438-For Services Provided by the Department of Assets,			
Information, and Services	1,006	1,006	1,006
Total	1,597,154	1,597,154	1,606,960
BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT 2126.0100-Contractual Services	1,772,108 339,579 2,111,687	1,772,108 339,579 2,111,687	1,441,439 303,353 1,744,792
BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT			
2131.0100-Contractual Services	7,467,420	7,467,420	7,306,875
2131.0300-Commodities and Materials	9,981,305	9,981,305	9,483,671
Total	17,448,725	17,448,725	16,790,546
BUREAU OF FLEET OPERATIONS			
2140.0100-Contractual Services	109,040	109,040	108,649
Total	109,040	109,040	108,649
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF ASSETS, INFORMATION, AND SERVICES	19,669,452	19,669,452	18,643,987

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
VEHICLE TAX FUND - Continued	Dudget	Budget	Notadi
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Concluded			
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 27,582,594	\$ 27,582,594	\$ 19,437,261
2005.0100-Contractual Services	8,512,683	8,512,683	5,987,462
2005.0931-Tort and Non-Tort Judgments, Outside Counsel Expenses			
and Expert Costs	11,800	11,800	-
2005.0934-Claims for Damages and Liabilities	375,000	375,000	138,721
2005.0989-Refunds for Cancelled Voucher Warrants and Payroll			
Checks and Duplicate Payments and Payments Made in Error	765,000	765,000	608,255
2005.0991-To Provide for Matching and Supplementary Grant Funds			
Currently in Effect as well as New Grants	1,285,000	1,285,000	513,750
2005.9027-For the City Contribution to Social Security Tax	22,477	22,477	22,477
2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax	951,419	951,419	951,419
2005.9581-Reserved for Excess Expenses Related to Snow Events	500,000	500,000	-
2005.9610-To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Pension Payments	24,689,000	24,689,000	24,689,000
2005.9611-To Reimburse the Corporate Fund for Indirect Costs			
Chargeable to Fund	13,316,000	13,316,000	13,316,000
2005.9774-Transfer for Services provided by the Office of Emergency			
Management and Communication	10,000	10,000	10,000
Total	78,020,973	78,020,973	65,674,345
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	108,910,530	108,910,530	94,497,861
STREETS AND SANITATION			
BUREAU OF SANITATION - 81 -			
2020.0000-Personnel Services	5,251,557	5,251,557	7,364,812
2020.0100-Contractual Services	2,238,307	2,238,307	2,124,198
2020.0400-Equipment	500	500	-,,
Total	7,490,364	7,490,364	9,489,010
BUREAU OF STREET OPERATIONS - 81 -			
	7.070.4.41	7.070.4.41	4 45 4 70 4
2045.0000-Personnel Services	7,078,641	7,078,641	6,654,724
2045.0100-Contractual Services	1,648,790	1,648,790	1,633,512
2045.0300-Commodities and Materials	161,384	161,384	131,766
2045.0400-Equipment	55,450	55,450	31,156
2045.9438-For Services Provided by the Department of Assets,	F 000	F 000	
Information, and Services	5,000	5,000	0.454.450
Total	8,949,265	8,949,265	8,451,158

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
VEHICLE TAX FUND - Continued				
STREETS AND SANITATION - Concluded				
BUREAU OF TRAFFIC SERVICES - 81 -				
2070.0000-Personnel Services	\$	14,159,857	\$ 14,159,857	\$ 14,024,404
2070.0100-Contractual Services		10,172,700	10,172,700	8,864,309
2070.0300-Commodities and Materials		129,800	129,800	102,509
2070.0992-Tow Storage Refunds		400,000	400,000	177,098
2070.9438-For Services Provided by the Department of Assets,				
Information, and Services		50,500	50,500	50,500
Total		24,912,857	 24,912,857	 23,218,820
TOTAL STREETS AND SANITATION		41,352,486	 41,352,486	41,158,988
<u>TRANSPORTATION</u>				
DIVISION OF ENGINEERING - 84 -				
2125.0000-Personnel Services		7,488,627	7,488,627	6,606,322
2125.0100-Contractual Services		304,834	304,834	289,676
2125.0200-Travel		49,878	49,878	63,930
2125.0300-Commodities and Materials		18,310	18,310	10,159
2125.0400-Equipment		22,302	22,302	17,516
Total		7,883,951	 7,883,951	6,987,603
DIVISION OF INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT - 84 -				
2135.0000-Personnel Services		5,440,081	5,440,081	4,769,761
2135.0100-Contractual Services		6,276,177	6,276,177	5,897,722
2135.0200-Travel		106,550	106,550	96,337
2135.0300-Commodities and Materials		39,150	39,150	38,554
2135.0400-Equipment		19,370	19,370	19,370
2135.9438-For Services Provided by the Department of Assets,				
Information, and Services		4,000	4,000	4,000
Total		11,885,328	 11,885,328	10,825,744
DIVISON OF IN-HOUSE CONSTRUCTION - 84 -				
2155.0000-Personnel Services		26,898,135	26,898,135	26,452,773
2155.0100-Contractual Services		527,434	527,434	491,659
2155.0200-Travel		18,500	18,500	27,705
2155.0300-Commodities and Materials		27,500	27,500	26,254
2155.9481-For Services Provided by the Department of Streets				
and Sanitation	<u></u>	35,000	 35,000	 24,840
Total		27,506,569	27,506,569	27,023,231

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual
VEHICLE TAX FUND - Concluded			
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	\$ 47,275,848	\$ 47,275,848	\$ 44,836,578
TOTAL VEHICLE TAX FUND	\$ 198,041,000	\$ 198,041,000	\$ 180,997,181
MOTOR FUEL TAX AND PROJECT FUND			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
DEPARTMENT OF ASSETS, INFORMATION, AND SERVICES - 38 -			
BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials	 14,659,391 14,659,391	 14,659,391 14,659,391	 13,538,030 13,538,030
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF ASSETS, INFORMATION, AND SERVICES		 14,659,391	 13,538,030
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	 14,659,391	 14,659,391	 13,538,030
STREETS AND SANITATION - 81 -			
BUREAU OF STREET OPERATIONS 2045.0300-Commodities and Materials	 16,557,500 16,557,500	 16,557,500 16,557,500	 11,529,544 11,529,544
TOTAL STREETS AND SANITATION		16,557,500	11,529,544
TRANSPORTATION - 84 -			
DIVISION OF ENGINEERING 2125.0100-Contractual Services Total	 900,000	 900,000	 899,999 899,999
DIVISION OF SIGN MANAGEMENT 2140.0100-Contractual Services 2140.0300-Commodities and Materials Total	 2,700,000 1,460,563 4,160,563	 2,700,000 1,460,563 4,160,563	 2,700,000 1,460,563 4,160,563
DIVISION OF SIGN MANAGEMENT 2145.0100-Contractual Services Total	 715,466 715,466	 715,466 715,466	 570,000 570,000

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual
MOTOR FUEL TAX AND PROJECT FUND - Concluded	_	buuget		buuget	 Actual
INCOMPRESE TO THE TOTAL CONTINUES OF THE TOTA					
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS					
2150.0000-Personnel Services	\$	20,153,841	\$	20,153,841	\$ 17,356,497
2150.0100-Contractual Services		704,433		704,433	691,892
2150.0300-Commodities and Materials		3,773,775		3,773,775	 3,728,877
Total		24,632,049		24,632,049	 21,777,266
DIVISION OF IN-HOUSE CONSTRUCTION					
2155.0000-Personnel Services		37,507,805		37,507,805	35,119,691
2155.0100-Contractual Services		3,851,029		3,851,029	3,762,187
2155.0300-Commodities and Materials				6,188,450	5,537,127
Total		47,547,284		47,547,284	 44,419,005
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION		77,955,362		77,955,362	71,826,833
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 -					
2005.0000-Personnel Services		8,632		_	_
2005.0100-Contractual Services		-		_	42,271
2005.9097-For Capital Construction		13,734,115		13,734,115	268,530
2005.9189-Payment of the Annual Contribution to the CTA				3,000,000	3,000,000
Total		16,742,747		16,734,115	3,310,801
TOTAL MOTOR FUEL TAX AND PROJECT FUND	\$	125,915,000	\$	125,906,368	\$ 100,205,208
MISCELLANEOUS FUND					
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNICATIONS					
PUBLIC SAFETY					
OFFICE OF PUBLIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION -51- (2)		40.005.400		10.005.105	0.000.446
2005.0000-Personnel Services		12,025,102		12,025,102	 9,200,410
Total		12,025,102		12,025,102	 9,200,410
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY -58-					
2705.0000-Personnel Services		54,961,771		54,961,771	52,652,830
2705.0100-Contractual Services		43,283,512		43,283,512	41,025,814
2705.0300-Commodities and Materials		842,786		842,786	838,463
2705.0400-Equipment		58,150		58,150	53,861
• •				1.00	100.
2/05.9295-Consent Decree		•		126.200	125.675
2705.9295-Consent Decree		126,200	· 	126,200 99,272,419	 125,675 94,696,643
Total		•	<u> </u>	126,200 99,272,419	 125,675 94,696,643
		126,200			_

MISCELLANEOUS FUND - Continued		Original Budget		Final Budget	 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 -					
2005.0000-Personnel Services	. \$	8,349,899	\$	8,349,899	\$ 7,040,357
2005.0100-Contractual Services		1,523,580		1,523,580	1,448,354
2005.0991-To Provide for Matching and Supplementary Grant Funds					
Currently in Effect as Well as New Grants		800,000		800,000	800,000
2005.9611-To Reimburse the Corporate Fund for Indirect Costs					
Chargeable to Fund		7,157,000		7,157,000	7,157,000
2005.9980-Municipal Fund Pension Allocation		14,529,000		14,529,000	14,529,000
Total		32,359,479		32,359,479	 30,974,711
TOTAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNICATIONS		143,657,000		143,657,000	134,871,764
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -					
2015.0100-Contractual Services		14,000,000		14,000,000	6,284,874
Total		14,000,000	_	14,000,000	6,284,874
TOTAL CHICAGO PARKING METERS		14,000,000		14,000,000	6,284,874
PUBLIC SAFETY					
DEPARTMENT OF POLICE - 57 -					
2005.0000- Personnel Services		10,754,000		10,754,000	6,213,781
2005.0100-Contractual Services		100,000		100,000	-
2005.9999- Miscellaneous		-		5,588,796	4,014,904
Total		10,854,000		16,442,796	10,228,685
TOTAL SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACTIVITIES	·	24,854,000		30,442,796	 16,513,559
COMMONWEALTH EDISON SETTLEMENT					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR - 01 -					
2005.0100 Contractual Services		_		300,000	215,634

MICOSI I ANISONO SUND. O. III	original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual
MISCELLANEOUS FUND - Continued			
DEPARTMENT OF ASSETS INFORMATION AND SERVICES- 38			
2005.0100 Contractual Services	\$ -	\$ 35,000	\$ 30,000
Total		35,000	30,000
TOTAL COMMONWEALTH EDISON SETTLEMENT	 -	 335,000	245,634
ALLIED SETTLEMENT FUND			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
DEPARTMENT OF LAW - 31 -			
2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort Judgments, Outside			
Counsel Expenses and Expert Costs	-	 1,000,000	691,429
Total	 -	 1,000,000	 691,429
DEPARTMENT OF PROCUREMENT SERVICES - 35 -			
2005.0100-Contractual Services	_	575,000	339,764
2005.0200-Travel	_	10,000	337,704
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	_	10,000	696
2005.0400-Equipment	_	15,000	-
2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort Judgments, Outside		10,000	
Counsel Expenses and Expert Costs	_	20,000	-
Total	-	630,000	340,460
TOTAL ALLIED SETTLEMENT	 -	 1,630,000	1,031,889
CTA REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX			
FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.9205-For Distribution of the Net Proceeds of the Real Property			
Transfer Tax-CTA Portion	60,192,000	60,192,000	51,023,270
2005.9640-To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Costs Incurred for			
Collection of the Real Property Transfer Tax-CTA Portion	608,000	608,000	608,000
Total	60,800,000	60,800,000	51,631,270
TOTAL CTA REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX	60,800,000	60,800,000	51,631,270

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual
MISCELLANEOUS FUND - Continued		4 901	. ———	2 a a g o t	
NORFOLK SOUTHERN					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT- GENERAL - 54 - 2005.9001 Conservation Innovation Grant (CIG)	\$	-	\$	20,000	\$ 20,000
Total	·	-		20,000	 20,000
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	<u> </u>	-		20,000	 20,000
TOTAL NORFOLK SOUTHERN	<u> </u>	-		20,000	 20,000
SPECIAL TAXING AREA					
AFFORDABLE HOUSING OPPORTUNITY FUND					
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING - 21 -					
2010.0000-Personnel Services		813,913		813,913	766,962
2010.0100-Contractual Services		119,000		119,000	-
2010.0200-Travel		9,000		9,000	1,848
2010.9213-Affordable Housing Density program		44,338,219		44,338,219	29,313,648
Total		45,280,132		45,280,132	30,082,458
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 -					
2005.0000-Personnel Services		127,868		127,868	123,174
2005.9610-Reimburse Corporate Fund for Pension payments		215,000		215,000	215,000
2005.9611-Reimburse Corporate Fund for Indirect Costs		924,000		924,000	 924,000
Total	·· —	1,266,868		1,266,868	 1,262,174
NEIGHBORHOOD OPPORTUNITY FUND					
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT - 54 -					
2005.0000-Personnel Services		611,079		611,079	286,340
2005.0100-Contractual Services		771,850		771,850	229,635
2005.0400 Equipment		1,000		1,000	-
2005.9266 Neighborhood Opportunity Program		40,892,391		40,892,391	13,863,960
2005.9438 For Services Provided by the Department of Assets,					
Information, and Services		9,000		9,000	 9,000
Total		42,285,320		42,285,320	 14,388,935

MISCELLANEOUS FUND - Concluded	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 -				
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 37,680	\$	37,680	\$ 41,058
2005.9610-Reimburse Corporate fund for Pension Payments	160,000		160,000	160,000
2005.9611-Reimburse Corporate Fund for Indirect Costs	868,000		868,000	868,000
Total	 1,065,680		1,065,680	1,069,058
SPECIAL TAXING AREAS - GENERAL GOVERNMENT	 89,898,000		89,918,000	 46,822,625
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS FUND	\$ 319,209,000	\$	326,782,796	\$ 251,116,741
LIBRARY FUND				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
DEPARTMENT OF ASSETS, INFORMATION, AND SERVICES - 38 -				
BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 -				
2126.0000-Personnel Services	340,000		340,000	-
2126.0100-Contractual Services	9,989,720		9,989,720	7,826,559
2126.0300-Commodities and Materials	889,895		889,895	 871,852
Total	11,219,615		11,219,615	8,698,411
BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 -				
2131.0100-Contractual Services	1,590,690		1,590,690	1,590,689
2131.0300-Commodities and Materials	 3,817,666		3,817,666	 3,100,772
Total	 5,408,356		5,408,356	4,691,461
BUREAU OF FLEET OPERATIONS - 38 -				
2140.0100-Contractual Services	14,485		14,485	13,276
2140.0300-Commodities and Materials	19,035		19,035	 18,759
Total	 33,520	-	33,520	 32,035
BUREAU OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY - 38-				
2145.0000-Personnel Services	 1,243,370		1,243,370	 1,224,281
Total	 1,243,370		1,243,370	 1,224,281
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF ASSETS, INFORMATION,				
AND SERVICES	17,904,861		17,904,861	 14,646,188

LIBRARY FUND - Concluded		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
LIBRART FOND - Concluded						
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 -						
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$	11,341,421	\$	11,341,421	\$	8,359,434
2005.0100-Contractual Services		416,208		416,208		111,154
2005.0400-Equipment		1,077,625		1,077,625		831,634
2005.0955-Interest on Library Financing		2,200,000		2,200,000		-
2005.9027-City's Contribution to Social Security Tax		19,150		19,150		19,150
2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax		810,584		810,584		810,584
2005.9112-Property Maintenance Contract for the						
Harold Washington Library Center2005.9199 -For Purchase of Chicago Public Library Books and		7,835,236		8,344,123		8,344,123
Materials		8,000,000		7,491,113		7,477,346
2005.9980-Municipal Fund Pension Allocation				3,141,000		-
Total		34,841,224		34,841,224	-	25,953,425
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	<u> </u>	52,746,085		52,746,085		40,599,613
CHICAGO PUBLIC LIBRARY - 91 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services		65,252,713 5,063,511		65,252,713 5,063,511		55,887,723 4,807,569
2005.0200-Travel		17,880		17,880		4,807,369
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		·		•		
		675,811		675,811		657,335
2005.0400-Equipment		692,000 20,000		692,000 20,000		691,883 20,000
Total		71,721,915	-	71,721,915	-	
10(d)	—	/1,/21,915		11,121,915		62,081,391
TOTAL LIBRARY FUND	\$	124,468,000	\$	124,468,000	\$	102,681,004
SPECIAL EVENTS, TOURISM AND FESTIVALS FUND						
SPECIAL EVENTS AND MUNICIPAL HOTEL OPERATORS' OCCUPATION TAX						
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR - 01 -						
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR - 01 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services		363,456		363,456		329,839

Schedule D-5 - Continued
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
SPECIAL EVENTS, TOURISM AND FESTIVALS FUND - Continued			
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ON SPECIAL EVENTS, CULTURAL AFFAIRS AND RECREATION- 15 - 2155.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 162,990 3,720	\$ 162,990 3,720	\$ 162,960 280
Total	166,710	166,710	163,240
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 -	1 2// 415	1 2// 415	024.027
2005.0000-Personnel Services	1,266,415	1,266,415	824,837
2005.0100-Contractual Services	820,476	820,476	10,131
Currently in Effect as Well as New Grants	882,000	882,000	628,550
2005.9027 For the City Contribution to Social Security Tax	1,922	1,922	1,922
2005.9076 City's Contribution to Medicare Tax	81,372	81,372	81,372
2005.9124 For the Sister Cities Program	528,643	528,643	528,643
2005.9610 To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Pension Payments	613,000	613,000	613,000
Chargeable to Fund	2,825,000	2,825,000	2,825,000
2005.9770-Transfer for Services Provided by the Department of Finance	80,000	80,000	80,000
Assets, Information, and Services	372,000	372,000	372,000
Public Health	22,000	22,000	22,000
2005.9773-Transfer for Services Provided by the Department of Police	950,000	950,000	950,000
Management and Communication	250,000	250,000	250,000
2005.9775-Transfer for Services Provided by the Fire Department	165,000	165,000	165,000
2005.9776-Transfer for Services Provided by the Department of Streets and Sanitation	60,500	60,500	60,500
2005.9777-Transfer for Services Provided by the Chicago Department of Transportation	5,000	5,000	5,000
Total	8,923,328	8,923,328	7,417,955
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	9,453,494	9,453,494	7,911,034

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
SPECIAL EVENTS, TOURISM AND FESTIVALS FUND - Concluded						
DEPARTMENT OF CULTURAL AFFAIRS - 23 -						
	ф	/ 212 722	ф	/ 212 722	ф	F 250 250
2015.0000-Personnel Services	\$	6,313,733	\$	-1-:-1:	\$	5,250,250
2015.0100-Contractual Services		6,469,504		6,469,504		3,956,719
2015.0200-Travel		10,500		10,500		-
2015.0300-Commodities and Materials		100,000		100,000		12,133
2015.9188-Expenses Related to the Operations of Millennium Park		9,618,339		9,618,339		4,991,897
2015.9219-Implementation of Cultural Plan		2,325,000		2,675,000		2,092,450
2015.9288-Expenses Related to the Programming for Millennium Park		1,465,500		1,115,500		-
2015.9438-Services Provided by the Department of Assets, Information						
and Services		10,000		10,000		-
2015.9800-For Special Events Projects		13,893,930		13,893,930		1,234,742
Total		40,206,506		40,206,506	_	17,538,191
TOTAL CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL		40,206,506		40,206,506		17,538,191
SPECIAL EVENTS AND MUNICIPAL HOTEL						
OPERATORS' OCCUPATION TAX		49,660,000		49,660,000		25,449,225
TOTAL SPECIAL EVENTS, TOURISM						
AND FESTIVALS FUND		49,660,000		49,660,000		25,449,225
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	\$	817,293,000	\$	824,858,164	\$	660,449,359

Note:

- (1) In 2020, the Department of Innovation and Technology and the Department of Fleet and Facility Management merged into the Department of Assets, Information, and Services.
- (2) In 2020, the Department of Public Safety Administration was formed.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Highway and Transportation Projects - Proceeds of debt used to improve highways and transportation systems.

Building Projects - Proceeds of debt used to finance exterior and interior construction and mechanical work on buildings used by City departments and the public.

Equipment Projects - Proceeds of debt used to purchase capital assets and maintain equipment and machinery for various City departments.

Chicago Public Building Commission - Accounts for assets held by Public Building Commission as trustee or agent during the interim financing period of certain City projects.

Schedule E-1
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

										Total
	H	lighway					C	hicago	Ν	lonmajor
		and						Public		Capital
	Tran	sportation	Βι	uilding	Εd	quipment	Е	Building		Project
		Projects		oiects		Projects		nmission		Funds
ASSETS		10,000	<u> </u>	Ojcoto		10,000	001	11111001011		1 dilas
	\$	11	\$		\$	252	\$		\$	263
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Φ	12	Φ	-	Φ		Φ	-	Ф	
Investments		12		93		6,845		-		6,950
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowances)		-		-		28		-		28
Due from Other Funds		-		-		830		-		830
Due from Other Governments		-				-		6,974		6,974
Total Assets	\$	23	\$	93	\$	7,955	\$	6,974	\$	15,045
LIADULTICO AND CUND DALANCE										
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE										
Liabilities:										
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	94	\$	-	\$	4,216	\$	-	\$	4,310
Due to Other Funds		-		682		-		6,974		7,656
Accrued and Other Liabilities		-		-		241		-		241
Total Liabilities		94		682		4,457		6,974		12,207
Fund Balance:										
						62 510				62 540
		(74)		- (E00)		63,518		-		63,518
Unassigned		(71)		(589)		(60,020)				(60,680)
Total Fund Balance		(71)		(589)		3,498				2,838
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	23	\$	93	\$	7,955	\$	6,974	\$	15,045

Schedule E-2
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Highway			Chicago	Total Nonmajor
	and			Public	Capital
	Transportation	Building	Equipment	Building	Project
	Projects	Projects	Projects	Commission	Funds
REVENUES	•				
Investment Income	\$ 1	\$ 6	\$ 881	\$ -	\$ 888
Miscellaneous	· -	_	381	-	381
Total Revenues	1	6	1,262		1,269
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay	_	_	55,074	_	55,074
Total Expenditures			55,074		55,074
•					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1	6	(53,812)		(53,805)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	-	-	20,671	-	20,671
Transfers Out	<u>-</u>				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	20,671		20,671
Net Change in Fund Balance	1	6	(33,141)	_	(33,134)
	ו (סק)	_	36,639	-	, ,
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	(72) \$ (71)	(595) \$ (589)	\$ 3,498	\$ -	35,972 \$ 2,838
Tund Dalance (Delicit) - Lild of Teal	ψ (71)	ψ (509)	ψ 5,430	Ψ -	ψ 2,030

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

CUSTODIAL FUNDS - Account for transactions for assets held by the City as a fiduciary for various entities.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS - Expenditures for employee pensions as provided by employee and employer contributions and investment earnings.

Schedule F-1
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Other Custodial Fund			Departure Buildin Tax Improv		PS School uilding and provement Fund	Special Assessment Fund		Total
ASSETS: Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments January 1, 2020 (1) Additions Deductions	\$	2,234 2,253 1,607	\$	2,224 7,005 8,794	\$	1,044 1,800 1,766	\$	4,197 841 838	\$ 9,699 11,899 13,005
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments December 31, 2020		2,880	_	435		1,078		4,200	 8,593
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent, January 1, 2020 (1) Additions		- - -		- - -		- 149,041 149,041		- - -	- 149,041 149,041
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent, December 31, 2020		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			
Accounts Receivables, January 1, 2020 (1) Additions Deductions		6 5 5		17 28 45		142,418 153,767 153,692		1,019 - 1	143,460 153,800 153,743
Accounts Receivables, December 31, 2020		6	_	-		142,493		1,018	143,517

Schedule F-1 - Concluded
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Other Custodial Fund	McCormick Departure al Tax Fund		CPS School Building and Improvement Fund		Special Assessment Fund			Total
ASSETS - Concluded: Total Assets, January 1, 2020 (1) Additions Deductions	\$ 2,240 2,258 1,612	\$	2,241 7,033 8,839	\$	143,462 304,608 304,499	\$	5,216 841 839	\$	153,159 314,740 315,789
Total Assets, December 31, 2020	\$ 2,886	\$	435	\$	143,571	\$	5,218	\$	152,110
LIABILITIES: Voucher Warrants Payable, January 1, 2020 (1)	\$ - 53 53	\$	2,021 9,108 10,891	\$	- - -	\$	2 3 3	\$	2,023 9,164 10,947
Voucher Warrants Payable, December 31, 2020			238		-		2		240
Accrued Liabilities, January 1, 2020 (1) Additions Deductions Accrued Liabilities, December 31, 2020	 2,241 1,744 1,099 2,886	_	221 163 187	_	143,462 305,251 305,142 143,571	_	5,214 5 3 5,216	_	151,138 307,163 306,431 151,870
Total Liabilities, January 1, 2020 (1) Additions Deductions	2,241 1,797 1,152		2,242 9,271 11,078		143,462 305,251 305,142		5,216 8 6		153,161 316,327 317,378
Total Liabilities December 31, 2020	\$ 2,886	\$	435	\$	143,571	\$	5,218	\$	152,110

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ In 2020, the City implemented GASB 84, which reclassified certain funds' assets and liabilities previously recorded as Agency Funds within the General Fund and Special Revenue funds. The remaining balances are classified as Custodial Funds.

Schedule F-2
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF PLAN NET POSITION
December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Pension Trust Funds											
	Municipal Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Total							
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 519	\$ 40,035	\$ 107,381	\$ 18,570	\$ 166,505							
Receivables Employer and OtherInterest and Dividends	·	74,123 2,839	784,382 4,454	360,610 6,564	1,675,501 23,607							
Total Receivables	466,136	76,962	788,836	367,174	1,699,108							
Due from City	11,111	1,071	52,327	22,644	87,153							
Property, Plant, Equipment and Other	442			215	657							
Investments, at Fair Value Bonds and U.S. Government	702 202	222 422	240 444	170 116	4 524 646							
ObligationsStocks	783,203 1,725,001	223,123 651,482	340,144 1,453,685	178,146 586,023	1,524,616 4,416,191							
Mortgages and Real Estate	346,508	120,717	143,395	42,014	652,634							
Other	780,470	169,596	662,897	101,132	1,714,095							
Total Investments	3,635,182	1,164,918	2,600,121	907,315	8,307,536							
Invested Securities Lending	194.009	20,000	100 224	75 012	400.045							
Collateral	184,008	30,990	109,234	75,813	400,045							
Total Assets	4,297,398	1,313,976	3,657,899	1,391,731	10,661,004							
Deferred Outflows		2,098			2,098							
LIABILITIES												
Voucher Warrants Payable Securities Lending Collateral	23,151 184,008	15,342 30,990	106,648 109,234	7,031 75,813	152,172 400,045							
Total Liabilities	207,159	46,332	215,882	82,844	552,217							
Deferred Inflows			119		119							
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 4,090,239	\$ 1,269,742	\$ 3,441,898	\$ 1,308,887	\$ 10,110,766							

Schedule F-3
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION
Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Pension Trust Funds									
	Municipal Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Total					
ADDITIONS Contributions Employees	\$ 157,797	\$ 18,064	\$ 113,622	\$ 54,415	\$ 343,898					
City		73,744	739,913	369,455	1,681,711					
Total Contributions	656,396	91,808	853,535	423,870	2,025,609					
Investment Income Net Depreciation in Fair										
Value of Investments	280,012	146,639	244,577	93,984	765,212					
Interest, Dividends and Other	69,808	23,639	35,077	18,245	146,769					
Investment Expense	(15,136)	(7,356)	(8,149)	(7,192)	(37,833)					
Net Investment Income	334,684	162,922	271,505	105,037	874,148					
Securities Lending Transactions Securities Lending Income Securities Lending Expense Net Securities Lending	1,623 (904)	333 (198)	726 (340)	596 (253)	3,278 (1,695)					
Transactions	719	135	386	343	1,583					
Total Additions	991,799	254,865	1,125,426	529,250	2,901,340					
DEDUCTIONS Benefits and Refunds of										
Deductions	975,085	169,057	841,598	367,292	2,353,032					
Administrative and General	7,118	3,616	4,359	2,892	17,985					
Total Deductions	982,203	172,673	845,957	370,184	2,371,017					
Net Increase in Net Position Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits:	9,596	82,192	279,469	159,066	530,323					
Beginning of Year	4,080,643	1,187,550	3,162,429	1,149,821	9,580,443					
End of Year	\$ 4,090,239	\$ 1,269,742	\$ 3,441,898	\$ 1,308,887	\$ 10,110,766					

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PART III

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Table 1
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets \$	(299,859)	\$ (215,961)	\$ (242,862)	\$ 28,744
Restricted	1,596,408	1,908,516	1,940,911	1,491,995
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5,691,215)	(7,537,057)	(9,120,377)	(10,564,064)
Total governmental activities,				
net position <u>\$</u>	(4,394,666)	\$ (5,844,502)	\$ (7,422,328)	\$ (9,043,325)
D. Maria I. and M. Maria				
Business-type activities:		•	•	
Net Investment in Capital Assets \$	2,451,787	\$ 2,388,310	\$ 2,446,242	\$ 2,713,825
Restricted	874,837	982,517	883,758	978,972
Unrestricted	(1,541,515)	(1,354,572)	(1,278,777)	(1,185,755)
Total business type activities,	_			
net position\$	1,785,109	\$ 2,016,255	\$ 2,051,223	\$ 2,507,042
Primary Government:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets \$	2,151,928	\$ 2,172,349	\$ 2,203,380	\$ 2,742,569
Restricted	2,471,245	2,891,033	2,824,669	2,470,967
Unrestricted	(7,232,730)	(8,891,629)	(10,399,154)	(11,749,819)
Total primary government,	, /			
net position \$	(2,609,557)	\$ (3,828,247)	\$ (5,371,105)	\$ (6,536,283)

(1) The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015 and the net position was restated at January 1, 2015.

2015 (1)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ (292,432) 1,519,914 (25,263,289)	\$ (65,466) 2,269,517 (29,676,310)	\$ (551,074) 2,416,071 (30,579,844)	\$ (332,211) 2,509,084 (32,304,567)	\$ (344,556) 3,154,411 (33,485,915)	\$ (545,687) 3,144,526 (32,932,325)
\$ (24,035,807)	\$ (27,472,259)	\$ (28,714,847)	\$ (30,127,694)	\$ (30,676,060)	\$ (30,333,486)
\$ 2,892,548 1,042,980 (3,731,167)	\$ 3,373,063 879,934 (4,210,657)	\$ 3,866,056 868,021 (4,387,321)	\$ 4,298,879 936,540 (4,472,398)	\$ 4,638,682 1,160,081 (4,581,709)	\$ 5,038,030 1,333,926 (4,459,867)
\$ 204,361	\$ 42,340	\$ 346,756	\$ 763,021	\$ 1,217,054	\$ 1,912,089
\$ 2,600,116 2,562,894 (28,994,456)	\$ 3,307,597 3,149,451 (33,886,967)	\$ 3,314,982 3,284,092 (34,967,165)	\$ 3,966,668 3,445,624 (36,776,965)	\$ 4,294,126 4,314,492 (38,067,624)	\$ 4,492,343 4,478,452 (37,392,192)
\$ (23,831,446)	\$ (27,429,919)	\$ (28,368,091)	\$ (29,364,673)	\$ (29,459,006)	\$ (28,421,397)

Table 2
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING
Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Expenses	,			
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 2,734,419	\$ 2,751,944	\$ 2,667,205	\$ 2,857,789
Public Safety	2,689,471	2,910,160	3,044,811	2,913,469
Streets and Sanitation	245,898	228,622	242,500	275,814
Transportation	410,802	383,510	400,506	475,751
Health	151,152	123,055	119,678	125,068
Cultural and Recreational	102,808	146,283	128,302	121,548
Interest on Long-term Debt	474,226	460,660	477,959	580,701
Total Governmental Activities	 6,808,776	7,004,234	7,080,961	7,350,140
Business-type Activities:				
Water	416,289	417,499	442,474	455,433
Sewer	194,838	195,911	216,587	225,600
Chicago Midway			•	
International Airport	218,172	225,867	241,080	248,231
Chicago-O'Hare	ŕ	•	,	•
International Airport	879,281	955,276	920,781	1,029,559
Chicago Skyway	10,930	10,621	10,585	10,314
Total Business-type Activities	 1,719,510	1,805,174	1,831,507	1,969,137
	 · ,	· · · · ·	, ,	· · ·
Total Primary Government	\$ 8,528,286	\$ 8,809,408	\$ 8,912,468	\$ 9,319,277

184

	2015 (1)		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020
			_		_				_	_
\$	6,238,028	\$	4,549,261	\$	2,914,655	\$	2,985,409	\$	2,866,146	\$ 2,258,930
•	3,192,197	•	4,266,146	•	3,636,102	·	3,746,763	·	4,078,494	3,880,524
	253,432		256,985		247,836		267,444		280,823	280,765
	471,689		378,779		414,044		458,611		562,992	512,817
	119,199		116,692		124,090		117,199		118,574	172,744
	118,775		114,676		121,483		115,130		124,766	112,703
	861,293		495,856		722,008		611,296		644,432	620,324
	11,254,613		10,178,395		8,180,218		8,301,852		8,676,227	7,838,807
	900,346		816,012		581,642		577,264		594,173	485,653
	505,032		350,388		293,047		281,948		270,333	252,999
	315,724		320,033		284,974		293,594		301,175	272,656
	1,380,512		1,330,240		1,256,665		1,318,038		1,489,612	1,319,512
	8,727		8,651		8,506		8,140		8,138	8,139
	3,110,341		2,825,324		2,424,834		2,478,984		2,663,431	2,338,959
\$	14,364,954	\$	13,003,719	\$	10,605,052	\$	10,780,836	\$	11,339,658	\$ 10,177,766

Table 2 - Continued CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2020 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		2011		2012		2013		2014
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities:								
Licenses, Permits, Fines and								
Charges for Services:								
General Government	\$	388,886	\$	452,892	\$	467,423	\$	505,275
Public Safety		211,157		199,572	•	196,344	•	208,206
Streets and Sanitation		37,291		42,138		45,629		44,552
Transportation		28,613		39,343		46,076		44,278
Health		7,796		1,751		2,023		2,281
Cultural and Recreational		7,201		14,454		15,947		14,643
Operating Grants and Contributions		788,812		748,256		634,384		470,659
Capital Grants and Contributions		282,008		172,456		184,415		249,860
Total Governmental Activities		1,751,764		1,670,862		1,592,241	_	1,539,754
		.,,		.,0:0,00=		.,00=,=		.,000,101
Business-type Activities:								
Licenses, Permits, Fines and								
Charges for Services:								
Water		454,221		576,287		637,114		692,634
Sewer		203,349		253,912		292,290		322,228
Chicago Midway		200,040		200,012		202,200		022,220
International Airport		157,371		201,749		221,205		216,662
Chicago-O'Hare		107,071		201,743		221,200		210,002
International Airport		679,402		857,114		870,654		1,012,529
Chicago Skyway		079,402		057,114		070,034		1,012,329
		- 257,438		- 83,219		213,067		- 95,624
Capital Grants and Contributions		237,436		03,219		213,007		95,624
Total Business-type Activities and		1 751 701		1 072 201		2 224 220		2 220 677
Program Revenues Total Primary Government		1,751,781		1,972,281		2,234,330		2,339,677
Program Revenues	\$	3,503,545	\$	3,643,143	\$	3,826,571	\$	3,879,431
Flogram Revenues	φ	3,303,343	φ	3,043,143	φ	3,020,371	φ	3,679,431
Not (Expanses)/Boyenyes								
Net (Expenses)/Revenues Governmental Activities	φ	(E 0E7 010)	φ	(F 222 272)	ው	(F 400 700)	ው	(F 040 206)
	\$	(5,057,012)	\$	(5,333,372)	\$	(5,488,720)	\$	(5,810,386)
Business-type Activities		32,271		167,107		402,823		370,540
Total Primary Government	Φ.	/F 004 744\	Φ.	(F. 400.005)	Φ.	(F 00F 007)	Φ.	(F. 400.040)
Net Expense	\$	(5,024,741)	\$	(5,166,265)	\$	(5,085,897)	\$	(5,439,846)

182,670 202,379 194,586 205,401 215,402 39,602 100,996 95,180 107,880 105,124 37,522 52,524 66,994 53,247 53,035 5,839 7,232 6,881 6,166 6,820 14,850 15,122 15,407 15,510 16,350 496,679 516,728 473,214 511,913 497,995 1, 249,064 221,532 205,505 170,830 142,557 1,560,551 1,617,981 1,578,999 1,593,973 1,540,068 2,	
700.400	343,867 377,446 79,988 41,034 5,845 2,162 166,768 122,492 139,602
	736,578 333,959
225,383 232,483 244,073 253,504 271,630	286,501
1,029,788	276,304
85,968 115,206 119,976 140,070 150,115	169,773
2,486,424 2,617,446 2,647,775 2,801,208 2,980,497 2,	303,115
<u>\$ 4,046,975</u> <u>\$ 4,235,427</u> <u>\$ 4,226,774</u> <u>\$ 4,395,181</u> <u>\$ 4,520,565</u> <u>\$ 4,</u>	942,717
(623,917) (207,878) 222,941 322,224 317,066	699,205) 464,156 235,049)

Table 2 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2020 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		2011		2012		2013		2014
General Revenues and Other								
Changes in Net Position								
Governmental Activities:								
Taxes								
Property Tax	\$	934,870	\$	896,246	\$	906,740	\$	926,839
Utility Tax		564,236		548,682		547,651		570,469
Sales Tax		310,626		294,417		307,837		324,273
Transportation Tax		331,441		373,544		381,080		406,624
Transaction Tax		250,486		281,957		344,493		379,256
Special Area Tax		457,192		274,617		306,057		260,256
Other Taxes		269,258		294,280		298,951		323,946
Grants and Contributions Not		·		•		•		•
Restricted to Specific Programs		598,498		692,232		754,716		740,911
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		64,294		92,050		(6,259)		62,400
Gain (Loss) on Disposal and		•		•		(, ,		•
Sale of Capital Assets		_		-		(16,886)		-
Transfers		1,000		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		175,758		135,511		139,710		194,415
Total Governmental Activities		3,957,659		3,883,536		3,964,090		4,189,389
				, ,				
Business-type Activities:								
Investment Earnings		48,517		25,197		(13,243)		35,849
Loss on Disposal and		•		,		(, ,		,
Sale of Capital Assets		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		34,687		38,842		47,354		49,430
Special Item		(53,910)		, -		-		, -
Transfers		(1,000)		-		-		-
Total Business-type Activities		28,294		64,039		34,111		85,279
Total Primary Government	\$	3,985,953	\$	3,947,575	\$	3,998,201	\$	4,274,668
	÷		÷		÷		÷	, , , , , , , , ,
Change in Net Position								
Governmental Activities	\$	(1,099,353)	\$	(1,449,836)	\$	(1,524,630)	\$	(1,620,997)
Business-type Activities	Ψ	60,565	Ψ	231,146	Ψ	436,934	Ψ	455,819
Total Primary Government	\$	(1,038,788)	\$	(1,218,690)	\$	(1,087,696)	\$	(1,165,178)
Total Filling Government	Ψ	(1,000,100)	Ψ	(1,210,000)	Ψ	(1,007,000)	Ψ	(1,100,170)

⁽¹⁾ The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015 and the net position was restated at January 1, 2015. Employee Pensions and Other have been reclassified by function.

⁽²⁾ Increases in Operating Grants and Contributions are due to CARES Act Funds and other COVID-19 related grants.

	2015 (1)		2016		2017	 2018	 2019		2020 (2)
\$	1,179,395 562,697 346,319 384,978 466,432 444,972 369,405 815,157	\$	1,264,473 557,992 347,131 449,744 542,896 537,026 395,889 781,968	\$	1,327,236 609,205 344,911 476,329 497,965 605,548 424,882 762,009	\$ 1,405,396 700,823 361,482 506,193 547,262 703,261 449,414 788,737	\$ 1,474,432 749,518 373,339 545,736 548,325 914,803 454,955 883,509	\$	1,488,601 733,978 288,410 402,972 529,521 907,578 226,439 870,241
_	(1,357) - 625 264,806 4,833,429	_	30,400 - 2,540 213,903 5,123,962	_	87,741 (28,583) 2,215 249,173 5,358,631	26,087 79,527 2,540 282,990 5,853,712	 217,324 - 2,540 423,312 6,587,793	_	169,132 - 2,540 422,367 6,041,779
\$	27,563 - 39,744 - (625) 66,682 4,900,111	\$	13,196 - 35,201 - (2,540) 45,857 5,169,819	\$	53,114 (18,711) 49,287 - (2,215) 81,475 5,440,106	\$ 50,628 - 45,953 - (2,540) 94,041 5,947,753	\$ 110,114 - 29,393 - (2,540) 136,967 6,724,760	\$	74,345 - 159,074 - (2,540) 230,879 6,272,658
\$	(4,860,633) (557,235) (5,417,868)	\$	(3,436,452) (162,021) (3,598,473)	\$	(1,242,588) 304,416 (938,172)	\$ (854,167) 416,265 (437,902)	\$ (548,366) 454,033 (94,333)	\$	342,574 695,035 1,037,609

Table 3
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE (1)
Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

•		Percent			Percent			Percent
	2011	of Total		2012	of Total		2013	of Total
Revenues:								
Property Tax	\$ 888,	531 15.2 %	\$	941,398	16.2 %	\$	866,149	15.5 %
Utility Tax	φ 564,		Ψ	548,682	9.4	Ψ	547,651	9.8
Sales Tax				594,290	10.2		623,942	11.2
Transportation Tax				373,544	6.5		381,080	6.8
State Income Tax				391,285	6.7		436,740	7.8
Transaction Tax				281,957	4.9		344,493	6.2
Special Area Tax				370,454	6.3		332,040	5.9
Other Taxes	269,			294,280	5.0		298,951	5.4
Total Taxes			_	3,795,890	65.2	_	3,831,046	68.6
Federal/State Grants	976,	051 16.7		877,864	15.1		708,702	12.7
Internal Service	321,	138 5.5		319,285	5.5		324,601	5.8
Licenses and Permits	102,	702 1.8		117,568	2.1		123,633	2.2
Fines	283,	822 4.8		306,510	5.3		329,460	5.9
Investment Income	73,	921 1.3		90,885	1.6		(19,111)	(0.3)
Charges for Services	160,	649 2.7		170,724	2.9		161,415	2.9
Miscellaneous	173,	768 3.0		135,511	2.3	_	122,710	2.2
Total Revenues	\$ 5,856,	<u>727</u> <u>100.0 %</u>	\$	5,814,237	100.0 %	\$	5,582,456	100.0 %
		Percent			Percent			Percent
	2018	of Total		2019	of Total		2020	of Total
Devenues								
Revenues:	¢ 1.400	565 18.6 %	\$	1 270 001	16.3 %	\$	1 450 222	17.7 %
Property Tax			Φ	1,278,091		Φ	1,450,233	17.7
Utility Tax				744 620	0.4		7/1 255	0.0
Salac Lav	697,			744,629 785,500	9.4		741,255	9.0
Sales Tax	754,	326 10.0		785,500	10.0		669,958	8.2
Transportation Tax	754, 506,	326 10.0 193 6.7		785,500 545,736	10.0 7.0		669,958 402,972	8.2 4.9
Transportation Tax State Income Tax	754, 506, 392,	326 10.0 193 6.7 449 5.2		785,500 545,736 469,814	10.0 7.0 6.0		669,958 402,972 487,262	8.2 4.9 5.9
Transportation TaxState Income Tax Transaction Tax	754, 506, 392, 547,	326 10.0 193 6.7 449 5.2 262 7.3		785,500 545,736 469,814 548,325	10.0 7.0 6.0 7.0		669,958 402,972 487,262 529,521	8.2 4.9 5.9 6.5
Transportation TaxState Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax	754, 506, 392, 547, 699,	326 10.0 193 6.7 449 5.2 262 7.3 139 9.3		785,500 545,736 469,814 548,325 705,155	10.0 7.0 6.0 7.0 9.0		669,958 402,972 487,262 529,521 844,162	8.2 4.9 5.9 6.5 10.3
Transportation TaxState Income Tax Transaction Tax	754, 506, 392, 547,	326 10.0 193 6.7 449 5.2 262 7.3 139 9.3 414 6.0		785,500 545,736 469,814 548,325	10.0 7.0 6.0 7.0		669,958 402,972 487,262 529,521	8.2 4.9 5.9 6.5
Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax Other Taxes	754, 506, 392, 547, 699, 449,	326 10.0 193 6.7 449 5.2 262 7.3 139 9.3 414 6.0 010 72.4		785,500 545,736 469,814 548,325 705,155 454,955	10.0 7.0 6.0 7.0 9.0 5.7		669,958 402,972 487,262 529,521 844,162 226,439	8.2 4.9 5.9 6.5 10.3 2.8
Transportation Tax	754, 506, 392, 547, 699, 449,	326 10.0 193 6.7 449 5.2 262 7.3 139 9.3 414 6.0 010 72.4 861 9.8		785,500 545,736 469,814 548,325 705,155 454,955 5,532,205	10.0 7.0 6.0 7.0 9.0 5.7 70.4		669,958 402,972 487,262 529,521 844,162 226,439 5,351,802	8.2 4.9 5.9 6.5 10.3 2.8 65.3
Transportation Tax	754, 506, 392, 547, 699, 449, 5,447, 736, 298,	326 10.0 193 6.7 449 5.2 262 7.3 139 9.3 414 6.0 010 72.4 861 9.8 496 4.0		785,500 545,736 469,814 548,325 705,155 454,955 5,532,205 643,885	10.0 7.0 6.0 7.0 9.0 5.7 70.4 8.2		669,958 402,972 487,262 529,521 844,162 226,439 5,351,802 1,112,933	8.2 4.9 5.9 6.5 10.3 2.8 65.3
Transportation Tax	754, 506, 392, 547, 699, 449, 5,447, 736, 298,	326 10.0 193 6.7 449 5.2 262 7.3 139 9.3 414 6.0 010 72.4 861 9.8 496 4.0 466 1.9		785,500 545,736 469,814 548,325 705,155 454,955 5,532,205 643,885 312,729	10.0 7.0 6.0 7.0 9.0 5.7 70.4 8.2 4.0		669,958 402,972 487,262 529,521 844,162 226,439 5,351,802 1,112,933 385,338	8.2 4.9 5.9 6.5 10.3 2.8 65.3 13.6 4.7
Transportation Tax	754, 506, 392, 547, 699, 449, 5,447, 736, 298, 142, 355,	326 10.0 193 6.7 449 5.2 262 7.3 139 9.3 414 6.0 010 72.4 861 9.8 496 4.0 466 1.9	_	785,500 545,736 469,814 548,325 705,155 454,955 5,532,205 643,885 312,729 138,724	10.0 7.0 6.0 7.0 9.0 5.7 70.4 8.2 4.0 1.8		669,958 402,972 487,262 529,521 844,162 226,439 5,351,802 1,112,933 385,338 108,902	8.2 4.9 5.9 6.5 10.3 2.8 65.3 13.6 4.7 1.3
Transportation Tax	754, 506, 392, 547, 699, 449, 5,447, 736, 298, 142, 355,	326 10.0 193 6.7 449 5.2 262 7.3 139 9.3 414 6.0 010 72.4 861 9.8 496 4.0 466 1.9 095 4.7 087 0.3	_	785,500 545,736 469,814 548,325 705,155 454,955 5,532,205 643,885 312,729 138,724 337,358	10.0 7.0 6.0 7.0 9.0 5.7 70.4 8.2 4.0 1.8 4.3		669,958 402,972 487,262 529,521 844,162 226,439 5,351,802 1,112,933 385,338 108,902 246,667	8.2 4.9 5.9 6.5 10.3 2.8 65.3 13.6 4.7 1.3 3.0
Transportation Tax	754, 506, 392, 547, 699, 449, 5,447, 736, 298, 142, 355, 26,	326 10.0 193 6.7 449 5.2 262 7.3 139 9.3 414 6.0 010 72.4 861 9.8 496 4.0 466 1.9 095 4.7 087 0.3 396 3.1	_	785,500 545,736 469,814 548,325 705,155 454,955 5,532,205 643,885 312,729 138,724 337,358 217,324	10.0 7.0 6.0 7.0 9.0 5.7 70.4 8.2 4.0 1.8 4.3 2.8	_	669,958 402,972 487,262 529,521 844,162 226,439 5,351,802 1,112,933 385,338 108,902 246,667 169,132	8.2 4.9 5.9 6.5 10.3 2.8 65.3 13.6 4.7 1.3 3.0 2.1

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project Funds.

		Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent
	2014	of Total	2015	of Total	2016	of Total	2017	of Total
\$	929,841	15.4 %	\$ 869,841	14.0 % \$	1,294,063	18.6 %	\$ 1,212,566	17.3 %
	570,469	9.4	562,697	9.0	557,992	8.0	604,409	8.6
	658,799	10.9	703,234	11.3	713,557	10.3	716,170	10.2
	406,624	6.7	384,978	6.2	449,744	6.5	476,329	6.8
	404,050	6.7	456,397	7.3	413,673	6.0	388,236	5.6
	379,256	6.3	466,432	7.5	542,896	7.8	497,965	7.1
	331,380	5.5	353,413	5.7	516,886	7.4	512,529	7.3
	323,946	5.4	369,405	5.9	395,889	5.7	424,882	6.1
	4,004,365	66.3	4,166,397	66.9	4,884,700	70.3	4,833,086	69.0
	812,175	13.3	764,846	12.3	745,603	10.8	705,765	10.1
	335,762	5.5	382,758	6.2	376,895	5.4	381,402	5.5
	122,143	2.0	129,035	2.1	132,873	1.9	136,116	1.9
	353,517	5.8	387,160	6.2	337,769	4.9	363,854	5.2
	69,650	1.2	(26,895)	(0.4)	30,400	0.4	87,740	1.3
	172,928	2.9	147,927	2.4	221,965	3.2	240,827	3.4
	179,939	3.0	264,806	4.3	213,865	3.1	249,173	3.6
ф	C 050 470	100.0.0/	Ф 6 246 024	100000/	C C 044 070	100.0.0/	¢ 6007000	100.0.0/
Ф	6,050,479	100.0 %	\$ 6,216,034	100.0 %	6,944,070	100.0 %	\$ 6,997,963	100.0 %

REVENUE SOURCES

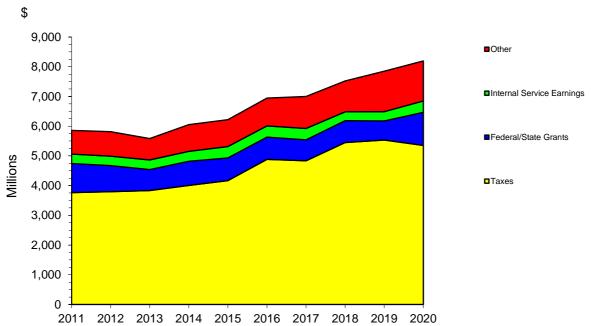


Table 4
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1)
Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Percent		Percent		Percent
	2011	of Total	2012	of Total	2013	of Total
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety	\$1,984,312	30.0 %	\$ 2,075,959	31.7 %	\$2,034,896	32.1 %
General Government	2,057,524	31.1	1,806,541	27.5	1,834,558	29.0
Employee Pensions	481,407	7.3	458,951	7.0	444,748	7.0
Streets and Sanitation	236,591	3.6	228,100	3.6	241,787	3.8
Transportation	507,589	7.7	514,303	7.8	443,199	7.0
Health	148,449	2.2	127,567	1.9	126,599	2.0
Cultural and Recreational	90,905	1.4	102,384	1.6	97,487	1.6
Other	26,211	0.3	11,725	0.1	7,681	0.1
Capital Outlay	470,213	7.1	435,600	6.6	340,481	5.4
Debt Service:	,		•		•	
Principal Retirement	188,608	2.8	340,754	5.2	297,152	4.7
Interest and Other Fiscal	,		,		•	
Charges	429,822	6.5	461,962	7.0	464,587	7.3
Total Expenditures	\$6,621,631	100.0 %	\$ 6,563,846	100.0 %	\$6,333,175	100.0 %
Debt Service as a Percentage of						
Non Capital Expenditures (2)		10.3 %		13.7 %		13.1 %
, ,						
	2018	Percent	2019	Percent	2020	Percent
	2018		2019		2020	
Expenditures:	2018	Percent	2019	Percent	2020	Percent
Expenditures: Current:		Percent of Total		Percent of Total		Percent of Total
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 2,411,851	Percent of Total	\$ 2,525,520	Percent of Total	\$ 2,309,666	Percent of Total
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852	Percent of Total	\$2,309,666 2,948,726	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 2,411,851	Percent of Total	\$ 2,525,520	Percent of Total 30.7 % 26.7	\$ 2,309,666	Percent of Total
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety General Government Employee Pensions	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601 1,159,227	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5 14.9	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852 1,149,157	Percent of Total 30.7 % 26.7 14.0	\$ 2,309,666 2,948,726 1,645,907	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3 18.6
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601 1,159,227 259,451	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5 14.9 3.3 4.6 1.5	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852 1,149,157 271,372	Percent of Total 30.7 % 26.7 14.0 3.3	\$2,309,666 2,948,726 1,645,907 271,600 370,155 172,167	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3 18.6 3.1
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety General Government Employee Pensions Streets and Sanitation Transportation Health Cultural and Recreational	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601 1,159,227 259,451 355,760 116,557 97,733	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5 14.9 3.3 4.6 1.5 1.3	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852 1,149,157 271,372 350,329 118,217 105,912	Percent of Total 30.7 % 26.7 14.0 3.3 4.3 1.4 1.3	\$2,309,666 2,948,726 1,645,907 271,600 370,155 172,167 92,972	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3 18.6 3.1 4.2 1.9 1.0
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety General Government Employee Pensions Streets and Sanitation Transportation Health Cultural and Recreational Other	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601 1,159,227 259,451 355,760 116,557 97,733 7,134	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5 14.9 3.3 4.6 1.5 1.3 0.1	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852 1,149,157 271,372 350,329 118,217 105,912 8,217	30.7 % 26.7 14.0 3.3 4.3 1.4 1.3 0.1	\$2,309,666 2,948,726 1,645,907 271,600 370,155 172,167 92,972 663	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3 18.6 3.1 4.2 1.9 1.0 0.0
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601 1,159,227 259,451 355,760 116,557 97,733	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5 14.9 3.3 4.6 1.5 1.3	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852 1,149,157 271,372 350,329 118,217 105,912	Percent of Total 30.7 % 26.7 14.0 3.3 4.3 1.4 1.3	\$2,309,666 2,948,726 1,645,907 271,600 370,155 172,167 92,972	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3 18.6 3.1 4.2 1.9 1.0
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601 1,159,227 259,451 355,760 116,557 97,733 7,134 288,924	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5 14.9 3.3 4.6 1.5 1.3 0.1 3.7	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852 1,149,157 271,372 350,329 118,217 105,912 8,217 312,876	Percent of Total 30.7 % 26.7 14.0 3.3 4.3 1.4 1.3 0.1 3.8	\$ 2,309,666 2,948,726 1,645,907 271,600 370,155 172,167 92,972 663 266,287	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3 18.6 3.1 4.2 1.9 1.0 0.0 3.0
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601 1,159,227 259,451 355,760 116,557 97,733 7,134	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5 14.9 3.3 4.6 1.5 1.3 0.1	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852 1,149,157 271,372 350,329 118,217 105,912 8,217	30.7 % 26.7 14.0 3.3 4.3 1.4 1.3 0.1	\$2,309,666 2,948,726 1,645,907 271,600 370,155 172,167 92,972 663	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3 18.6 3.1 4.2 1.9 1.0 0.0
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601 1,159,227 259,451 355,760 116,557 97,733 7,134 288,924 335,270	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5 14.9 3.3 4.6 1.5 1.3 0.1 3.7	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852 1,149,157 271,372 350,329 118,217 105,912 8,217 312,876	Percent of Total 30.7 % 26.7 14.0 3.3 4.3 1.4 1.3 0.1 3.8	\$2,309,666 2,948,726 1,645,907 271,600 370,155 172,167 92,972 663 266,287 187,345	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3 18.6 3.1 4.2 1.9 1.0 0.0 3.0 2.1
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601 1,159,227 259,451 355,760 116,557 97,733 7,134 288,924 335,270 604,768	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5 14.9 3.3 4.6 1.5 1.3 0.1 3.7 4.3	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852 1,149,157 271,372 350,329 118,217 105,912 8,217 312,876 578,474	Percent of Total 30.7 % 26.7 14.0 3.3 4.3 1.4 1.3 0.1 3.8 7.0	\$ 2,309,666 2,948,726 1,645,907 271,600 370,155 172,167 92,972 663 266,287 187,345 593,576	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3 18.6 3.1 4.2 1.9 1.0 0.0 3.0 2.1 6.7
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601 1,159,227 259,451 355,760 116,557 97,733 7,134 288,924 335,270 604,768	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5 14.9 3.3 4.6 1.5 1.3 0.1 3.7	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852 1,149,157 271,372 350,329 118,217 105,912 8,217 312,876	Percent of Total 30.7 % 26.7 14.0 3.3 4.3 1.4 1.3 0.1 3.8	\$2,309,666 2,948,726 1,645,907 271,600 370,155 172,167 92,972 663 266,287 187,345	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3 18.6 3.1 4.2 1.9 1.0 0.0 3.0 2.1
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 2,411,851 2,132,601 1,159,227 259,451 355,760 116,557 97,733 7,134 288,924 335,270 604,768	Percent of Total 31.0 % 27.5 14.9 3.3 4.6 1.5 1.3 0.1 3.7 4.3	\$ 2,525,520 2,200,852 1,149,157 271,372 350,329 118,217 105,912 8,217 312,876 578,474	Percent of Total 30.7 % 26.7 14.0 3.3 4.3 1.4 1.3 0.1 3.8 7.0	\$ 2,309,666 2,948,726 1,645,907 271,600 370,155 172,167 92,972 663 266,287 187,345 593,576	Percent of Total 26.1 % 33.3 18.6 3.1 4.2 1.9 1.0 0.0 3.0 2.1 6.7

- (1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project Funds.
- (2) Non Capital Expenditures include all expenditures except Capital Expenditures included in Capital Outlay with Transportation.

	Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent
2014	of Total	2015	of Total	2016	of Total	2017	of Total
\$ 2,066,979	28.8 %	\$ 2,111,709	28.6 %	\$ 2,265,213	30.5 %	\$2,333,673	31.8 %
2,043,557	28.5	2,063,897	27.9	2,046,396	27.6	1,993,226	27.1
483,493	6.7	479,581	6.5	810,497	10.9	931,618	12.7
269,393	3.8	249,078	3.3	248,029	3.3	242,225	3.3
518,501	7.2	475,482	6.4	402,477	5.4	378,822	5.2
128,769	1.8	119,048	1.6	116,416	1.6	123,135	1.7
93,525	1.4	95,049	1.3	94,030	1.3	103,073	1.4
5,410	0.0	6,726	0.1	4,086	0.1	744	0.0
395,216	5.5	425,050	5.8	286,018	3.9	275,392	3.7
599,395	8.4	513,806	7.0	660,019	8.9	353,945	4.8
568,156	7.9	850,243	11.5	483,468	6.5	609,594	8.3
\$7,172,394	100.0 %	\$7,389,669	100.0 %	\$7,416,649	100.0 %	\$7,345,447	100.0 %
	17.9 <u>%</u>		20.1 %		16.7 %		14.1 %

EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION

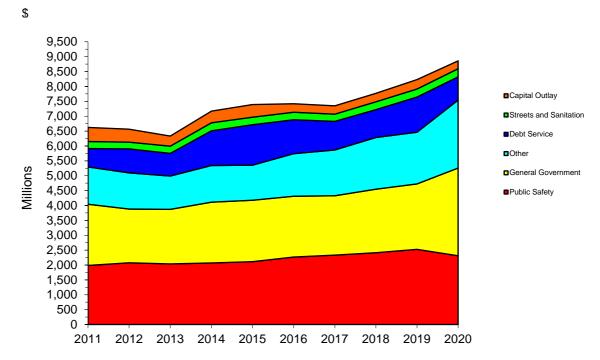


Table 4A
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)
Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

	2011	 2012	2013	 2014
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (764,904)	\$ (749,609)	\$ (750,719)	\$ (1,121,915)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Issuance of Debt,				
including premium/discount	\$ 1,212,326	\$ 758,557	\$ 235,367	\$ 1,021,812
Payment to Refunded Bond				
Escrow Agent	(476,787)	(268,397)	-	(302,862)
Issuance of line of credit	-	-	144,673	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	572,211	178,750	160,322	652,586
Transfers out	(571,210)	(178,750)	(160, 322)	(652,586)
Total other financing sources		 		 _
(uses)	736,540	490,160	380,040	718,950
Net change in fund balances (1)	\$ (28,364)	\$ (259,449)	\$ (370,679)	\$ (402,965)

Note:

(1) Does not include change in inventory

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ (1,173,635)	\$ (472,579)	\$ (347,484)	\$ (245,875)	\$ (378,602)	\$ (663,843)
\$ 1,093,939	\$ 554,638	\$ 1,936,133	\$ 1,402,762	\$ 1,382,434	\$ 1,686,214
239,131 - 229,609 (228,984)	(496,150) 337,140 - 375,790 (373,250)	(971,766) 77,203 15,225 589,738 (587,523)	(1,392,431) 233,627 106,131 1,271,988 (1,269,448)	(600,573) - - 1,272,729 (1,270,189)	(1,532,295) 500,000 - 1,402,253 (1,399,713)
1,333,695 \$ 160,060	398,168 \$ (74,411)	1,059,010 \$ 711,526	352,629 \$ 106,754	784,401 \$ 405,799	656,459 \$ (7,384)

Table 5
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts Are in Thousands of Dollars)
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2011	2012	_	2013	 2014
General Fund Balance: Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund Balance	\$ 24,055 143,549 167,929 335,533	\$ 20,885 177,000 33,417 231,302	\$	24,788 108,424 33,845 167,057	\$ 24,498 65,223 51,557 141,278
Other Governmental Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Other Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 2,317,734 961,246 2,550 (1,761,077) 1,520,453	\$ - 2,332,911 882,127 - (1,852,973) 1,362,065	\$	- 2,262,028 699,073 - (1,901,567) 1,059,534	\$ - 1,829,431 696,067 - (1,843,440) 682,058
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,855,986	\$ 1,593,367	\$	1,226,591	\$ 823,336

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 23,828	\$ 23,730	\$ 25,945	\$ 25,463	\$ 28,272	\$ 31,769
98,377	92,115	106,900	145,000	123,000	131,000
93,027	153,737	155,516	161,864	184,651	196,716
215,232	269,582	288,361	332,327	335,923	359,485
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 769,064	\$ 2,090,686	\$ 2,576,421	\$ 3,456,986
1,878,692	1,755,914	1,903,494	2,011,270	2,560,513	2,587,914
677,821	709,769	790,489	821,523	953,234	980,426
-	-	-	231	242	240
(1,789,019)	(1,827,047)	(2,129,450)	(3,527,807)	(4,289,495)	(5,252,101)
767,494	638,636	1,333,597	1,395,903	1,800,915	1,773,465
\$ 982,726	\$ 908,218	\$ 1,621,958	\$ 1,728,230	\$ 2,136,838	

Table 6
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
Five Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues:					
Utility Tax	\$ 434,409	\$ 438,979	\$ 432,060	\$ 416,660	\$ 391,368
Sales Tax	674,515	500,360	56,986	63,730	58,690
State Income Tax	413,673	388,236	392,449	469,814	487,262
Other Taxes	1,080,423	1,109,348	1,210,136	1,250,247	889,659
Federal/State Grants	1,869	2,514	3,444	1,534	1,431
Other Revenues (1)	1,077,723	1,120,022	1,046,674	1,090,787	1,245,771
Total Revenues	3,682,612	3,559,459	3,141,749	3,292,772	3,074,181
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Safety	2,195,201	2,228,705	2,229,455	2,307,483	2,136,393
General Government	993,682	929,471	1,064,874	1,113,660	1,209,561
Other (2)	263,503	277,643	292,900	310,744	305,880
Debt Service	20,822	19,039	10,224	20,454	16,223
Total Expenditures	3,473,208	3,454,858	3,597,453	3,752,341	3,668,057
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures .	209,404	104,601	(455,704)	(459,569)	(593,876)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Line of Credit	-	-	-	-	450,000
Transfers In	14,998	180,227	627,542	650,880	500,484
Transfers Out	(169,955)	(268,263)	(127,390)	(190,524)	(336,542)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) .	(154,957)	(88,036)	500,152	460,356	613,942
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses	54,447	16,565	44,448	787	20,066
Other I manding 0363	54,447	10,505	44,440	707	20,000
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	215,232	269,582	288,361	332,327	335,923
Change in Inventory	(97)	2,214	(482)	2,809	3,496
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 269,582	\$ 288,361	\$ 332,327	\$ 335,923	\$ 359,485

⁽¹⁾ Includes Internal Service, Licenses and Permits, Fines, Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues.

⁽²⁾ Includes Health, Streets and Sanitation, Transportation, Cultural and Recreational and Other Expenditures.

Table 7
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
Five Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	2016 (3)	2017 (3)	2018 (3)	2019 (3)	2020 (3) (4)
Revenues:					
Property Tax	\$ 747,957	\$ 740,019	\$ 870,534	\$ 802,848	\$ 950,033
Utility Tax	101,260	143,103	243,278	306,493	333,464
Sales Tax (Local)	-	65,013	265,845	264,479	179,964
State Sales Tax	_	86,047	342,624	351,514	295,897
Other Taxes	791,824	767,893	954,439	968,006	1,073,119
Federal/State Grants	743,734	703,251	733,417	642,351	1,111,502
Other Revenues (1)	194,061	300,082	241,934	505,892	430,519
Total Revenues	2,578,836	2,805,408	3,652,071	3,841,583	4,374,498
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Safety	70,012	59,825	151,396	168,586	173,273
General Government	1,052,714	1,062,405	1,067,727	1,087,192	1,739,165
Employee Pensions	810,497	931,618	1,159,227	1,149,157	1,644,464
Other (2)	601,535	570,356	543,735	543,303	603,120
Capital Outlay	47,760	48,174	2,380	50	4,698
Debt Service	9,267	5,265	1,522	1,747	16
Total Expenditures	2,591,785	2,677,643	2,925,987	2,950,035	4,164,736
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(12,949)	127,765	726,084	891,548	209,762
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Issuance of Debt, Net of Original					
Discount/Including Premium	30,746	19,977	-	-	-
Transfers In	123,941	218,333	304,991	346,468	677,975
Transfers Out	(81,412)	(225,102)	(811,924)	(829,965)	(742,717)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	73,275	13,208	(506,933)	(483,497)	(64,742)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Over (Under) Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses	60,326	140,973	219,151	408,051	145,020
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	185,185	245,511	386,484	605,635	1,013,686
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 245,511	\$ 386,484	\$ 605,635	\$ 1,013,686	\$ 1,158,706

- (1) Includes Internal Service, Fines, Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues.
- (2) Includes Health, Streets and Sanitation, Transportation, Cultural and Recreational and Other Expenditures.
- (3) Source: Major and Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds for years ended December 31, 2016-2020.
- (4) Increase in Federal/State grants are due to CARES Act funds and other COVID-19 related grants.

Table 8
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
DEBT SERVICE FUNDS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
Five Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

_	2016 (2)	2	2017 (2)		2018 (2)	2019 (2)			2020 (2)
Revenues:									
Property Tax	\$ 546,106	\$	472,547	\$	530,031	\$	475,243	\$	500,200
Utility Tax	22,323	Ψ	22,327	Ψ	22,324	Ψ	21,476	*	16,423
Sales Tax (Local)	-		50,037		38,651		45,130		49,756
State Sales Tax	39,042		14,713		50,220		60,647		85,651
Other Taxes	33,168		34,464		37,433		35,918		40,316
Other Revenues (1)	23,920		19,276		21,261		32,158		16,764
Total Revenues	664,559		613,364		699,920		670,572		709,110
Expenditures:									
Debt Service	1,113,398		939,235	_	928,292		1,163,054		764,682
Total Expenditures	1,113,398		939,235		928,292	_	1,163,054		764,682
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(448,839)		(325,871)		(228,372)		(492,482)		(55,572)
- The remains a remain and the second and the secon	(110,000)		(0=0,0::)	_	(===,=:=)		(102,102)		(00,0.2)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Issuance of Debt, Net of Original									
Discount/Including Premium	861,032	1	1,319,635		1,402,762		782,972		1,686,214
Line of Credit	-		77,203		233,627		-		50,000
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent .	(496,150)		(971,766)		(1,392,431)		(600,573)		(1,532,295)
Transfers In	223,151		174,050		182,167		264,265		197,167
Transfers Out	(106,838)		(94,153)		(325,946)		(249,700)		(301,774)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	481,195		504,969		100,179		196,964		99,312
Revenues and Other									
Financing Sources									
Over (Under) Expenditures and									
Other Financing Uses	32,356		179,098		(128,193)		(295,518)		43,740
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	329,608		361,964		541,062		412,869		117,351
	Ф 204.004	Φ.	·	<u>_</u>	·	•	·	Φ.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 361,964	3	541,062	<u>\$</u>	412,869	\$	117,351	Ф	161,091

⁽¹⁾ Includes Investment Income and Miscellaneous Revenues.

⁽²⁾ Source: Major (Bond, Note Redemption and Interest and Sales Tax Securitization Corporation) and Nonmajor Debt Service Fund Special Taxing Areas for years ended December 31, 2016-2020.

Table 9
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
Five Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	2016 (2)	2017 (2)	2018 (2)	2019 (2)	2020 (2)
Revenues:					
Other Revenues (1)	\$ 18,063	\$ 19,732	\$ 29,661	\$ 44,178	\$ 37,432
Total Revenues		19,732	29,661	44,178	37,432
- "					
Expenditures:		4.050			
General Government	-	1,350	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	45,143	31,000	49,451	-
Capital Outlay		227,218	286,544	312,826	261,589
Total Expenditures	238,258	273,711	317,544	362,277	261,589
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures .	(220,195)	(253,979)	(287,883)	(318,099)	(224,157)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of Debt, Net of Original					
Discount/Including Premium	-	596,521	-	599,462	-
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-	15,225	106,131	-	-
Transfers In	13,700	17,128	157,288	11,116	26,627
Transfers Out	(15,045)	(5)	(4,188)	-	(18,680)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) .	(1,345)	628,869	259,231	610,578	7,947
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(221,540)	374,890	(28,652)	292,479	(216,210)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	252,701	31,161	406,051	377,399	669,878
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 31,161	\$ 406,051	\$ 377,399	\$ 669,878	\$ 453,668

- (1) Includes Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues.
- (2) Source: Major (Community Development and Improvement Projects) and Nonmajor (Capital Projects Funds) for years ended December 31, 2016-2020.

	2	016 (5)	 2017 (5)	Percent Change	
Note Redemption and Interest (2)	\$	80,359	\$ 80,420	0.08	%
Bond Redemption and Interest		430,584	439,379	2.04	
Policemen's Annuity and Benefit (3)		455,355	490,685	7.76	
Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit (3)		124,706	124,706	-	
Firemen's Annuity and Benefit (3)		194,825	212,622	9.13	
Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees'					
Annuity and Benefit (3)		11,070	 11,070	-	
Total	\$ 1	,296,899	\$ 1,358,882	4.78	

- (1) See Table 11 PROPERTY LEVIES, COLLECTIONS AND ESTIMATED ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE TAXES 2011 2020. Does not include the levy for the School Building and Improvement Fund which is accounted for in an agency fund.
- (2) Includes Corporate, Chicago Public Library Maintenance and Operations, Chicago Public Library Building and Sites and City Relief Funds.
- (3) For information regarding the City's unfunded (assets in excess of) pension benefit obligations under its Pensions Plans, see the individual Pension Plans Financial Statements.
- (4) Estimated; actual was not available from the Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.
- (5) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.

2018 (5)	Percent 2018 (5) Change 2		2019 (5)	Percent Change	2020 (5)	Percent Change
\$ 85,920 455,537 546,622 124,706 223,116	3.68 11.40 -	% \$	100,920 423,745 552,926 178,209 229,420	17.46 % (6.98) 1.15 42.90 2.83	\$ 119,356 434,161 592,661 124,706 257,077	18.27 % 2.46 7.19 (30.02) 12.06
11,070 \$ 1,446,971		<u> </u>	28,882 1,514,102	160.90 4.64	11,070 \$ 1,539,031 (4)	(61.67) 1.65

Table 11
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
PROPERTY LEVIES, COLLECTIONS AND
ESTIMATED ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE TAXES
Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

			Collected \ Fiscal Y				 Total Coll to Da				
Tax Year (1)	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year (2), (3), (5)	-	Amount (6)	Percen- tage of Levy	S	Collections in ubsequent Years (6)	Amount	Percen- tage of Levy	P	Estimated Allowance for ncollectible Taxes	Net utstanding Taxes Receivable
2011	\$ 833,948	\$	800,582	96.00 %	\$	3,271	\$ 803,853	96.39 %	\$	30,095	\$ -
2012	834,636		804,245	96.36		8,524	812,769	97.38		21,867	-
2013	838,254		807,985	96.39		11,077	819,062	97.71		19,192	-
2014	861,416		832,042	96.59		13,779	845,821	98.19		15,595	-
2015	1,186,625		1,156,428	97.46		15,123	1,171,551	98.73		15,074	-
2016	1,296,899		1,271,653	98.05		(6,395)	1,265,258	97.56		31,641	-
2017	1,358,882		1,329,373	97.83		(6,121)	1,323,252	97.38		34,989	641
2018	1,446,971		1,421,812	98.26		9,980	1,431,792	98.95		14,875	304
2019	1,514,102		1,472,881	97.28		-	1,472,881	97.28		39,984	1,237
2020	1,539,031 (4)	-	N/A		-	-	N/A		61,561	1,477,470
Т	otal Net Outstandin	g Tax	kes Receivab	le			 				\$ 1,479,652

- (1) Taxes for each year become due and payable in the following year. For example, taxes for the 2020 tax levy become due and payable in 2021.
- (2) Does not include levy for Special Service Areas and Tax Increment Projects.
- (3) Does not include the levy for the School Building and Improvement Fund which is accounted for in an agency fund.
- (4) Estimate; actual was not available from Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.
- (5) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.
- (6) Source: City of Chicago.

Table 12
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
TOP TEN ESTIMATED EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION (EAV) (1)
Current Year and Nine Years Ago (2)
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Property		2019 EAV	Rank	Percentage of Total EAV		2010 EAV	Rank	Percentage of Total EAV
Willis Tower (4)	\$	508,113	1	0.57 %	\$	495,000	1	0.60 %
One Prudential Plaza	·	285,768	2	0.33	•	305,026	3	0.37
Blue Cross Blue Shield Tower (5)		284,469	3	0.32		•		
400 West Lake St		279,379	4	0.32				
AON Building (3)		261,081	5	0.30		335,455	2	0.41
222 Merchandise Mart		236,312	6	0.27				
300 N LaSalle		234,831	7	0.27				
320 N Wells		234,798	8	0.27				
Franklin Center (6)		234,424	9	0.27		209,722	9	0.26
Water Tower Place		231,664	10	0.26		231,000	5	0.28
Equity Office						241,580	4	0.29
Chase Plaza						226,875	6	0.28
Three First National Plaza						226,222	7	0.28
Citadel Center						210,504	8	0.26
One North Wacker Dr						207,128	10	0.25
Totals	\$	2,790,839		3.18 %	\$	2,688,512		3.28 %

- (1) Source: Cook County Treasurer's Office, Cook County Assessor's Office.
- (2) 2020 information not available at time of publication.
- (3) AON Building formerly known as AMOCO Building.
- (4) Willis Tower formerly known as Sears Tower.
- (5) Blue Cross Blue Shield formerly known as Health Care Service Corporation Blue Cross.
- (6) Franklin Center formerly known as AT&T Corporate Center 1.

Table 13
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED FAIR MARKET VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY
Last Ten Years
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Assessed Values (1)										
Tax											
Year	Class 2 (2)	Class 3 (3)	Class 5 (4)	Other (5)	Total						
2010	\$ 18,074,177	\$ 1,416,863	\$ 10,467,682	\$ 606,941	\$ 30,565,663						
2011	17,932,671	1,116,175	10,456,103	588,672	30,093,621						
2012	15,529,678	1,208,620	10,233,051	498,310	27,469,659						
2013	15,410,659	1,236,401	10,172,186	494,714	27,313,960						
2014	15,390,835	1,298,776	10,124,569	512,390	27,326,570						
2015	17,296,324	1,532,714	11,269,605	592,903	30,691,546						
2016	17,191,167	1,598,117	11,369,258	603,849	30,762,391						
2017	17,196,902	1,905,033	11,370,329	497,856	30,970,120						
2018	19,759,176	2,329,709	13,321,105	626,756	36,036,746						
2019	19,705,845	2,552,750	13,908,306	666,850	36,833,751						

- (1) Source: Cook County Assessor's Office. Excludes portion of City in DuPage County.
- (2) Residential, 6 units and under.
- (3) Residential, 7 units and over and mixed use.
- (4) Industrial/Commercial.
- (5) Vacant, not-for-profit and industrial/commercial incentive classes. Includes railroad and farm property.
- (6) Source: Illinois Department of Revenue.
- (7) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office. Excludes portion of City in DuPage County and net of exemptions. Calculations also include assessment of pollution control facilities.
- (8) Source: The Civic Federation. Excludes railroad property and portion of City in DuPage County.

State Equalization Factor (6)	 Total Equalized Assessed Value (7)		Total Direct Tax Rate		otal Estimated Fair Market Value (8)	Ratio of Total Equalized Assessed to Total Estimated Fair Market Value		
3.3000	\$ 82,087,170		1.020	\$	231,986,397	35.38 %		
2.9706	75,122,914		1.110		222,856,064	33.71		
2.8056	65,250,387		1.279		206,915,723	31.53		
2.6621	62,363,876		1.344		236,695,475	26.35		
2.7253	64,908,057		1.327		255,639,792	25.39		
2.6685	70,963,289		1.672		278,027,604	25.52		
2.8032	74,016,506		1.752		293,121,793	25.25		
2.9627	76,765,303		1.770		306,074,351	25.08		
2.9109	86,326,179		1.676		323,128,275	26.72		
2.9160	87,816,177		1.724		(N/A)	(N/A)		

EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUE

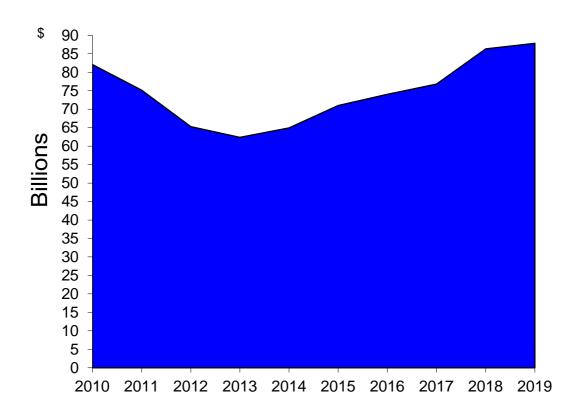


Table 14
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS
Per \$100 OF EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION
Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Bu ax Imp			Chicago School Building and Board Improvement of Fund Education			 Community College District No. 508	Community Chicago Park District		
2010	\$	1.016	\$	0.116	\$	2.581	\$ 0.151	\$	0.319	
2011		1.110		0.119		2.875	0.165		0.346	
2012		1.279		0.146		3.422	0.190		0.395	
2013		1.344		0.152		3.671	0.199		0.420	
2014		1.327		0.146		3.660	0.193		0.415	
2015		1.672		0.134		3.455	0.177		0.382	
2016		1.752		0.128		3.726	0.169		0.368	
2017		1.770		0.124		3.890	0.164		0.358	
2018		1.676		0.136		3.552	0.147		0.330	
2019	(1)	1.724		0.169		3.620	0.149		0.326	

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office

NOTE

(1) 2020 information not available from the Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.

Table 15
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
PROPERTY TAX RATES - CITY OF CHICAGO
Per \$100 OF EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION
Last Ten Years
(Amounts for Tax Extension are in Thousands of Dollars)

				Ch	icago Public			
		В	ond, Note	Li	brary Bond,	P	olicemen's	
Tax	Total City Tax	Re	edemption	Note	e Redemption	Annuity and Benefit		
Year	Extension (2)	ar	nd Interest	a	nd Interest			
2010	\$ 834,089	\$	0.494109	\$	0.094665	\$	0.170734	
2011	833,948	·	0.542475	•	0.103443	·	0.191381	
2012	834,636		0.623916		0.119254		0.220459	
2013	838,254		0.653302		0.125978		0.221494	
2014	861,416		0.659187		0.125228		0.210554	
2015	1,186,625		0.602426		0.115391		0.510054	
2016	1,296,899		0.575897		0.114343		0.615146	
2017	1,358,882		0.566811		0.110249		0.639138	
2018	1,446,971		0.522731		0.104429		0.633142	
2019	(1) 1,514,102		0.482489		0.114910		0.629577	

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office

- (1) 2020 information not available from the Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.
- (2) Does not include the levy for the School Building and Improvement Fund which is accounted for in an agency fund.

Metropolitan Water Reclamation District		<u>C</u>	Forest Preserve District of Cook County	 Cook County	Total		
\$	0.274	\$	0.051	\$ 0.423	\$	4.931	
	0.320		0.058	0.462		5.455	
	0.370		0.063	0.531		6.396	
	0.417		0.069	0.560		6.832	
	0.430		0.069	0.568		6.808	
	0.426		0.069	0.552		6.867	
	0.406		0.063	0.533		7.145	
	0.402		0.062	0.496		7.266	
	0.396		0.060	0.489		6.786	
	0.389		0.059	0.454		6.890	

Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit		Firemen's nnuity and Benefit	Retii E	borers' and rement Board imployees' nnuity and Benefit	Total		
\$	0.161435 0.169036 0.197892 0.195713 0.189848 0.175716 0.168467 0.162434	\$ 0.078352 0.088014 0.100313 0.130700 0.125339 0.252815 0.263192 0.276949	\$	0.016705 0.015651 0.017166 0.016813 0.016844 0.015598 0.014955 0.014419	\$	1.016 1.110 1.279 1.344 1.327 1.672 1.752 1.770	
	0.144445 0.202914	0.258431 0.261224		0.012822 0.032886		1.676 1.724	

Table 16
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RATIO OF GENERAL NET BONDED DEBT TO EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUE
AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA
Last Ten Years
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

Tax Year	Population (1)	 Equalized Assessed Value (2)	G. O. Bonds	General Certificates Other Obligation G. O. Debt and Other			Unamortized Premiums (3)		
2011	2,695,598	\$ 75,122,914	\$ 6,997,975	\$	198,132	\$	554,015	\$	-
2012	2,695,598	65,250,387	7,244,917		166,460		528,305		-
2013	2,695,598	62,363,876	7,159,396		270,188		501,490		-
2014	2,695,598	64,908,057	7,798,956		-		473,290		129,002
2015	2,695,598	70,963,289	8,562,720		239,131		434,525		87,809
2016	2,695,598	74,016,506	8,551,473		124,263		392,440		91,787
2017	2,695,598	76,765,303	9,197,357		77,203		335,065		51,707
2018	2,695,598	86,326,179	7,689,895		233,627		211,735		21,546
2019	2,695,598	87,816,177	7,624,226		-		163,514		67,360
2020 (7)	2,695,598	N/A (6)	6,603,758		500,000		103,362		121,967

- (1) Source: U.S. Census Bureau.
- (2) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.
- (3) Beginning in 2014, the City will present Unamortized Premiums and Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest amounts applicable to General Obligation Bonds only and Other General Obligation Debt.
- (4) Gross Bonded Debt includes bonds, and notes obligations that are noncurrent.
- (5) Amounts are in dollars.
- (6) N/A means not available at time of publication.
- (7) The balance outstanding at December 31, 2020 listed above for each bond series excluded amounts payable January 1, 2021, if applicable.

Accreted Interest (3)		Total Gross -Net of Premiums & Accretions- Bonded Debt (4)		Less Reserve for Debt Service		Net Bonded Debt		Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Equalized Assessed Value			Net Bonded Debt Per Capita (5)	
\$	-	\$	7,750,122	\$	249,355	\$	7,500,767		9.98	%	\$	2,782.60
	-		7,939,682		105,582		7,834,100		12.01			2,906.26
	-		7,931,074		16,298		7,914,776		12.69			2,936.19
	290,179		8,691,427		99,725		8,591,702		13.24			3,187.31
	297,645		9,621,830		232,442		9,389,388		13.23			3,483.23
	307,236		9,467,199		285,375		9,181,824		12.41			3,406.23
	315,863		9,977,195		249,110		9,728,085		12.67			3,608.88
	323,485		8,480,288		112,820		8,367,468		9.69			3,104.12
	307,238		8,162,338		208,401		7,953,937		9.06			2,950.71
	310,316		7,639,403		590,879		7,048,524		N/A (6)			2,614.83

Table 17
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT
TO TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES
Last Ten Years (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Year Ended December 31, Principal (2)			Interest and Other Financing harges (3)	De	General Obligation obt Service penditures	_	overnmental xpenditures	Ratio of Debt Service Expenditures to Governmental Expenditures (1)	
2011	\$	129,303	\$	369,880	\$	499,183	\$	6,621,207	7.5 %
2012		305,879		475,906		781,785		6,563,846	11.9
2013		218,918		399,794		618,712		6,333,175	9.8
2014		446,749		442,705		889,454		7,172,394	12.4
2015		326,556		501,721		828,277		7,389,669	11.2
2016		574,949		424,489		999,438		7,416,649	13.5
2017		276,565		564,748		841,313		7,345,447	11.5
2018		201,695		520,565		722,260		7,769,276	9.3
2019		537,767		465,723		1,003,490		8,227,707	12.2
2020		128,933	(4)	424,250		553,183		8,859,064	6.2

- (1) The City issued bonds backed by a property tax levy on behalf of Community College District No. 508. The annual debt service related to the bonds was (in thousands) \$35,170 since 2008.
- (2) This includes G. O. Bonds, G. O. Notes, G. O. Certificates, G. O. Commercial Paper (CP), G. O. Line of Credit, (LOC), Other G. O. Debt, and City Colleges of Chicago Bonds. No principal payments for LOC in 2020.
- (3) For FY 2020, interest payments exclude Michael Reese Loan.
- (4) For FY 2020, principal payments decreased compared to 2019 due to the payment of an LOC in the amount of \$233.6 million in 2019 and the issuance of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020A and the Sales Tax Securitization Corporation, Series 2020AB bonds in 2020, proceeds of which were used to refund outstanding General Obligation bonds.

Table 18
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT
December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	City of Chicago Direct Debt (10)	Net Direct Long-term Debt (1)	Percentage of Overlapping Bonded Debt (2)	Net Debt Applicable
City of Chicago G. O. Bonds and Other G. O. Debt (3) Board of Education (4) Chicago Park District (5) City Colleges of Chicago (6) Cook County (7) Cook County Forest Preserve District (8) Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago (9)	\$ 7,093,076	* \$ 7,093,076 7,958,874 835,715 309,378 2,663,662 138,880 2,694,934	* 100.00 % 100.00 100.00 100.00 51.01 52.61	\$ 7,093,076 7,958,874 835,715 309,378 1,358,815 73,065
Total Overlapping Debt Net Direct and Overlapping Long-term Debt		14,601,443 \$ 21,694,519		\$ 19,071,483

^{*} The balance outstanding at December 31, 2020 listed above for each bond series excluded amounts payable January 1, 2021, if applicable.

- (1) Table 18 includes the governmental entities that operate as separate, independent units of government and have the authority to issue bonds and levy taxes on real property within the City of Chicago. The net direct longterm debt amount provided by each entity is comprised solely of the tax-levy supported obligations. Table 18 does not include non-property tax levy backed debt issued by the listed entities.
- (2) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office
- (3) Source: City of Chicago
- (4) Source: Board of Education
- (5) Source: Chicago Park District
- (6) Source: City Colleges of Chicago
- (7) Source: Cook County
- (8) Source: Cook County Forest Preserve District
- (9) Source: Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago
- (10) Total amount of non-property tax supported G. O. Debt of \$546.3 million is not included in this calculation. See Note 10 for additional information in Long-term Obligations.

Table 19
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
DEBT STATISTICS
Last Ten Years
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

	2011	2012 2013	2014
Direct Debt Overlapping Debt	\$ 7,628,222 9,877,084	\$ 7,939,682 \$ 7,670,298 10,384,421 10,338,490	\$ 8,339,626 10,113,429
Total Debt	\$ 17,505,306	<u>\$ 18,324,103</u> <u>\$ 18,008,788</u>	\$ 18,453,055
Equalized Assessed Valuation (1) Direct Debt Burden (2) Total Debt Burden (2)	\$ 75,122,914 9.29% 21.33%	\$ 65,250,387	\$ 64,908,057 13.37% 29.59%
Estimated Fair Market Value (FMV) (5) % of Direct Debt to FMV % of Total Direct Debt to FMV	\$ 222,856,064 3.42% 7.85%	\$ 206,915,723	\$ 255,639,792 3.26% 7.22%
Population (3) Direct Debt Per Capita (4) Total Debt Per Capita (4)	2,695,598 \$ 2,829.88 \$ 6,494.03	2,695,598 2,695,598 \$ 2,945.43 \$ 2,845.49 \$ 6,797.79 \$ 6,680.81	2,695,598 \$ 3,093.79 \$ 6,845.63

- (1) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office. Excludes portion of City in DuPage County and exemptions.
- (2) Due to the one-year lag in the Equalized Assessed Valuation, debt burden measures are computed utilizing the prior year's Equalized Assessed Valuation. In 2011, calculations were based on the 2010 Equalized Assessed Valuation of \$82,087,170.
- (3) Source: The Civic Federation.
- (4) Source: U.S. Census Bureau.
- (5) Amounts are in dollars.
- (6) N/A means not available at time of publication.

	2015	2016		2016		2016		2017		2018 2019		2020	
\$	9,041,892 10,397,181	\$	8,943,914 11,232,989	\$	9,609,625 12,407,225	\$	8,135,257 12,550,144	\$	8,162,338 12,430,777	\$	7,093,076 11,978,407		
\$	19,439,073	<u>\$</u>	20,176,903	\$	22,016,850	<u>\$</u>	20,685,401	\$	20,593,115	\$	19,071,483		
\$	70,963,289 13.93% 29.95%	\$	74,016,506 12.60% 28.43%	\$	76,765,303 12.98% 29.75%	\$	86,326,179 10.60% 26.95%	\$	87,816,177 9.46% 23.86%	\$	N/A (5) (6) 8.08% 21.72%		
\$	278,027,604 3.25% 6.99%	\$	293,121,793 3.05% 6.88%	\$	306,074,351 3.14% 7.19%	\$	323,128,275 2.52% 6.40%	\$	N/A (5) (6) N/A (5) (6) N/A (5) (6)	\$	N/A (5) (6) N/A (5) (6) N/A (5) (6)		
\$ \$	2,695,598 3,354.32 7,211.41	\$ \$	2,695,598 3,317.97 7,485.13	\$ \$	2,695,598 3,564.93 8,167.71	\$ \$	2,695,598 3,017.98 7,673.77	\$ \$	2,695,598 3,028.02 7,639.53	\$ \$	2,695,598 2,631.36 7,075.05		

Table 20
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
REVENUE BOND COVERAGE
Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

	Proprietary Funds										
	Gross	Operating	Other Available	Net Revenue Available for Debt	Debt S						
Year	Revenues (1)	Expense (2)	Funds (3) Service		Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage			
2011	. \$ 1,767,722	\$ 937,233	\$ 61,202	\$ 891,691	\$ 166,825	\$ 306,916	\$ 473,741	1.88			
2012	. 1,935,020	967,517	83,050	1,050,553	209,298	479,277	688,575	1.53			
2013	. 2,020,371	969,551	211,531	1,262,351	277,225	494,226	771,451	1.64			
2014 *	. 2,306,308	1,042,605	280,251	1,543,954	290,340	569,475	859,815	1.80			
2015 *	. 2,391,485	1,054,949	344,579	1,681,115	336,960	570,523	907,483	1.85			
2016 *	. 2,531,472	1,112,868	555,170	1,973,774	417,727	579,779	997,506	1.98			
2017 *	. 2,622,659	1,215,210	649,204	2,056,653	455,434	610,727	1,066,161	1.93			
2018 *	. 2,737,216	1,274,961	673,284	2,135,539	479,051	611,825	1,090,876	1.96			
2019 *	. 2,929,340	1,461,421	679,799	2,147,718	489,160	642,581	1,131,741	1.90			
2020 *	. 2,951,293	1,465,730	687,415	2,172,978	413,396	637,645	1,051,041	2.07			

^{*} Beginning in 2014, revenues are net of provision for doubtful accounts.

889,645

654,449

2020

.....

Year	Gross Revenues (1)			perating pense (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Debt (4)		Debt Service Requirements Principal Interest Total						Coverage
	rtoverides (1)		<u> </u>				· molpai		11101001		10101		Coverage
2011	 \$	544,415	\$	266,916	\$	277,499	\$	44,290	\$	31,796	\$	76,086	3.65
2012		487,495		361,783		125,712		43,025		29,136		72,161	1.74
2013		427,287		334,414		92,873		51,194		27,721		78,915	1.18
2014		410,018		567,079		(157,061)		69,912		30,963		100,875	(1.56)
2015		366,264		349,066		17,198		37,070		24,089		61,159	0.28
2016		493,399		376,482		116,917		58,090		18,561		76,651	1.53
2017		514,992		437,313		77,679		60,825		16,161		76,986	1.01
2018		684,101		444,928		239,173		129,060		13,639		142,699	1.68
2019		761,108		451,212		309,896		38,735		7,642		46,377	6.68

235,196

50,225

5,737

55,962

4.20

Tax Increment Financing Funds

		Motor	Fuel	Tax Funds	3				
	1	t Revenue Available		Debt \$	Servi	ce Require	emen	ts	
Year	for Debt Service (4)			incipal	Interest		Total		Coverage
2011	 \$	52,567	\$	5,550	\$	9,996	\$	15,546	3.38
2012		53,421		5,850		9,840		15,690	3.40
2013		52,405		6,165		9,453		15,618	3.36
2014		53,772		5,915		6,642		12,557	4.28
2015		49,048		5,045		9,356		14,401	3.41
2016		51,626		4,085		10,207		14,292	3.61
2017		51,581		4,295		10,805		15,100	3.42
2018		51,557		4,515		10,895		15,410	3.35
2019		68,226		4,972		10,655		15,627	4.37
2020		73,134		5,037		7,363		12,400	5.90

- (1) Total revenues include nonoperating revenues except for grants.
- (2) Total operating expenses excluding depreciation and amortization.
- (3) Other Available Funds is calculated only for the Water and Sewer funds, and is calculated as net current unrestricted assets as of December 31 of the prior year.
- (4) Net Revenue Available for Debt Service will not tie to the revenues from Exhibit 4 since not all revenue is available for debt service.

Table 21
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

Governmental Funds

<u>Year</u>	Net General Obligation Debt (4)(5)	A B	Increment Ilocation onds and Notes (5)	S	Motor Fuel Revenue and Sales Tax ecuritization poration (4)(5)	Puro	illment chase ement	Capital Leases	Water Revenue Bonds (5)	Chicago O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge evenue Bonds (5)	lr	Chicago O'Hare nternational Airport Other Debt
2011	\$ 7,750,122	\$	125,201	\$	770,312	\$	-	\$ 166,787	\$ 1,677,851	\$ -	\$	-
2012	7,939,682		106,241		753,162		-	163,012	1,988,655	-		-
2013	7,931,074		80,127		735,122		-	171,673	1,954,020	248,750		-
2014	8,272,246		69,995		725,395		-	116,858	2,381,770	248,750		-
2015	9,236,376		60,660		735,882		-	-	2,391,395	248,750		-
2016	9,068,176		33,520		748,748		-	-	2,468,397	248,750		12,098
2017	9,609,625		27,925		993,664		-	-	2,401,005	248,750		274,140
2018	8,135,257		19,945		2,281,849		-	-	2,457,341	244,025		258,150
2019	8,162,338		16,559		3,005,473		-	-	2,664,072	240,277		278,756
2020	7,639,403		12,202		4,047,210		-	-	2,557,709	234,991		278,756

- (1) See Table 13 for Estimated Fair Market Value.
- (2) Amounts in Dollars.
- (3) 2020 information not available at time of publication.
- (4) The balance outstanding at December 31, 2020 listed above for each bond series excluded amounts payable January 1, 2021, if applicable.
- (5) Beginning in 2019, the City will include applicable Unamortized Premiums/Discounts and Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest.

Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds

		(Chicago									
			O'Hare							Ratio of		
	Chicago	Int	ernational		Chicago					Bonded		
O'Hare		Airport			Midway	\	Wastewater		Debt to			
International		Р	assenger		Airport	Transmission			Total	Estimated		
Airport F		Fac	ility Charge		Revenue	Revenue			Primary	Fair Market		Per
Revenue Bonds (5)		Revenue Bonds (5)		Bonds (5)		Bonds (5)			Government	Value (1)		Capita (2)
\$	6,481,960	\$	797,769	\$	1,439,185	\$	1,084,224	\$	20,293,411	8.75 %	\$	7,528.35
	6,270,770		750,706		1,383,215		1,334,918		20,690,361	9.28		7,675.61
	6,563,780		683,780		1,470,343		1,333,984		21,172,653	10.23		7,854.53
	6,406,710		682,271		1,506,325		1,602,175		22,012,495	9.30		8,166.09
	6,586,490		631,245		1,506,325		1,686,178		23,083,301	9.03		8,563.33
	6,404,030		595,630		1,781,605		1,692,820		23,053,774	8.29		8,552.38
	7,564,355		558,635		1,755,835		1,861,381		25,295,315	8.63		9,383.93
	9,296,015		519,790		1,713,485		1,893,561		26,819,418	8.76		9,949.34
	9,572,408		515,994		1,773,987		2,067,613		28,297,477	8.76		10,497.66
9,302,754 413,654 1,737,387			2,115,851		28,339,917	N/A (3)		10,513.41				

Table 22
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS FOR GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (1)
December 31, 2020

Year			Motor I	Fuel Tax	Sales Tax S	Sales Tax Securitization				
Ended	General Oblig	gation Debt (2)	Revenu	ie Bonds	Corporation R	evenue Bonds				
Dec. 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
	_									
2021	\$ 91,270,604	\$ 405,135,743	\$ 5,427,067	\$ 7,097,880	\$ 47,685,000	\$ 157,281,881				
2022	222,914,764	407,782,225	5,831,524	6,835,412	79,165,000	155,207,456				
2023	215,150,683	397,972,856	6,275,655	6,551,115	109,985,000	152,374,587				
2024	212,643,192	388,078,804	6,734,134	6,260,538	113,600,000	148,761,831				
2025	217,420,971	378,578,763	7,231,961	5,937,289	118,135,000	144,227,132				
2026	235,538,163	368,617,748	7,749,462	5,597,016	123,645,000	138,715,292				
2027	247,278,720	351,053,326	8,301,311	5,230,448	129,435,000	132,925,432				
2028	252,889,806	345,478,822	8,882,833	4,852,655	135,510,000	126,846,557				
2029	279,407,515	330,577,217	9,406,638	4,437,737	141,895,000	120,465,781				
2030	277,129,520	319,543,816	10,061,857	4,003,755	146,455,000	113,676,730				
2031	317,170,596	303,444,545	10,751,423	3,538,107	124,930,000	108,140,234				
2032	384,883,762	269,436,199	11,480,337	3,054,279	125,795,000	103,093,155				
2033	385,161,194	247,368,896	3,463,273	2,528,496	140,255,000	97,962,167				
2034	371,390,377	225,320,355	3,840,557	2,413,169	139,725,000	92,358,522				
2035	487,553,607	203,208,524	4,246,863	2,282,131	137,875,000	86,683,431				
2036	525,804,559	175,259,524	4,672,517	2,146,811	141,740,000	80,206,040				
2037	362,274,925	144,157,064	5,136,867	1,988,263	148,840,000	73,723,864				
2038	256,744,380	122,615,073	3,569,687	1,817,206	135,975,000	67,344,563				
2039	268,820,000	77,699,638	3,937,297	1,695,996	171,655,000	61,419,839				
2040	255,232,000	61,868,963	4,324,255	1,569,382	178,900,000	54,175,074				
2041	269,786,000	47,310,037	4,749,909	1,423,225	152,800,000	46,883,048				
2042	149,070,000	31,915,479	5,194,910	1,265,054	159,255,000	40,424,343				
2043	157,530,000	23,462,354	5,369,041	1,090,559	137,000,000	33,685,741				
2044	47,310,000	14,523,025	5,862,413	914,532	143,150,000	27,534,919				
2045	49,915,000	11,920,975	6,394,480	718,056	149,585,000	21,104,263				
2046	52,660,000	9,175,650	6,955,569	505,119	156,305,000	14,380,662				
2047	55,555,000	6,279,350	8,213,182	273,122	163,335,000	7,351,008				
2048	58,615,000	3,223,825	-	-	-	-				
-	\$ 6,707,120,338	\$ 5,671,008,796	\$ 174,065,022	\$ 86,027,352	\$ 3,652,630,000	\$ 2,406,953,552				

⁽¹⁾ The amounts listed above for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year. Bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2021, have been excluded from this schedule because funds for their payment have been provided in the debt service funds.

⁽²⁾ Amounts above exclude the Line of Credit as the timing of payments is not certain.

	Service Ar	ea	Bonds		Tot	als		Ended		
	Principal	_	Interest		Principal		Interest	Decemb	er 31,	
\$	4,375,000	\$	493,625	\$	148,757,671	\$	570,009,129		2021	
Ψ	7,685,000	Ψ	192,125	Ψ	315,596,288	Ψ	570,017,218		2022	
	-		-		331,411,338		556,898,558		2023	
	_		_		332,977,326		543,101,173		2024	
	_		_		342,787,932		528,743,184		202	
	_		_		366,932,625		512,930,056		2020	
	_		_		385,015,031		489,209,206		202	
	_		_		397,282,639		477,178,034		2028	
	_		_		430,709,153		455,480,735		2029	
	_		_		433,646,377		437,224,301		203	
			_		452,852,019		415,122,886		203	
			_		522,159,099		375,583,633		203	
			_		528,879,467		347,859,559		203	
			_		514,955,934		320,092,046		203	
	_		_		629,675,470		292,174,086		203	
			_		672,217,076		257,612,375		203	
			_		516,251,792		219,869,191		203	
			_		396,289,067		191,776,842		203	
	_		_		444,412,297		140,815,473		203	
	_		_		438,456,255		117,613,419		204	
	_		_		427,335,909		95,616,310		204	
	_		_		313,519,910		73,604,876		204	
	_		_		299,899,041		58,238,654		204	
	_		_		196,322,413		42,972,476		204	
	_		_		205,894,480		33,743,294		204	
	_		_		215,920,569		24,061,431		204	
	_		_		227,103,182		13,903,480		204	
	-		- -		58,615,000		3,223,825		204	
		_				_			_0 !	
\$	12,060,000	\$	685.750	\$ 1	10,545,875,360	\$ 8	8,164,675,450			

Table 23
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT (1)
December 31, 2020

Year Ended	General Obl	igation Bonds	Alternative Rev	renue Bonds (2)		al Obligation
Dec. 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 55,574,240	\$ 399,141,357	\$ 22,460,000	\$ 4,468,206	\$ 13,236,364	\$ 1,526,180
2022	175,893,400	403,430,273	33,785,000	3,295,662	13,236,364	1,056,290
2023	195,619,319	395,824,461	6,295,000	1,561,998	13,236,364	586,397
2024	195,495,012	386,696,860	10,530,000	1,265,114	6,618,180	116,830
2025	211,600,971	377,842,863	5,820,000	735,900	-	-
2026	229,298,163	368,175,361	6,240,000	442,387	-	-
2027	246,603,720	350,933,172	675,000	120,154	-	-
2028	252,174,806	345,394,875	715,000	83,947	-	-
2029	278,557,515	330,531,623	850,000	45,594	-	-
2030	277,129,520	319,543,816	-	-	-	-
2031	317,170,596	303,444,545	-	-	-	-
2032	384,883,762	269,436,199	-	-	-	-
2033	385,161,194	247,368,896	-	-	-	-
2034	371,390,377	225,320,355	-	-	-	-
2035	487,553,607	203,208,524	-	-	-	-
2036	525,804,559	175,259,524	-	-	-	-
2037	362,274,925	144,157,064	-	-	-	-
2038	256,744,380	122,615,073	-	-	-	-
2039	268,820,000	77,699,638	-	-	-	-
2040	255,232,000	61,868,963	-	-	-	-
2041	269,786,000	47,310,037	-	-	-	-
2042	149,070,000	31,915,479	-	-	-	-
2043	157,530,000	23,462,354	-	-	-	-
2044	47,310,000	14,523,025	-	-	-	-
2045	49,915,000	11,920,975	-	-	-	-
2046	52,660,000	9,175,650	-	-	-	-
2047	55,555,000	6,279,350	-	-	-	-
2048	58,615,000	3,223,825	-	-	-	-
	\$ 6,573,423,066	\$ 5,655,704,137	\$ 87,370,000	\$ 12,018,962	\$ 46,327,272	\$ 3,285,697

⁽¹⁾ The amounts listed above for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year. Bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2021, have been excluded from this schedule because funds for their payment have been provided in the debt service funds.

⁽²⁾ Alternative Revenue Bonds include General Obligation Bonds (Emergency Telephone System) Series 1999, and General Obligation Bonds (Modern Schools Across Chicago Program) Series 2007G/K and 2010A/B.

⁽³⁾ Amounts above exclude the Line of Credit as the timing of payments is not certain.

				Yea	r		
 To	tals			Ended			
Principal		Interest	Total	Decembe	er 31,		
\$ 91,270,604	\$	405,135,743	\$ 496,406,347		2021		
222,914,764		407,782,225	630,696,989		2022		
215,150,683		397,972,856	613,123,539		2023		
212,643,192		388,078,804	600,721,996		2024		
217,420,971		378,578,763	595,999,734		2025		
235,538,163		368,617,748	604,155,911		2026		
247,278,720		351,053,326	598,332,046		2027		
252,889,806		345,478,822	598,368,628		2028		
279,407,515		330,577,217	609,984,732		2029		
277,129,520		319,543,816	596,673,336		2030		
317,170,596		303,444,545	620,615,141		2031		
384,883,762		269,436,199	654,319,961		2032		
385,161,194		247,368,896	632,530,090		2033		
371,390,377		225,320,355	596,710,732		2034		
487,553,607		203,208,524	690,762,131		2035		
525,804,559		175,259,524	701,064,083		2036		
362,274,925		144,157,064	506,431,989		2037		
256,744,380		122,615,073	379,359,453		2038		
268,820,000		77,699,638	346,519,638		2039		
255,232,000		61,868,963	317,100,963		2040		
269,786,000		47,310,037	317,096,037		2041		
149,070,000		31,915,479	180,985,479		2042		
157,530,000		23,462,354	180,992,354		2043		
47,310,000		14,523,025	61,833,025		2044		
49,915,000		11,920,975	61,835,975		2045		
52,660,000		9,175,650	61,835,650		2046		
55,555,000		6,279,350	61,834,350		2047		
58,615,000		3,223,825	61,838,825		2048		
\$ 6,707,120,338	\$ 5	5,671,008,796	\$ 12,378,129,134				

Table 24
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS FOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS (1)
December 31, 2020

Year Ended		Water Revenue Bonds				Wastewater Revenu		
December 31,	-	Principal	0 00	Interest	_	Principal	0 0	Interest
December 51,		Πησιραί		Intorost	_	Tillopai		morost
2021	\$	104,492,149	\$	109,245,979	\$, ,	\$	95,347,697
2022		108,757,259		104,884,769		70,810,622		93,319,031
2023		112,642,229		100,299,930		73,365,634		90,809,537
2024		117,714,330		95,473,891		76,023,288		88,191,136
2025		127,036,078		90,559,123		89,149,122		75,166,648
2026		132,976,346		85,009,491		73,755,941		90,475,725
2027		138,963,394		79,051,761		76,229,436		88,005,198
2028		132,530,544		72,743,628		78,759,470		85,384,008
2029		137,892,992		66,904,275		86,468,840		62,491,371
2030		139,575,936		60,789,052		90,176,289		58,675,321
2031		111,359,580		54,637,707		93,509,021		54,631,818
2032		104,155,945		49,764,738		97,284,707		50,343,679
2033		107,673,203		45,286,726		99,751,828		45,850,271
2034		111,796,930		40,656,833		103,577,005		41,165,402
2035		110,663,360		35,846,150		107,007,011		36,268,464
2036		110,495,938		30,937,413		106,433,649		31,108,177
2037		105,020,679		25,943,795		99,990,319		25,968,393
2038		98,930,426		21,090,110		102,155,323		20,852,555
2039		81,566,787		15,986,920		89,571,651		15,825,342
2040		81,035,000		11,415,897		69,266,835		11,471,172
2041		43,530,000		6,674,750		38,275,000		8,599,863
2042		45,705,000		4,498,250		40,180,000		6,672,269
2043		21,590,000		2,213,000		24,685,000		5,067,325
2044		22,670,000		1,133,500		25,945,000		3,801,575
2045		-		-		7,720,000		2,959,950
2046		-		-		8,105,000		2,564,325
2047		-		-		8,510,000		2,148,950
2048		-		-		8,935,000		1,757,500
2049		-		-		9,295,000		1,392,900
2050		-		-		9,665,000		1,013,700
2051		-		-		10,055,000		619,300
2052		-		-		10,455,000		209,100
2053		-		-		-		-
2054		-		-		-		-
	\$	2,408,774,105	\$	1,211,047,688	\$	1,953,134,408	\$	1,198,157,702

¹⁾ For variable rate debt, interest has been calculated at the rate in effect or effective rate of a Swap Agreement, if applicable, as of December 31, 2020. Amounts above exclude Commercial Paper and Line of Credit issues as the timing of payments is not certain.

	Chicago-O'Hare International										
	Airport and Ch	nica	go Midway							Yea	r
	International A	٩irp	ort Bonds		Tot	als				Ende	ed
	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Total	Decembe	er 31,
•		•		•	404 000 500	•		•			
\$	248,545,000	\$	512,835,476	\$	421,060,566	\$	717,429,152	\$	1,138,489,718		2021
	159,965,000		514,125,906		339,532,881		712,329,706		1,051,862,587		2022
	326,062,461		502,918,455		512,070,324		694,027,922		1,206,098,246		2023
	368,763,964		487,271,937		562,501,582		670,936,964		1,233,438,546		2024
	385,370,466		470,030,246		601,555,666		635,756,017		1,237,311,683		2025
	397,717,720		451,969,002		604,450,007		627,454,218		1,231,904,225		2026
	415,944,974		433,066,601		631,137,804		600,123,560		1,231,261,364		2027
	424,022,228		413,360,588		635,312,242		571,488,224		1,206,800,466		2028
	418,014,482		393,402,986		642,376,314		522,798,632		1,165,174,946		2029
	438,581,736		372,956,032		668,333,961		492,420,405		1,160,754,366		2030
	458,556,865		351,380,009		663,425,466		460,649,534		1,124,075,000		2031
	475,961,995		328,955,165		677,402,647		429,063,582		1,106,466,229		2032
	461,987,124		306,329,322		669,412,155		397,466,319		1,066,878,474		2033
	518,685,129		282,431,014		734,059,064		364,253,249		1,098,312,313		2034
	559,505,259		256,777,591		777,175,630		328,892,205		1,106,067,835		2035
	372,498,264		235,308,949		589,427,851		297,354,539		886,782,390		2036
	394,426,269		217,507,261		599,437,267		269,419,449		868,856,716		2037
	412,997,150		197,611,961		614,082,899		239,554,626		853,637,525		2038
	433,118,031		175,432,944		604,256,469		207,245,206		811,501,675		2039
	342,021,788		154,992,591		492,323,623		177,879,660		670,203,283		2040
	302,022,668		139,064,466		383,827,668		154,339,079		538,166,747		2041
	225,326,425		127,614,936		311,211,425		138,785,455		449,996,880		2042
	235,958,057		118,408,234		282,233,057		125,688,559		407,921,616		2043
	237,886,736		108,971,781		286,501,736		113,906,856		400,408,592		2044
	181,592,124		99,823,938		189,312,124		102,783,888		292,096,012		2045
	190,425,389		90,758,977		198,530,389		93,323,302		291,853,691		2046
	156,854,404		82,321,821		165,364,404		84,470,771		249,835,175		2047
	164,583,420		74,512,781		173,518,420		76,270,281		249,788,701		2048
	485,640,311		59,524,154		494,935,311		60,917,054		555,852,365		2049
	174,230,078		44,454,642		183,895,078		45,468,342		229,363,420		2050
	182,547,720		36,075,636		192,602,720		36,694,936		229,297,656		2051
	191,278,238		27,293,753		201,733,238		27,502,853		229,236,091		2052
	97,295,000		20,543,109		97,295,000		20,543,109		117,838,109		2053
_	400,000,000	_	9,144,000	_	400,000,000		9,144,000	_	409,144,000		2054
\$ 1	11,238,386,475	\$	8,097,176,264	\$	15,600,294,988	\$ 1	0,506,381,654	\$	26,106,676,642		

Table 25 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS LONG-TERM DEBT December 31, 2020

Long-term debt is comprised of the following issues at December 31, 2020 (dollars in thousands):				tstanding at
		Original	De	cember 31,
Consuel Lorentown Dobt		Principal		2020
General Long-term Debt: General Obligation Debt:				
General Obligation Debt. General Obligation Bonds (1):				
* Emergency Telephone System Refunding Series 1999 - 4.5% to 5.5%	\$	213,110	\$	30,335
City Colleges of Chicago Capital Improvement Project Series 1999 - 6.0%	Ψ	308,964	Ψ	94,865
Project Series 2000 A - 4.85% to 6.75%		254,293		7,403
Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program Series 2002 B - 5.0% to 5.5%		176,200		145,000
Project and Refunding Series 2003 B - 5.0% to 5.5%		170,090		100,155
Project and Refunding Series 2005 D - 5.5%		174,005		174,005
Direct Access Bonds, Series 2005 - 2.85% to 4.5%		114,695		-
Project and Refunding Series 2006 A - 3.5% to 5.0%		582,435		-
Project and Refunding Series 2007 A and B - 3.75% to 5.462%		589,590		2,245
City Colleges of Chicago Capital Improvement Project Series 2007 - 4.0% to 5.0%		39,110		-
Project and Refunding Series 2007 C and D - 4.0% to 5.44%		330,890		5,390
Project and Refunding Series 2007 E through G - 5.5%		153,700		153,700
Project and Refunding Series 2008 B - 3.742% to 5.765%		122,755		73,930
Project and Refunding Series 2008 C through E - 1.0% to 6.05%		611,017		96,367
Project and Refunding Series 2009 A through D - 4.0% to 6.257%		793,275		368,885
Project Series 2010 B - 7.517%		213,555		213,555
Project Series 2010 C-1 - 7.781%		299,340		287,940
Project Series 2011 A and B - 4.625% to 6.034%		416,345		399,500
Project Series 2012 A through C - 4.0% to 5.432%		594,850		453,195
Project and Refunding Series 2014 A and B - 4.0% to 6.314%		883,420		753,555
General Obligation Series 2015 A and B - 5.0% to 7.75%		1,088,390		601,063
Refunding Series 2015C - 5.0%		500,000		381,655
Project and Refunding Series 2017 A and B - 5.625% to 7.045%		1,160,260		1,089,400
General Obligation Series 2019 A - 5.0% to 5.5%		721,980		721,980
Refunding Series 2020 A-1 - 5.0%		449,635		449,635
Total General Obligation Bonds		10,961,904		6,603,758
General Obligation Certificates and Other Obligations (1):				
* Modern Schools Across Chicago Program - Series 2007 G and K - 3.7% to 5.0%	\$	46,620	\$	_
* Modern Schools Across Chicago Program - Series 2010 A and B - 3.0% to 5.364%	,	150,115	*	44,220
* Modern Schools Current Refunding - Series 2020 A-2 and A-3 - 3.0% to 5.0%		16,860		12,815
Total General Obligation Certificates and Other Obligations		213,595		57,035
	*		.	404.07
Unamortized Premium (2)	\$	-	\$	121,967
Accretion of Capital Appreciation Bonds (1) (2)		- 11 175 100		310,316
Total General Obligation Bonds, Certificates and Other Obligations		11,175,499		7,093,076

^{*} Secured by alternate revenues.

General Long-term Debt - Concluded:		Original Principal		utstanding at ecember 31, 2020
Other General Obligation Debt:				
G. O. Promissory Notes: ** MRL Financing LLC Promissory Note - 3.55%	¢	72,800	\$	46,327
Total G. O. Promissory Notes:	\$	72,800	Ψ	46,327
		12,000		40,327
Line of Credit: ** Line of Credit - Variable Rate (1.9875% at December 31, 2020)		E00 000		E00 000
Total Line of Credit	_	500,000	_	500,000
Total Lille of Gleat		300,000		300,000
Total Other General Obligation Debt:		572,800		546,327
Total General Obligation Debt		11,748,299		7,639,403
Tax Increment Allocation Bonds and Notes (1):				.,
Pilsen Redevelopment Project - Series 2014 A - 5.0%		17,345		12,060
Total Tax Increment Allocation Bonds and Notes	_	17,345		12,060
Unamortized Premium (2)	_	17/010	_	142
Total Tax Increment Allocation Long-term Bonds and Notes	_	17,345	_	12,202
		17,545		12,202
Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds (1): Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2008 A - 4.0% to 5.0%		62,900		
Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2008 A - 4.0% to 5.0%		105,895		- 77,935
Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2013 - 2.0% to 5.0%		96,739		96,130
Total Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds		265,534		174,065
		200,004		
Unamortized Premium (2)		265,534		4,535 178,600
Total Motor Fuel Tax Long-term Revenue Bonds		200,034		170,000
Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds (1):		740 705		707 505
Series 2017 A through C - 2.596% to 5.0%		743,735		737,585
Series 2018 A and B - 3.82% to 5.0%		680,280		680,280
Series 2018 C - 5.0% to 5.5%		612,420		612,420
Series 2019 A - 4.637% to 4.787%		605,430		605,430
Series 2020 A and B 2nd Lien - 2.128% to 5.0%		1,016,915 3,658,780		1,016,915 3,652,630
Total Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds	_	3,008,780		
Unamortized Premium (2)		- 0 (50 700		215,980
Total Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Long-term Bonds	_	3,658,780	_	3,868,610
Total General Long-term Debt	\$	15,689,958	\$	11,698,815
* Secured by alternate revenues.				
** General Obligation Certificates and other obligations without property tax levy.				
Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds:				
Water Revenue Bonds:				
Series 2000 - 2nd Lien - 5.0%	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Series 2001 - 2nd Lien 3.0% to 5.75%		81,500		80,500
Series 2004 - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 5.0%		344,575		251,615
Series 2008 - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.25%		549,915		59,820
Series 2010 - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 6.742%		313,580		300,355
Series 2012 - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.0%		399,445		357,310
Series 2014 - 2nd Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%		367,925		330,140

Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds - Continued Water Revenue Bonds - Concluded: Series 2010 - 2 of Lien - 40% to 5.0%		Original Principal	Dec	standing at ember 31, 2020
Series 2016 - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.0% \$ 59,595 \$	Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds - Continued			
Series 2016 - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.0% \$ 59,595 Series 2017 - 2 rad Lien - 5.0% to 5.25% 179,355 Series 2017 - 2 rad Lien - 5.0% to 5.25% 202,670 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.905% 3.005 469 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 6,000 3,484 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 6,000 3,484 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 1,528 974 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 1,528 974 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 1,502 967 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 6,092 3,922 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93% 39,422 29,207 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93% 15,500 11,142 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93% 15,000 11,142 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995% 44,664 39,203 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995% 44,668 39,203 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86 % 81,147 <td>·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	·			
Series 2017 - 2 - 2nd Llen - 5.0% to 5.26% 235,260 202,670 Series 2017 - 2 - 2nd Llen - 5.0% 235,260 202,670 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.905% 3,605 469 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 6,000 3,484 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.00% 9,077 5,015 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 1,528 974 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 1,529 967 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 6,092 3,922 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 6,092 3,922 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1,93% 39,422 29,207 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1,93% 47,000 35,944 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1,93% 47,000 35,944 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1,95% 15,058 11,734 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1,95% 46,68 39,203 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1,95% 44,68 39,203 I		\$ 59,595	\$	59,595
Series 2017 - 2 - 2nd Lien - 5.0%		•		
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.97%	Series 2017 - 2 - 2nd Lien - 5.0%			202,670
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.905%			
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 5.015	<u> </u>	2,643		817
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 1,528 974		6,000		3,484
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25% 1.528 974	ŭ j	9,077		5,015
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	ŭ j	1,528		974
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.99%	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	1,502		967
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.99%	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	6,092		3,922
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%		6,542		4,734
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	39,422		29,207
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995% 15,058 11,734 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.21% 62,179 51,671 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995% 44,668 39,203 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86 % 19,584 16,316 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86 % 81,147 72,306 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86 % 40,782 36,471 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86 % 22,491 20,050 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86 % 28,761 26,898 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86 % 28,761 26,898 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.76% 5,460 5,230 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.76% 106,077 101,036 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.76% 11,420 10,939 Total Water Revenue Bonds 3,227,188 2,408,774 Unamortized Premium (2) - 1 14,935 148,935 Total Water Long-term Revenue Bonds 3,227,188 2,557,709 Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds: Series of 2004 F and G - 3rd Lien - 5.3% to 5.35% 29,360 10,680 Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845% 992,625 328,000 Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845% 992,625 328,000 Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0% 716,075 21,925 Refunding Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.65% to 5.0% 327,000 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,117,250 1,105,880 1,058,880 1,058,880 1,058,880 1,058,880 1,058,880 1,058,880 1,058,880 1,058,880 1,058,880 1,058,880 1,058,880 1,058,	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	15,000		11,142
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995%	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	47,000		35,944
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995%	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995%	15,058		11,734
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.86 %	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.21%	62,179		51,671
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.86 %	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995%	44,668		39,203
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.86 % 40,782 36,471 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.64 % 22,491 20,050 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86 % 28,761 26,898 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.64 % 5,460 5,230 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.76 % 106,077 101,036 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.76 % 11,420 10,939 Total Water Revenue Bonds 3,227,188 2,408,774 Unamortized Premium (2) 148,935	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.86 %	19,584		16,316
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.64 %	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.86 %	81,147		72,306
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86 %	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.86 %	40,782		36,471
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.64 %	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.64 %	22,491		20,050
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.76% 106,077 101,036 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.76% 11,420 10,939 Total Water Revenue Bonds 3,227,188 2,408,774 Unamortized Premium (2) - 148,935 Total Water Long-term Revenue Bonds 3,227,188 2,557,709 Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds: Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds Series of 2004 F and G - 3rd Lien - 5.3% to 5.35% 29,360 10,680 Series of 2005 C and D - 3rd Lien - Variable Rate (1.69% and 1.70% at Dec. 31, 2020) 300,000 - Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845% 992,625 328,000 Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0% 716,075 21,925 Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0% 722,495 - Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to		28,761		26,898
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.76% 11,420 10,939 Total Water Revenue Bonds 3,227,188 2,408,774 Unamortized Premium (2) - 148,935 Total Water Long-term Revenue Bonds 3,227,188 2,557,709 Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds: Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds: Series of 2004 F and G - 3rd Lien - 5.3% to 5.35% 29,360 10,680 Series of 2005 C and D - 3rd Lien - Variable Rate (1.69% and 1.70% at Dec. 31, 2020) 300,000 - Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845% 992,625 328,000 Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0% 716,075 21,925 Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0% 722,495 - Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				
Total Water Revenue Bonds 3,227,188 2,408,774 Unamortized Premium (2) - 148,935 Total Water Long-term Revenue Bonds 3,227,188 2,557,709 Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds: - 29,360 10,680 Series of 2004 F and G - 3rd Lien - 5.3% to 5.35% 29,360 10,680 Series of 2005 C and D - 3rd Lien - Variable Rate (1.69% and 1.70% at Dec. 31, 2020) 300,000 - Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845% 992,625 328,000 Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0% 716,075 21,925 Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0% 722,495 - Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25%	ŭ j	•		
Unamortized Premium (2) - 148,935 Total Water Long-term Revenue Bonds 3,227,188 2,557,709 Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds: Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds: Series of 2004 F and G - 3rd Lien - 5.3% to 5.35% 29,360 10,680 Series of 2005 C and D - 3rd Lien - Variable Rate (1.69% and 1.70% at Dec. 31, 2020) 300,000 - Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845% 992,625 328,000 Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0% 716,075 21,925 Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0% 722,495 - Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25%<	· ,			
Total Water Long-term Revenue Bonds 3,227,188 2,557,709 Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds: Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds: 29,360 10,680 Series of 2004 F and G - 3rd Lien - 5.3% to 5.35% 29,360 10,680 Series of 2005 C and D - 3rd Lien - Variable Rate (1.69% and 1.70% at Dec. 31, 2020) 300,000 - Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845% 992,625 328,000 Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0% 716,075 21,925 Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0% 722,495 - Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25% 1,117,250 1,105,880	Total Water Revenue Bonds	3,227,188		2,408,774
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds: Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds: Series of 2004 F and G - 3rd Lien - 5.3% to 5.35%	Unamortized Premium (2)	-		148,935
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds: Series of 2004 F and G - 3rd Lien - 5.3% to 5.35% 29,360 10,680 Series of 2005 C and D - 3rd Lien - Variable Rate (1.69% and 1.70% at Dec. 31, 2020) 300,000 - Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845% 992,625 328,000 Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0% 716,075 21,925 Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0% 722,495 - Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25% 1,117,250 1,105,880	Total Water Long-term Revenue Bonds	3,227,188		2,557,709
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds: Series of 2004 F and G - 3rd Lien - 5.3% to 5.35% 29,360 10,680 Series of 2005 C and D - 3rd Lien - Variable Rate (1.69% and 1.70% at Dec. 31, 2020) 300,000 - Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845% 992,625 328,000 Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0% 716,075 21,925 Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0% 722,495 - Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25% 1,117,250 1,105,880	Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds			
Series of 2004 F and G - 3rd Lien - 5.3% to 5.35%29,36010,680Series of 2005 C and D - 3rd Lien - Variable Rate (1.69% and 1.70% at Dec. 31, 2020)300,000-Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845%992,625328,000Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0%716,07521,925Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0%722,495-Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25%501,785282,575Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5%396,120364,720Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0%1,620,1801,436,710Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0%327,200324,380Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%1,014,335789,105Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25%1,117,2501,105,880				
Series of 2005 C and D - 3rd Lien - Variable Rate (1.69% and 1.70% at Dec. 31, 2020) 300,000 - Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845% 992,625 328,000 Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0% 716,075 21,925 Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0% 722,495 - Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25% 1,117,250 1,105,880	· ·	29 360		10 680
Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845% 992,625 328,000 Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0% 716,075 21,925 Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0% 722,495 - Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25% 1,117,250 1,105,880				-
Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0% 716,075 21,925 Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0% 722,495 - Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25% 1,117,250 1,105,880				328 000
Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0% 722,495 - Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25% 501,785 282,575 Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25% 1,117,250 1,105,880	<u>u</u>			
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Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5% 396,120 364,720 Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25% 1,117,250 1,105,880	<u> </u>			282 575
Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0% 1,620,180 1,436,710 Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25% 1,117,250 1,105,880				
Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0% 327,200 324,380 Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25% 1,117,250 1,105,880				
Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0% 1,014,335 789,105 Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25% 1,117,250 1,105,880				
Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25%		•		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Refunding Series of 2017 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.125% to 5.0%			

		Original Principal		tstanding at cember 31, 2020
Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds - Continued:				
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds Concluded:	Φ.	070.075	Φ.	070.075
Series of 2017 D - Senior Lien - 5.0%	\$	278,075	\$	278,075
Refunding Series of 2018 A - Senior Lien - 4.0% to 5.0%		600,785 1,412,095		595,715 1,412,095
Refunding Series of 2020 A through E - Senior Lien959% to 5.0%		1,412,093		1,412,095
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds		11,781,915		8,702,045
·		11,701,710		
Unamortized Premium (2)		- 11 701 015		600,709
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Long-term Revenue Bonds	_	11,781,915		9,302,754
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Revenue Bonds:				
Series of 2013 A - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.75%		248,750		233,860
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Revenue Bonds		248,750		233,860
Unamortized Premium (2)		-		1,131
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport				
Customer Facility Charge Long-term Revenue Bonds		248,750		234,991
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Passenger Facility Charge Revenue Bonds:				
Refunding Series of 2010 A through D - 2.0% to 6.395%		137,665		44,265
Refunding Series of 2011 A and B - 5.0% to 6.0%		46,005		4,690
Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - 2.5% to 5.0%		452,095		345,950
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Passenger Facility Charge Revenue Bonds		635,765		394,905
Unamortized Premium (2)		_		18,749
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport				
Passenger Facility Charge Long-term Revenue Bonds		635,765		413,654
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport TIFIA Loan:				
TIFIA Loan - 3.86%		278,756		278,756
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport TIFIA Loan		278,756		278,756
Chicago Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds: Series 1998 C - 5.25% to 5.5%		54,210		15,900
Series 2004 C and D - 2nd Lien - 4.174% to 4.274%		152,150		112,625
Refunding Series 2013 A through C - 2nd Lien74% to 5.5%		333,960		259,090
Series 2014 A through B - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.0%		771,810		761,760
Refunding Series 2014C - Variable Rate (.12% at December 31, 2020)		124,710		124,710
Series 2016 A through B - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 5.0%		342,395		315,495
Refunding Series 2018 A - 2nd Lien - 2.937% to 3.897%		45,670		39,240
Commercial Paper Notes - Variable Rate (.19% at December 31, 2020)		20,000		20,000
Total Chicago Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds		1,844,905		1,648,820
Unamortized Premium (2)		_		88,567
Total Chicago Midway International Airport Long-term Revenue Bonds		1,844,905		1,737,387
		1 11	-	, - 1

	Original Principal	utstanding at ecember 31, 2020
Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds - Concluded:	_	<u>.</u>
Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds:		
Refunding Series 1998 A Sr Lien - 4.55% to 5.0%	\$ 62,423	\$ 31,792
Series 2001 - Refunding - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.5%	73,100	37,755
Series 2008 A - 2nd Lien - 3.5% to 5.5%	167,635	-
Series 2008 C1 through C3 - 2nd Lien - 3.886%	332,230	271,630
Series 2010 A and B - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 6.9%	275,865	250,000
Series 2012 - 2nd Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%	276,470	238,590
Series 2014 - 2nd Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%	292,405	266,455
Series 2015 - 2nd Lien - 2.591% to 6.042%	87,080	80,060
Series 2017 A - 2nd Lien - 4.00% to 5.25%	180,590	178,335
Series 2017 B Refunding - 2nd Lien - 5.00%	215,485	195,340
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.5%	1,546	630
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 0.00%	15,000	8,033
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	17,564	11,744
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	17,812	11,468
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.295%	15,000	11,192
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	54,170	43,446
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995%	56,198	46,489
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86%	4,291	3,648
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86%	63,808	57,191
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.75%	6,703	5,975
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.75%	27,370	25,215
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.76%	17,684	16,694
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.76%	59,960	57,166
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.76%	26,084	25,573
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.84%	48,932	48,932
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.84%	29,781	29,781
Total Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds	2,425,186	1,953,134
Unamortized Premium (2)	-	89,361
Accretion of Capital Appreciation Bonds (2)	-	73,356
Total Wastewater Transmission Long-term Revenue Bonds	2,425,186	 2,115,851
Total Proprietary Fund Long-term Revenue Bonds	\$ 20,442,465	\$ 16,641,102

- (1) The balance outstanding at December 31, 2020 listed above for each bond series excluded amounts payable January 1, 2021, if applicable.
- (2) Beginning in 2019, the City will include applicable Unamortized Premiums/Discounts and Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest.

Table 26
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
POPULATION AND INCOME STATISTICS
Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	Median Age (2)	Number of Households (2)	City Employment	Unemployment Rate (3)	Per Capita Income (4)	Total Income
2011	2,695,598	33.2	1,048,222	1,120,402	9.3	\$ 45,977	\$ 123,935,509,246
2012	2,695,598	33.2	1,054,488	1,144,896	8.9	48,305	130,210,861,390
2013	2,695,598	33.5	1,062,029	1,153,725	8.3	49,071	132,275,689,458
2014	2,695,598	33.9	1,031,672	1,264,234	5.7	50,690	136,639,862,620
2015	2,695,598	34.2	1,053,229	1,273,727	5.7	53,886	145,254,993,828
2016	2,695,598	34.4	1,053,986	1,282,117	5.4	55,621	149,931,856,358
2017	2,695,598	34.6	1,047,695	1,289,325	4.7	58,315	157,193,797,370
2018	2,695,598	34.9	1,077,886	1,288,755	4.0	61,089	164,671,386,222
2019	2,695,598	35.2	1,080,345	1,286,484	3.2	65,306	176,038,722,988
2020	2,695,598	N/A (5)	N/A (5)	1,165,441	8.2	N/A (5)	N/A (5)

- (1) Source: U.S. Census Bureau.
- (2) Source: U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey data estimates. Data not available for 2020.
- (3) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics 2020, Unemployment rate for Chicago-Naperville-Illinois Metropolitan Area.
- (4) Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Per Capita Personal Income for Chicago-Naperville-Illinois Metropolitan Area.
- (5) N/A means not available at time of publication.

Table 27
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (NON-GOVERNMENT)
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2020	(1)	2011 (3)			
			Percentage			Percentage	
	Number		of	Number		of	
	of		Total City	of		Total City	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment (2)	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Advocate Aurora Health	26,335	1	2.26 %				
Northwestern Memorial Healthcare	21,999	2	1.89				
University of Chicago	18,732	3	1.61				
Walmart Inc	16,711	4	1.43				
Amazon.Com Inc	16,610	5	1.43				
Amita Health	14,282	6	1.23				
JPMorgan Chase & Co. (5)	13,750	7	1.18	7,993	1	0.77 %	
Walgreens Boots Alliance Inc	13,377	8	1.15	4,429	7	0.43	
United Continental Holdings Inc. (4)	11,059	9	0.95	6,366	2	0.62	
Jewel-Osco (6)	10,754	10	0.92	4,799	5	0.46	
Northern Trust				5,485	3	0.53	
Accenture LLP				5,014	4	0.48	
Bank of America NT & SA (7)				4,557	6	0.44	
CVS Corporation				4,159	8	0.40	
ABM Janitorial Midwest, INC				3,629	9	0.35	
Ford Motor Company				3,410	10	0.33	

- (1) Source: Reprinted with permission from the February 22, 2021 issue of Crain's Chicago Business. © 2021 Crain Communications Inc. All Rights Reserved.
- (2) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics data used in calculation of Total City Employment.
- (3) Source: City of Chicago, Department of Revenue, Employer's Expense Tax Returns.

 Prior to 2014, the source for information was the City of Chicago, Bureau of Revenue-Tax Division report, which is no longer available.
- (4) United Continental Holdings Inc. formerly known as United Airlines.
- (5) JP Morgan & Co. formerly known as J.P. Morgan Chase.
- (6) Jewel-Osco formerly known as Jewel Food Stores, Inc.
- (7) Bank of America NT & SA formerly known as Bank of America NT.

Table 28
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
FULL TIME EQUIVALENT CITY OF CHICAGO EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION
Last Ten Years (1)

Budgeted Full Time Equivalent Positions

Function	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 (2)	2013 (2)	2012 (2)	2011
General Government	3,742	3,767	3,768	3,733	3,674	3,764	3,760	3,725	3,857	4,363
Public Safety	22,957	23,060	22,804	22,354	21,458	21,182	21,138	21,067	21,040	22,716
Streets and Sanitation	2,229	2,255	2,278	2,298	2,328	2,341	2,341	2,351	2,302	2,576
Transportation	1,344	1,368	1,374	1,362	1,321	1,297	1,171	932	929	980
Health	618	588	602	606	613	656	713	738	904	991
Cultural and Recreational	1,473	1,354	1,292	1,255	1,261	1,253	1,244	1,214	1,153	1,207
Business-type Activities	4,253	4,185	4,113	4,047	3,672	3,636	3,679	3,528	3,559	3,615
Total	36,616	36,577	36,231	35,655	34,327	34,129	34,046	33,555	33,744	36,448

⁽¹⁾ Source: City of Chicago 2020 Budget Overview.
Includes full time equivalent positions in grant related programs.

⁽²⁾ Per Office of Budget Management restated figures.

Table 29
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT
Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Police Physical Arrests	52,326	89,487	84,718	82,663	85,493	112,996	129,166	143,618	145,390	152,740
Fire Emergency Responses (1)	592,814	711,567	706,245	709,664	713,492	685,525	685,588	675,570	472,752	343,749
Refuse Collection Refuse Collected (Tons per Day)	3,775	3,208	3,299	3,632	3,561	3,403	3,265	3,562	3,763	3,983
Cultural Volumes in Library (2)	11,368	11,388	11,659	11,472	11,823	11,469	11,527	11,452	5,691	5,790
Water Average Daily Consumption (Thousands of Gallons)	640,509	661,257	684,506	680,468	701,148	719,467	752,362	756,486	793,274	770,925

Sources: Various City of Chicago Agencies

Notes: (1) In 2013, Office of Emergency Management and Communications implemented new system accounting for Administrative calls.

Table 30
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION
Last Ten Years

Function	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Police Stations	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26
Fire Stations	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
Other Public Works: Streets (Miles) Streetlights Traffic Signals	4,023 337,252 2,835	4,023 337,145 2,834	4,116 331,797 3,045	4,116 330,097 3,043	4,116 328,683 3,042	4,116 327,613 3,037	4,116 327,613 3,035	4,116 327,613 3,035	4,116 279,668 3,035	4,091 278,788 2,960
Water Mains (Miles)	4,258	4,258	4,264	4,281	4,295	4,311	4,322	4,321	4,349	4,360
Sewers Mains (Miles)	4,500	4,500	4,491	4,462	4,452	4,428	4,428	4,428	4,450	4,400

Sources: Various City of Chicago Agencies

⁽²⁾ Beginning in 2013, Chicago Public Library utilizes new process to identify library holdings. Figures in thousands.

Table 31
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
INTEREST RATE SWAP COUNTERPARTY ENTITIES
December 31, 2020
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Associated Bond Issue	Cui	rrent Notional Amounts	Counterparty Credit Rating Fitch's/S&P	Counterparty Entity	City ATE Level (1)
Chicago Midway Airport Revenue Bonds (Series 2004C&D)	\$	67,575 45,050	A+/A+ AA-/A+	Goldman Sachs Wells Fargo	BBB/BBB BBB-/BBB-
Total	\$	112,625			

Source: Survey of Derivative Instruments.

Notes

⁽¹⁾ A counterparty may terminate its related interest rate swap if the City rating for the respective credit falls below the rating listed in the column City ATE Level by Fitch's or Standard and Poor's.

Bond Liquidity, Letters of Credit and Direct Purchase Facilities

						Rati	lds (1)	
Issue	Series	Principal tstanding	Expiration or Termination	Bond Maturity Date	Bank	Fitch	Moody's	S&P
Midway 2nd Lien	2004 C-1	\$ 46,630	11/25/2024	01/01/2035	Bank of Montreal	BBB-	N/A	BBB-
Midway 2nd Lien	2004 C-2	\$ 54,895	11/25/2024	01/01/2035	Bank of Montreal	BBB-	N/A	BBB-
Midway 2nd Lien	2004 D	\$ 11,100	11/25/2024	01/01/2035	Bank of Montreal	BBB-	N/A	BBB-
Midway 2nd Lien	2014 C	\$ 124,710	07/15/2022	01/01/2035	Barclavs	(2)	(2)	(2)

Commercial Paper (CP) Letters of Credit and Lines of Credit Providers

							Ra	Ratings Thresholds (1)				
Issue	Series	orrowing authority	Ou	Amount tstanding c. 31, 2020)	Expiration or Termination	Bank	Fitch	Moody's	S&P	Kroll		
G. O. Line of Credit	2015 (4)	\$ 100,000	\$	-	05/31/2022	JPMorgan	BBB- (3)	N/A	BBB- (3)	BBB- (3)		
Midway CP	2003A-D	\$ 60,000	\$	20,000	07/08/2022	JPMorgan	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-	N/A		
G. O. Line of Credit	2020 (5)	\$ 500,000	\$	500,000	06/30/2022	JPMorgan	BBB- (3)	N/A	BBB- (3)	BBB- (3)		

Notes:

- (1) An underlying rating by any rating agency for the related debt (or lowest rated lien of the related credit) below what is shown in the chart in the "Ratings Threshold" column would constitute an event of default under the agreements with the related banks.
- (2)The agreement with Barclays provides that it is an event of default if (A) any two Rating Agencies then rating the Debt of the City payable from or secured by Pledged Revenues which is senior to or on parity with the Bonds shall have downgraded their rating on such Debt to or below "Baa2" (or its equivalent) or "BBB" (or its equivalent), respectively, or (B) any Rating Agency shall have downgraded its rating of any Debt of the City payable from or secured by the Pledged Revenues which is senior to or on a parity with the Bonds to below "Baa3" (or its equivalent) or "BBB-" (or its equivalent), respectively, or suspended or withdrawn its rating of the same and such downgrade, suspension or withdrawal shall remain for a period of 180 days.
- (3) An underlying rating by two of the three rating agencies, S&P, Fitch or Kroll, would constitute an event of default under the agreements with the banks.
- (4) June 2019 GO Line brought down to \$100 million.
- (5) New line established for one year used set to reduce line amount of loan as principal is paid down. The City has the ability to extend the line from December 29, 2021 to June 30, 2022.